

Appendix A

Cultural Heritage and Archaeological Checklists, Reports

DRAFT

The **purpose of the checklist** is to determine:

- if a property(ies) or project area may contain archaeological resources i.e., have archaeological potential
- it includes all areas that may be impacted by project activities, including – but not limited to:
 - the main project area
 - temporary storage
 - staging and working areas
 - temporary roads and detours

Processes covered under this checklist, such as:

- *Planning Act*
- *Environmental Assessment Act*
- *Aggregates Resources Act*
- *Ontario Heritage Act* – Standards and Guidelines for Conservation of Provincial Heritage Properties

Archaeological assessment

If you are not sure how to answer one or more of the questions on the checklist, you may want to hire a licensed consultant archaeologist (see page 4 for definitions) to undertake an archaeological assessment.

The assessment will help you:

- identify, evaluate and protect archaeological resources on your property or project area
- reduce potential delays and risks to your project

Note: By law, archaeological assessments **must** be done by a licensed consultant archaeologist. Only a licensed archaeologist can assess – or alter – an archaeological site.

What to do if you:

- **find an archaeological resource**

If you find something you think may be of archaeological value during project work, you must – by law – stop all activities immediately and contact a licensed consultant archaeologist

The archaeologist will carry out the fieldwork in compliance with the *Ontario Heritage Act* [s.48(1)].

- **unearth a burial site**

If you find a burial site containing human remains, you must immediately notify the appropriate authorities (i.e., police, coroner's office, and/or Registrar of Cemeteries) and comply with the *Funeral, Burial and Cremation Services Act*.

Other checklists

Please use a separate checklist for your project, if:

- you are seeking a Renewable Energy Approval under Ontario Regulation 359/09 – [separate checklist](#)
- your Parent Class EA document has an approved screening criteria (as referenced in Question 1)

Please refer to the Instructions pages when completing this form.

Project or Property Name

Municipal Class Environmental Assessment for Expansion of the Tiverton Water Supply System

Project or Property Location (upper and lower or single tier municipality)

3194 Bruce Road 15, Municipality of Kincardine

Proponent Name

Municipality of Kincardine

Proponent Contact Information

Adam Weishar - Director of Infrastructure and Development aweishar@kincardine.ca

Screening Questions

	Yes	No
1. Is there a pre-approved screening checklist, methodology or process in place?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

If Yes, please follow the pre-approved screening checklist, methodology or process.

If No, continue to Question 2.

	Yes	No
2. Has an archaeological assessment been prepared for the property (or project area) and been accepted by MTCS?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

If Yes, do **not** complete the rest of the checklist. You are expected to follow the recommendations in the archaeological assessment report(s).

The proponent, property owner and/or approval authority will:

- summarize the previous assessment
- add this checklist to the project file, with the appropriate documents that demonstrate an archaeological assessment was undertaken e.g., MTCS letter stating acceptance of archaeological assessment report

The summary and appropriate documentation may be:

- submitted as part of a report requirement e.g., environmental assessment document
- maintained by the property owner, proponent or approval authority

If No, continue to Question 3.

	Yes	No
3. Are there known archaeological sites on or within 300 metres of the property (or the project area)?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

	Yes	No
4. Is there Aboriginal or local knowledge of archaeological sites on or within 300 metres of the property (or project area)?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

	Yes	No
5. Is there Aboriginal knowledge or historically documented evidence of past Aboriginal use on or within 300 metres of the property (or project area)?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

	Yes	No
6. Is there a known burial site or cemetery on the property or adjacent to the property (or project area)?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

	Yes	No
7. Has the property (or project area) been recognized for its cultural heritage value?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

If Yes to any of the above questions (3 to 7), do **not** complete the checklist. Instead, you need to hire a licensed consultant archaeologist to undertake an archaeological assessment of your property or project area.

If No, continue to question 8.

	Yes	No
8. Has the entire property (or project area) been subjected to recent, extensive and intensive disturbance?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

If Yes to the preceding question, do **not** complete the checklist. Instead, please keep and maintain a summary of documentation that provides evidence of the recent disturbance.

An archaeological assessment is not required.

If No, continue to question 9.

9. Are there present or past water sources within 300 metres of the property (or project area)? Yes No

If Yes, an archaeological assessment is required.

If No, continue to question 10.

10. Is there evidence of two or more of the following on the property (or project area)? Yes No

- elevated topography
- pockets of well-drained sandy soil
- distinctive land formations
- resource extraction areas
- early historic settlement
- early historic transportation routes

If Yes, an archaeological assessment is required.

If No, there is low potential for archaeological resources at the property (or project area).

The proponent, property owner and/or approval authority will:

- summarize the conclusion
- add this checklist with the appropriate documentation to the project file

The summary and appropriate documentation may be:

- submitted as part of a report requirement e.g., under the *Environmental Assessment Act, Planning Act* processes
- maintained by the property owner, proponent or approval authority

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Instructions

Please have the following available, when requesting information related to the screening questions below:

- a clear map showing the location and boundary of the property or project area
 - large scale and small scale showing nearby township names for context purposes
- the municipal addresses of all properties within the project area
- the lot(s), concession(s), and parcel number(s) of all properties within a project area

In this context, the following definitions apply:

- **consultant archaeologist** means, as defined in Ontario regulation as an archaeologist who enters into an agreement with a client to carry out or supervise archaeological fieldwork on behalf of the client, produce reports for or on behalf of the client and provide technical advice to the client. In Ontario, these people also are required to hold a valid professional archaeological licence issued by the Ministry of Tourism, Culture and Sport.
- **proponent** means a person, agency, group or organization that carries out or proposes to carry out an undertaking or is the owner or person having charge, management or control of an undertaking.

1. Is there a pre-approved screening checklist, methodology or process in place?

An existing checklist, methodology or process may be already in place for identifying archaeological potential, including:

- one prepared and adopted by the municipality e.g., archaeological management plan
- an environmental assessment process e.g., screening checklist for municipal bridges
- one that is approved by the Ministry of Tourism, Culture and Sport under the Ontario government's [Standards & Guidelines for Conservation of Provincial Heritage Properties](#) [s. B.2.]

2. Has an archaeological assessment been prepared for the property (or project area) and been accepted by MTCS?

Respond 'yes' to this question, if all of the following are true:

- an archaeological assessment report has been prepared and is in compliance with MTCS requirements
 - a letter has been sent by MTCS to the licensed archaeologist confirming that MTCS has added the report to the Ontario Public Register of Archaeological Reports (Register)
- the report states that there are no concerns regarding impacts to archaeological sites

Otherwise, if an assessment has been completed and deemed compliant by the MTCS, and the ministry recommends further archaeological assessment work, this work will need to be completed.

For more information about archaeological assessments, contact:

- approval authority
- proponent
- consultant archaeologist
- Ministry of Tourism, Culture and Sport at archaeology@ontario.ca

3. Are there known archaeological sites on or within 300 metres of the property (or project area)?

MTCS maintains a database of archaeological sites reported to the ministry.

For more information, contact MTCS Archaeological Data Coordinator at archaeology@ontario.ca.

4. Is there Aboriginal or local knowledge of archaeological sites on or within 300 metres of the property?

Check with:

- Aboriginal communities in your area
- local municipal staff

They may have information about archaeological sites that are not included in MTCS' database.

Other sources of local knowledge may include:

- property owner
- [local heritage organizations and historical societies](#)
- local museums
- [municipal heritage committee](#)
- published local histories

5. Is there Aboriginal knowledge or historically documented evidence of past Aboriginal use on or within 300 metres of the property (or property area)?

Check with:

- Aboriginal communities in your area
- local municipal staff

Other sources of local knowledge may include:

- property owner
- [local heritage organizations and historical societies](#)
- local museums
- [municipal heritage committee](#)
- published local histories

6. Is there a known burial site or cemetery on the property or adjacent to the property (or project area)?

For more information on known cemeteries and/or burial sites, see:

- Cemeteries Regulation Unit, Ontario Ministry of Consumer Services – for [database of registered cemeteries](#)
- Ontario Genealogical Society (OGS) – to [locate records of Ontario cemeteries](#), both currently and no longer in existence; cairns, family plots and burial registers
- Canadian County Atlas Digital Project – to [locate early cemeteries](#)

In this context, 'adjacent' means 'contiguous', or as otherwise defined in a municipal official plan.

7. Has the property (or project area) been recognized for its cultural heritage value?

There is a strong chance there may be archaeological resources on your property (or immediate area) if it has been listed, designated or otherwise identified as being of cultural heritage value by:

- your municipality
- Ontario government
- Canadian government

This includes a property that is:

- designated under *Ontario Heritage Act* (the OHA), including:
 - individual designation (Part IV)
 - part of a heritage conservation district (Part V)
 - an archaeological site (Part VI)
- subject to:
 - an agreement, covenant or easement entered into under the OHA (Parts II or IV)
 - a notice of intention to designate (Part IV)
 - a heritage conservation district study area by-law (Part V) of the OHA
- listed on:
 - a municipal register or inventory of heritage properties
 - Ontario government's list of provincial heritage properties
 - Federal government's list of federal heritage buildings
- part of a:
 - National Historic Site
 - UNESCO World Heritage Site
- designated under:
 - *Heritage Railway Station Protection Act*
 - *Heritage Lighthouse Protection Act*
- subject of a municipal, provincial or federal commemorative or interpretive plaque.

To determine if your property or project area is covered by any of the above, see:

- Part A of the MTCS Criteria for Evaluating Potential for Built Heritage and Cultural Heritage Landscapes

Part VI – Archaeological Sites

Includes five sites designated by the Minister under Regulation 875 of the Revised Regulation of Ontario, 1990 (Archaeological Sites) and 3 marine archaeological sites prescribed under Ontario Regulation 11/06.

For more information, check [Regulation 875](#) and [Ontario Regulation 11/06](#).

8. Has the entire property (or project area) been subjected to recent extensive and intensive ground disturbance?

Recent: after-1960

Extensive: over all or most of the area

Intensive: thorough or complete disturbance

Examples of ground disturbance include:

- quarrying
- major landscaping – involving grading below topsoil
- building footprints and associated construction area
 - where the building has deep foundations or a basement
- infrastructure development such as:
 - sewer lines
 - gas lines
 - underground hydro lines
 - roads
 - any associated trenches, ditches, interchanges. **Note:** this applies only to the excavated part of the right-of-way; the remainder of the right-of-way or corridor may not have been impacted.

A ground disturbance does **not** include:

- agricultural cultivation
- gardening
- landscaping

Site visits

You can typically get this information from a site visit. In that case, please document your visit in the process (e.g., report) with:

- photographs
- maps
- detailed descriptions

If a disturbance isn't clear from a site visit or other research, you need to hire a licensed consultant archaeologist to undertake an archaeological assessment.

9. Are there present or past water bodies within 300 metres of the property (or project area)?

Water bodies are associated with past human occupations and use of the land. About 80-90% of archaeological sites are found within 300 metres of water bodies.

Present

- Water bodies:
 - primary - lakes, rivers, streams, creeks
 - secondary - springs, marshes, swamps and intermittent streams and creeks
- accessible or inaccessible shoreline, for example:
 - high bluffs
 - swamps
 - marsh fields by the edge of a lake
 - sandbars stretching into marsh

Water bodies not included:

- man-made water bodies, for example:
 - temporary channels for surface drainage
 - rock chutes and spillways
 - temporarily ponded areas that are normally farmed
 - dugout ponds
- artificial bodies of water intended for storage, treatment or recirculation of:
 - runoff from farm animal yards
 - manure storage facilities
 - sites and outdoor confinement areas

Past

Features indicating past water bodies:

- raised sand or gravel beach ridges – can indicate glacial lake shorelines
- clear dip in the land – can indicate an old river or stream
- shorelines of drained lakes or marshes
- cobble beaches

You can get information about water bodies through:

- a site visit
- aerial photographs
- 1:10,000 scale [Ontario Base Maps](#) - or [equally detailed and scaled maps](#).

10. Is there evidence of two or more of the following on the property (or project area)?

- elevated topography
- pockets of well-drained sandy soil
- distinctive land formations
- resource extraction areas
- early historic settlement
- early historic transportation routes

• **Elevated topography**

Higher ground and elevated positions - surrounded by low or level topography - often indicate past settlement and land use.

Features such as eskers, drumlins, sizeable knolls, plateaus next to lowlands, or other such features are a strong indication of archaeological potential.

Find out if your property or project area has elevated topography, through:

- site inspection
- aerial photographs
- [topographical maps](#)

• **Pockets of well-drained sandy soil, especially within areas of heavy soil or rocky ground**

Sandy, well-drained soil - in areas characterized by heavy soil or rocky ground - may indicate archaeological potential

Find out if your property or project area has sandy soil through:

- site inspection
- [soil survey reports](#)

- **Distinctive land formations**

Distinctive land formations include – but are not limited to:

- waterfalls
- rock outcrops
- rock faces
- caverns
- mounds, etc.

They were often important to past inhabitants as special or sacred places. The following sites may be present – or close to – these formations:

- burials
- structures
- offerings
- rock paintings or carvings

Find out if your property or project areas has a distinctive land formation through:

- a site visit
- aerial photographs
- 1:10,000 scale [Ontario Base Maps](#) - or [equally detailed and scaled maps](#).

- **Resource extraction areas**

The following resources were collected in these extraction areas:

- food or medicinal plants e.g., migratory routes, spawning areas, prairie
- scarce raw materials e.g., quartz, copper, ochre or outcrops of chert
- resources associated with early historic industry e.g., fur trade, logging, prospecting, mining

Aboriginal communities may hold traditional knowledge about their past use or resources in the area.

- **Early historic settlement**

Early Euro-Canadian settlement include – but are not limited to:

- early military or pioneer settlement e.g., pioneer homesteads, isolated cabins, farmstead complexes
- early wharf or dock complexes
- pioneers churches and early cemeteries

For more information, see below – under the early historic transportation routes.

- **Early historic transportation routes** - such as trails, passes, roads, railways, portage routes, canals.

For more information, see:

- historical maps and/or historical atlases
 - for information on early settlement patterns such as trails (including Aboriginal trails), monuments, structures, fences, mills, historic roads, rail corridors, canals, etc.
 - [Archives of Ontario](#) holds a large collection of historical maps and historical atlases
 - digital versions of historic atlases are available on the [Canadian County Atlas Digital Project](#)
- commemorative markers or plaques such as local, [provincial](#) or [federal](#) agencies
- [municipal heritage committee](#) or other [local heritage organizations](#)
 - for information on early historic settlements or landscape features (e.g., fences, mill races, etc.)
 - for information on commemorative markers or plaques

The **purpose of the checklist** is to determine:

- if a property(ies) or project area:
 - is a recognized heritage property
 - may be of cultural heritage value
- it includes all areas that may be impacted by project activities, including – but not limited to:
 - the main project area
 - temporary storage
 - staging and working areas
 - temporary roads and detours

Processes covered under this checklist, such as:

- *Planning Act*
- *Environmental Assessment Act*
- *Aggregates Resources Act*
- *Ontario Heritage Act* – Standards and Guidelines for Conservation of Provincial Heritage Properties

Cultural Heritage Evaluation Report (CHER)

If you are not sure how to answer one or more of the questions on the checklist, you may want to hire a qualified person(s) (see page 5 for definitions) to undertake a cultural heritage evaluation report (CHER).

The CHER will help you:

- identify, evaluate and protect cultural heritage resources on your property or project area
- reduce potential delays and risks to a project

Other checklists

Please use a separate checklist for your project, if:

- you are seeking a Renewable Energy Approval under Ontario Regulation 359/09 – [separate checklist](#)
- your Parent Class EA document has an approved screening criteria (as referenced in Question 1)

Please refer to the Instructions pages for more detailed information and when completing this form.

Project or Property Name

Municipal Class Environmental Assessment for Expansion of the Tiverton Water Supply System

Project or Property Location (upper and lower or single tier municipality)

3194 Bruce Road 15, Municipality of Kincardine

Proponent Name

Municipality of Kincardine

Proponent Contact Information

Adam Weishar - Director of Infrastructure and Development

Screening Questions

	Yes	No
1. Is there a pre-approved screening checklist, methodology or process in place?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

If Yes, please follow the pre-approved screening checklist, methodology or process.

If No, continue to Question 2.

Part A: Screening for known (or recognized) Cultural Heritage Value

	Yes	No
2. Has the property (or project area) been evaluated before and found not to be of cultural heritage value?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

If Yes, do **not** complete the rest of the checklist.

The proponent, property owner and/or approval authority will:

- summarize the previous evaluation and
- add this checklist to the project file, with the appropriate documents that demonstrate a cultural heritage evaluation was undertaken

The summary and appropriate documentation may be:

- submitted as part of a report requirement
- maintained by the property owner, proponent or approval authority

If No, continue to Question 3.

	Yes	No
3. Is the property (or project area):		
a. identified, designated or otherwise protected under the <i>Ontario Heritage Act</i> as being of cultural heritage value?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
b. a National Historic Site (or part of)?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
c. designated under the <i>Heritage Railway Stations Protection Act</i> ?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
d. designated under the <i>Heritage Lighthouse Protection Act</i> ?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
e. identified as a Federal Heritage Building by the Federal Heritage Buildings Review Office (FHBRO)?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
f. located within a United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO) World Heritage Site?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

If Yes to any of the above questions, you need to hire a qualified person(s) to undertake:

- a Cultural Heritage Evaluation Report, if a Statement of Cultural Heritage Value has not previously been prepared or the statement needs to be updated

If a Statement of Cultural Heritage Value has been prepared previously and if alterations or development are proposed, you need to hire a qualified person(s) to undertake:

- a Heritage Impact Assessment (HIA) – the report will assess and avoid, eliminate or mitigate impacts

If No, continue to Question 4.

Part B: Screening for Potential Cultural Heritage Value

	Yes	No
4. Does the property (or project area) contain a parcel of land that:		
a. is the subject of a municipal, provincial or federal commemorative or interpretive plaque?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
b. has or is adjacent to a known burial site and/or cemetery?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
c. is in a Canadian Heritage River watershed?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
d. contains buildings or structures that are 40 or more years old?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Part C: Other Considerations

	Yes	No
5. Is there local or Aboriginal knowledge or accessible documentation suggesting that the property (or project area):		
a. is considered a landmark in the local community or contains any structures or sites that are important in defining the character of the area?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
b. has a special association with a community, person or historical event?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
c. contains or is part of a cultural heritage landscape?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

If Yes to one or more of the above questions (Part B and C), there is potential for cultural heritage resources on the property or within the project area.

You need to hire a qualified person(s) to undertake:

- a Cultural Heritage Evaluation Report (CHER)

If the property is determined to be of cultural heritage value and alterations or development is proposed, you need to hire a qualified person(s) to undertake:

- a Heritage Impact Assessment (HIA) – the report will assess and avoid, eliminate or mitigate impacts

If No to all of the above questions, there is low potential for built heritage or cultural heritage landscape on the property.

The proponent, property owner and/or approval authority will:

- summarize the conclusion
- add this checklist with the appropriate documentation to the project file

The summary and appropriate documentation may be:

- submitted as part of a report requirement e.g. under the *Environmental Assessment Act*, *Planning Act* processes
- maintained by the property owner, proponent or approval authority

Instructions

Please have the following available, when requesting information related to the screening questions below:

- a clear map showing the location and boundary of the property or project area
 - large scale and small scale showing nearby township names for context purposes
- the municipal addresses of all properties within the project area
- the lot(s), concession(s), and parcel number(s) of all properties within a project area

For more information, see the Ministry of Tourism, Culture and Sport's [Ontario Heritage Toolkit](#) or [Standards and Guidelines for Conservation of Provincial Heritage Properties](#).

In this context, the following definitions apply:

- **qualified person(s)** means individuals – professional engineers, architects, archaeologists, etc. – having relevant, recent experience in the conservation of cultural heritage resources.
- **proponent** means a person, agency, group or organization that carries out or proposes to carry out an undertaking or is the owner or person having charge, management or control of an undertaking.

1. Is there a pre-approved screening checklist, methodology or process in place?

An existing checklist, methodology or process may already be in place for identifying potential cultural heritage resources, including:

- one endorsed by a municipality
- an environmental assessment process e.g. screening checklist for municipal bridges
- one that is approved by the Ministry of Tourism, Culture and Sport (MTCS) under the Ontario government's [Standards & Guidelines for Conservation of Provincial Heritage Properties](#) [s.B.2.]

Part A: Screening for known (or recognized) Cultural Heritage Value

2. Has the property (or project area) been evaluated before and found not to be of cultural heritage value?

Respond 'yes' to this question, if all of the following are true:

A property can be considered not to be of cultural heritage value if:

- a Cultural Heritage Evaluation Report (CHER) - or equivalent - has been prepared for the property with the advice of a qualified person and it has been determined not to be of cultural heritage value and/or
- the municipal heritage committee has evaluated the property for its cultural heritage value or interest and determined that the property is not of cultural heritage value or interest

A property may need to be re-evaluated, if:

- there is evidence that its heritage attributes may have changed
- new information is available
- the existing Statement of Cultural Heritage Value does not provide the information necessary to manage the property
- the evaluation took place after 2005 and did not use the criteria in Regulations 9/06 and 10/06

Note: Ontario government ministries and public bodies [prescribed under Regulation 157/10] may continue to use their existing evaluation processes, until the evaluation process required under section B.2 of the Standards & Guidelines for Conservation of Provincial Heritage Properties has been developed and approved by MTCS.

To determine if your property or project area has been evaluated, contact:

- the approval authority
- the proponent
- the Ministry of Tourism, Culture and Sport

3a. Is the property (or project area) identified, designated or otherwise protected under the *Ontario Heritage Act* as being of cultural heritage value e.g.:

- i. designated under the *Ontario Heritage Act*
 - individual designation (Part IV)
 - part of a heritage conservation district (Part V)

Individual Designation – Part IV

A property that is designated:

- by a municipal by-law as being of cultural heritage value or interest [s.29 of the *Ontario Heritage Act*]
- by order of the Minister of Tourism, Culture and Sport as being of cultural heritage value or interest of provincial significance [s.34.5]. **Note:** To date, no properties have been designated by the Minister.

Heritage Conservation District – Part V

A property or project area that is located within an area designated by a municipal by-law as a heritage conservation district [s. 41 of the *Ontario Heritage Act*].

For more information on Parts IV and V, contact:

- municipal clerk
- [Ontario Heritage Trust](#)
- local land registry office (for a title search)

ii. subject of an agreement, covenant or easement entered into under Parts II or IV of the *Ontario Heritage Act*

An agreement, covenant or easement is usually between the owner of a property and a conservation body or level of government. It is usually registered on title.

The primary purpose of the agreement is to:

- preserve, conserve, and maintain a cultural heritage resource
- prevent its destruction, demolition or loss

For more information, contact:

- [Ontario Heritage Trust](#) - for an agreement, covenant or easement [clause 10 (1) (c) of the *Ontario Heritage Act*]
- municipal clerk – for a property that is the subject of an easement or a covenant [s.37 of the *Ontario Heritage Act*]
- local land registry office (for a title search)

iii. listed on a register of heritage properties maintained by the municipality

Municipal registers are the official lists - or record - of cultural heritage properties identified as being important to the community.

Registers include:

- all properties that are designated under the *Ontario Heritage Act* (Part IV or V)
- properties that have not been formally designated, but have been identified as having cultural heritage value or interest to the community

For more information, contact:

- municipal clerk
- municipal heritage planning staff
- municipal heritage committee

iv. subject to a notice of:

- intention to designate (under Part IV of the *Ontario Heritage Act*)
- a Heritage Conservation District study area bylaw (under Part V of the *Ontario Heritage Act*)

A property that is subject to a **notice of intention to designate** as a property of cultural heritage value or interest and the notice is in accordance with:

- section 29 of the *Ontario Heritage Act*
- section 34.6 of the *Ontario Heritage Act*. **Note:** To date, the only applicable property is Meldrum Bay Inn, Manitoulin Island. [s.34.6]

An area designated by a municipal by-law made under section 40.1 of the *Ontario Heritage Act* as a **heritage conservation district study area**.

For more information, contact:

- municipal clerk – for a property that is the subject of notice of intention [s. 29 and s. 40.1]
- [Ontario Heritage Trust](#)

v. included in the Ministry of Tourism, Culture and Sport's list of provincial heritage properties

Provincial heritage properties are properties the Government of Ontario owns or controls that have cultural heritage value or interest.

The Ministry of Tourism, Culture and Sport (MTCS) maintains a list of all provincial heritage properties based on information provided by ministries and prescribed public bodies. As they are identified, MTCS adds properties to the list of provincial heritage properties.

For more information, contact the MTCS Registrar at registrar@ontario.ca.

3b. Is the property (or project area) a National Historic Site (or part of)?

National Historic Sites are properties or districts of national historic significance that are designated by the Federal Minister of the Environment, under the *Canada National Parks Act*, based on the advice of the Historic Sites and Monuments Board of Canada.

For more information, see the [National Historic Sites website](#).

3c. Is the property (or project area) designated under the *Heritage Railway Stations Protection Act*?

The *Heritage Railway Stations Protection Act* protects heritage railway stations that are owned by a railway company under federal jurisdiction. Designated railway stations that pass from federal ownership may continue to have cultural heritage value.

For more information, see the [Directory of Designated Heritage Railway Stations](#).

3d. Is the property (or project area) designated under the *Heritage Lighthouse Protection Act*?

The *Heritage Lighthouse Protection Act* helps preserve historically significant Canadian lighthouses. The Act sets up a public nomination process and includes heritage building conservation standards for lighthouses which are officially designated.

For more information, see the [Heritage Lighthouses of Canada website](#).

3e. Is the property (or project area) identified as a Federal Heritage Building by the Federal Heritage Buildings Review Office?

The role of the Federal Heritage Buildings Review Office (FHBRO) is to help the federal government protect the heritage buildings it owns. The policy applies to all federal government departments that administer real property, but not to federal Crown Corporations.

For more information, contact the [Federal Heritage Buildings Review Office](#).

See a [directory of all federal heritage designations](#).

3f. Is the property (or project area) located within a United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO) World Heritage Site?

A UNESCO World Heritage Site is a place listed by UNESCO as having outstanding universal value to humanity under the Convention Concerning the Protection of the World Cultural and Natural Heritage. In order to retain the status of a World Heritage Site, each site must maintain its character defining features.

Currently, the Rideau Canal is the only World Heritage Site in Ontario.

For more information, see Parks Canada – [World Heritage Site website](#).

Part B: Screening for potential Cultural Heritage Value

4a. Does the property (or project area) contain a parcel of land that has a municipal, provincial or federal commemorative or interpretive plaque?

Heritage resources are often recognized with formal plaques or markers.

Plaques are prepared by:

- municipalities
- provincial ministries or agencies
- federal ministries or agencies
- local non-government or non-profit organizations

For more information, contact:

- [municipal heritage committees](#) or local heritage organizations – for information on the location of plaques in their community
- Ontario Historical Society's [Heritage directory](#) – for a list of historical societies and heritage organizations
- Ontario Heritage Trust – for a [list of plaques](#) commemorating Ontario's history
- Historic Sites and Monuments Board of Canada – for a [list of plaques](#) commemorating Canada's history

4b. Does the property (or project area) contain a parcel of land that has or is adjacent to a known burial site and/or cemetery?

For more information on known cemeteries and/or burial sites, see:

- Cemeteries Regulations, Ontario Ministry of Consumer Services – for a [database of registered cemeteries](#)
- Ontario Genealogical Society (OGS) – to [locate records of Ontario cemeteries](#), both currently and no longer in existence; cairns, family plots and burial registers
- Canadian County Atlas Digital Project – to [locate early cemeteries](#)

In this context, adjacent means contiguous or as otherwise defined in a municipal official plan.

4c. Does the property (or project area) contain a parcel of land that is in a Canadian Heritage River watershed?

The Canadian Heritage River System is a national river conservation program that promotes, protects and enhances the best examples of Canada's river heritage.

Canadian Heritage Rivers must have, and maintain, outstanding natural, cultural and/or recreational values, and a high level of public support.

For more information, contact the [Canadian Heritage River System](#).

If you have questions regarding the boundaries of a watershed, please contact:

- your conservation authority
- municipal staff

4d. Does the property (or project area) contain a parcel of land that contains buildings or structures that are 40 or more years old?

A 40 year 'rule of thumb' is typically used to indicate the potential of a site to be of cultural heritage value. The approximate age of buildings and/or structures may be estimated based on:

- history of the development of the area
- fire insurance maps
- architectural style
- building methods

Property owners may have information on the age of any buildings or structures on their property. The municipality, local land registry office or library may also have background information on the property.

Note: 40+ year old buildings or structure do not necessarily hold cultural heritage value or interest; their age simply indicates a higher potential.

A building or structure can include:

- residential structure
- farm building or outbuilding
- industrial, commercial, or institutional building
- remnant or ruin
- engineering work such as a bridge, canal, dams, etc.

For more information on researching the age of buildings or properties, see the Ontario Heritage Tool Kit Guide [Heritage Property Evaluation](#).

Part C: Other Considerations

5a. Is there local or Aboriginal knowledge or accessible documentation suggesting that the property (or project area) is considered a landmark in the local community or contains any structures or sites that are important to defining the character of the area?

Local or Aboriginal knowledge may reveal that the project location is situated on a parcel of land that has potential landmarks or defining structures and sites, for instance:

- buildings or landscape features accessible to the public or readily noticeable and widely known
- complexes of buildings
- monuments
- ruins

5b. Is there local or Aboriginal knowledge or accessible documentation suggesting that the property (or project area) has a special association with a community, person or historical event?

Local or Aboriginal knowledge may reveal that the project location is situated on a parcel of land that has a special association with a community, person or event of historic interest, for instance:

- Aboriginal sacred site
- traditional-use area
- battlefield
- birthplace of an individual of importance to the community

5c. Is there local or Aboriginal knowledge or accessible documentation suggesting that the property (or project area) contains or is part of a cultural heritage landscape?

Landscapes (which may include a combination of archaeological resources, built heritage resources and landscape elements) may be of cultural heritage value or interest to a community.

For example, an Aboriginal trail, historic road or rail corridor may have been established as a key transportation or trade route and may have been important to the early settlement of an area. Parks, designed gardens or unique landforms such as waterfalls, rock faces, caverns, or mounds are areas that may have connections to a particular event, group or belief.

For more information on Questions 5.a., 5.b. and 5.c., contact:

- Elders in Aboriginal Communities or community researchers who may have information on potential cultural heritage resources. Please note that Aboriginal traditional knowledge may be considered sensitive.
- [municipal heritage committees](#) or local heritage organizations
- Ontario Historical Society's "[Heritage Directory](#)" - for a list of historical societies and heritage organizations in the province

An internet search may find helpful resources, including:

- historical maps
- historical walking tours
- municipal heritage management plans
- cultural heritage landscape studies
- municipal cultural plans

Information specific to trails may be obtained through [Ontario Trails](#).

**Stage 1-2 Archaeological Assessment
Tiverton Water Supply EA
3194 Bruce Road 15, Inverhuron
Part of Lot 1, Lake Range Concession
Geographic Township of Bruce
Municipality of Kincardine
Bruce County, Ontario**

Original Report

Submitted to:
Ministry of Citizenship and Multiculturalism

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Licensee: Amanda Parks, MA (P450)
PIF No: P450-0132-2024
Project No: 2024-195
Dated: July 17, 2024



EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

A Stage 1 and 2 archaeological assessment was conducted as part of the Tiverton Water Supply Environmental Assessment (EA), which is being conducted to investigate options to increase the water supply in the community of Tiverton, Municipality of Kincardine, Ontario. The Municipality is assessing the potential for a new groundwater supply well or connection to the Kincardine Drinking Water System from Inverhuron, the latter of which would require a booster pumping station. The parcel being considered for the pumping station is roughly 0.4 ha (0.99 ac) in size and is located within Lot 1, Lake Range Concession, in the former Geographic Township of Bruce, Bruce County. The project area is predominantly grassed with a gravelled laneway and a small paved basketball court in the northwestern corner, a former baseball diamond in the northern half, and a paved playground in the eastern half. In 2024, TMHC Inc. (TMHC) was contracted by B.M. Ross and Associates Ltd. to undertake the assessment, which was conducted in accordance with the provisions of the *Environmental Assessment Act*. The purpose of the assessment was to determine whether there were archaeological resources present within the project area.

The Stage 1 background study included a review of current land use, historic and modern maps, past settlement history for the area and a consideration of topographic and physiographic features, soils and drainage. It also involved a review of previously registered archaeological resources within 1 km of the project area and previous archaeological assessments within 50 m. The background study indicated that the property had potential for the recovery of archaeological resources due to the proximity (i.e., within 300 m) of features that signal archaeological potential, namely:

- mapped 19th-century thoroughfares (Bruce Road 15, Albert Road, Victoria Street and John Street);
- registered archaeological sites (BbHj-4 and BbHj-44); and,
- a primary water source (Lake Huron).

The project area consists of non-ploughable lands; these were subject to Stage 2 assessment via standard test pit survey at a 5 m transect interval (77.5%; 0.31 ha), in keeping with provincial standards. The remainder of the project area consists of built features, paved areas, and gravel laneways that were previously disturbed, deemed of low archaeological potential and were photo-documented (22.5%; 0.09 ha).

All work met provincial standards and no archaeological material was documented during the assessment. As such, no further archaeological assessment is recommended.

Should proposed impacts extend beyond the lands assessed for this project, then additional assessment may be required.

These recommendations are subject to the conditions laid out in Section 5.0, and to the Ministry of Citizenship and Multiculturalism's (MCM's) review and acceptance of this report into the provincial register of archaeological reports.



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PROJECT PERSONNEL

Project Manager	Amanda Parks, MA (P450)
Project Administrators	Kellie Theaker, CHRP Victoria Scott, MA, MLis Sara Harvey
Health and Safety Coordinator	Wendi Jakob, C.Tech, CAPM
Fieldwork Coordinators	Katherine Bishop, PhD (R407) Johnathan Freeman, MA (P274) Patryk Weglorz, MSc (R1170)
Field Director	Sean Graziano, BA (R1354)
Field Technicians	Michelle Graham, PhD Jake Mills, BA Ethan Fisher Matthew Graham Myah Henderson Keiara Jones Tyrell Andrew Liptrop
GIS Technicians	John Moody, PhD Andrew Turner, BA (R1042)
Report Writer	Casey Lun, MSc
Senior Reviewer	Matthew Beaudoin, PhD (P324)

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Lisa J. Courtney B.M. Ross and Associates Limited



TERRITORIAL ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

The project area is located within the traditional territory of Chippewas of Nawash Unceded First Nation and Saugeen First Nation, collectively Saugeen Ojibway Nation (SON). SON's Traditional Territory is bounded on the south by the Maitland River system from Goderich to past Arthur, on the west by the Canada/USA border in the middle of Lake Huron, on the north by a line along the midpoint of the channel between the Saugeen (Bruce) Peninsula and Manitoulin Island, and on the east by a line down the middle of Georgian Bay. The SON also asserts Aboriginal title over that portion of Lake Huron and Georgian Bay within their Territory.

The people of the Chippewas of Nawash and Saugeen First Nations have lived, fished, hunted, and traded throughout these lands for generations and continue to do so today. They have a deep connection to the lands within their traditional territory. This includes cultural heritage: spiritual and sacred sites, artifacts and archaeological sites, built heritage, and cultural heritage landscapes. It also includes care and protection for the Ancestors and their resting places.

The project area is also within the settlement, resource gathering, and historic trading areas of the Historic Saugeen Métis. The Historic Saugeen Métis are descended from unions between European traders and First Nations women. The Historic Saugeen Métis hunt, fish, trap, and harvest the lands and waters of the Bruce Peninsula and Lake Huron. Today, they trace their roots through Grey, Bruce, the western part of Huron, the northern part of Lambton, and parts of Wellington, Dufferin, and Waterloo Counties.

This land continues to be home to diverse Indigenous peoples (e.g., First Nations, Métis and Inuit) whom we recognize as contemporary stewards of the land and vital contributors of our society.

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INDIGENOUS PARTICIPANTS

Saugeen Ojibway Nation

Coordinator Kove Sartor

Field Monitor Robert Martin

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ABOUT TMHC

Established in 2003 with a head office in London, Ontario, TMHC Inc. (TMHC) provides a broad range of archaeological assessment, heritage planning and interpretation, cemetery, and community consultation services throughout the Province of Ontario. We specialize in providing heritage solutions that suit the past and present for a range of clients and intended audiences, while meeting the demands of the regulatory environment. Over the past two decades, TMHC has grown to become one of the largest privately-owned heritage consulting firms in Ontario and is today the largest predominately woman-owned CRM business in Canada.

Since 2004, TMHC has held retainers with Infrastructure Ontario, Hydro One, the Ministry of Transportation, Metrolinx, the City of Hamilton, and Niagara Parks Commission. In 2013, TMHC earned the Ontario Archaeological Society's award for Excellence in Cultural Resource Management. Our seasoned expertise and practical approach have allowed us to manage a wide variety of large, complex, and highly sensitive projects to successful completion. Through this work, we have gained corporate experience in helping our clients work through difficult issues to achieve resolution.

TMHC is skilled at meeting established deadlines and budgets, maintaining a healthy and safe work environment, and carrying out quality heritage activities to ensure that all projects are completed diligently and safely. Additionally, we have developed long-standing relationships of trust with Indigenous and descendent communities across Ontario and a good understanding of community interests and concerns in heritage matters, which assists in successful project completion.

TMHC is a Living Wage certified employer with the [Ontario Living Wage Network](#) and a member of the [Canadian Federation for Independent Business](#).



KEY STAFF BIOS

Matthew Beaudoin, PhD, Principal

Matthew received a PhD in Anthropology from Western University in 2013 and has a professional archaeological license with the Province of Ontario (P324). During his archaeological career, Matthew has conducted extensive field research and artifact analysis in Labrador and Ontario, and has taught the Field Methods Course and Principals of archaeology courses as a part-time faculty member at Western University. Matthew has also conducted ethnographic projects in Labrador, and has volunteered with the OAS to provide archaeological training to several Indigenous communities throughout the province.

Over the course of his career, Matthew has supervised over 900 archaeological assessments in Ontario, including Stages 1-4, under a variety of regulatory triggers including provincial and municipal Environmental Assessments, Green Energy projects, development projects under the *Planning Act*, and as due diligence process. Matthew has extensive experience managing large and complex archaeological projects in conjunction with other disciplines, specialists, and Indigenous communities including Enbridge Line 10 Westover Segment, Imperial Oil from Waterdown to Finch, and Highway 3 Widening in Kingsville. Since joining TMHC in 2008, Matthew has also been involved with several notable projects, such as the archaeological assessment of Stoney Point/Camp Ipperwash. For these and other projects, Matthew works closely with heritage staff at TMHC and with heritage staff employed by clients and stakeholder communities.

Matthew is an active member of the Canadian Archaeological Association, the Ontario Archaeological Association, the Society for American Archaeology, and the Society for Historical Archaeology.

Amanda Parks, MA, Manager – Environmental Assessments Project Division

Amanda began her career in archaeology in 2004 and has dedicated her work to the conservation of cultural heritage resources in Ontario. Amanda has worked on numerous Stage 1-4 archaeological assessments in a multitude of roles: project manager, field director, report writer, artifact analyst, and engagement specialist. Regarding the latter, Amanda has worked regularly with Indigenous communities throughout Ontario, engaging communities for archaeological projects, environmental assessments, and property management plans. She has established good working relationships with communities by focusing on a collaborative approach to the protection and documentation of archaeological sites.

Amanda earned a BA in Archaeological Science from the University of Toronto in 2012 and completed her MA in Applied Archaeology at Western in 2018. Her masters research focused on the sweat baths at the Redeemer site, a Middle Ontario Iroquoian site located in the City of Hamilton.



STATEMENT OF QUALIFICATIONS AND LIMITATIONS

The attached Report (the “Report”) has been prepared by TMHC Inc. (TMHC) for the benefit of the Client (the “Client”) in accordance with the agreement between TMHC and the Client, including the scope of work detailed therein (the “Agreement”).

The information, data, recommendations and conclusions contained in the Report (collectively, the “Information”):

- is subject to the scope, schedule, and other constraints and limitations in the Agreement and the qualifications contained in the Report (the “Limitations”);
- represents TMHC’s professional judgment in light of the Limitation and industry standards for the preparation of similar reports;
- may be based on information provided to TMHC which has not been independently verified;
- has not been updated since the date of issuance of the Report and its accuracy is limited to the time period and circumstances in which it was collected, processed, made or issued;
- must be read as a whole and sections thereof should not be read out of such context; and
- was prepared for the specific purposes described in the Report and the Agreement.

TMHC shall be entitled to rely upon the accuracy and completeness of information that was provided to it and has no obligation to update such information. TMHC accepts no responsibility for any events or circumstances that may have occurred since the date on which the Report was prepared and, in the case of subsurface, environmental or geotechnical conditions, is not responsible for any variability in such conditions, geographically or over time.

TMHC agrees that the Report represents its professional judgement as described above and that the Information has been prepared for the specific purpose and use described in the Report and the Agreement, but TMHC makes no other representations, or any guarantees or warranties whatsoever, whether express or implied, with respect to the Report, the Information or any part thereof.

Except (1) as agreed to in writing by TMHC and Client; (2) as required by-law; or (3) to the extent used by governmental reviewing agencies for the purpose of obtaining permits or approvals, the Report and the Information may be used and relied upon only by Client.

TMHC accepts no responsibility, and denies any liability whatsoever, to parties other than Client who may obtain access to the Report or the Information for any injury, loss or damage suffered by such parties arising from their use of, reliance upon, or decisions or actions based on the Report or any of the Information (“improper use of the Report”), except to the extent those parties have obtained the prior written consent of TMHC to use and rely upon the Report and the Information. Any injury, loss or damages arising from improper use of the Report shall be borne by the party making such use.

This Statement of Qualifications and Limitations is attached to and forms part of the Report and any use of the Report is subject to the terms hereof.



QUALITY INFORMATION

Report prepared by:

Casey Lun, MSc

Report Writer

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Amanda Parks, MA (P450)

Manager – Environmental Assessments Project Division

Report reviewed by:

Matthew Beaudoin, PhD (P324)

Principal/Manager of Archaeological Assessment

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I PROJECT CONTEXT

I.1 Development Context

I.1.1 Introduction

A Stage 1 and 2 archaeological assessment was conducted as part of the Tiverton Water Supply Environmental Assessment (EA), which is being conducted to investigate options to increase the water supply in the community of Tiverton, Municipality of Kincardine, Ontario. The Municipality is assessing the potential for a new groundwater supply well or connection to the Kincardine Drinking Water System from Inverhuron, the latter of which would require a booster pumping station. The parcel being considered for the pumping station is roughly 0.4 ha (0.99 ac) in size and is located within Lot 1, Lake Range Concession, in the former Geographic Township of Bruce, Bruce County. The project area is predominantly grassed with a gravelled laneway and a small paved basketball court in the northwestern corner, a former baseball diamond in the northern half, and a paved playground in the eastern half. In 2024, TMHC Inc. (TMHC) was contracted by B.M. Ross and Associates Ltd. to undertake the assessment, which was conducted in accordance with the provisions of the *Environmental Assessment Act*. The purpose of the assessment was to determine whether there were archaeological resources present within the project area.

All archaeological assessment activities were performed under the professional archaeological license of Amanda Parks, MA (P450) and in accordance with the *Standards and Guidelines for Consultant Archaeologists* (MTC 2011, "Standards and Guidelines"). Permission to enter the property and carry out all required archaeological activities, including collecting artifacts when found, was given by the Municipality of Kincardine.

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1.1.2 Purpose and Legislative Context

The *Ontario Heritage Act* (R.S.O. 1990) ([OHA](#)) provides legislative oversight for the conservation, protection, and preservation of heritage resources in the Province of Ontario, including archaeological resources. The *OHA* assigns responsibility for doing so to a provincial ministry, now the Ministry of Citizenship and Multiculturalism (MCM). The MCM regulates how archaeological sites are dealt with by:

- Establishing a system to license individuals permitted to identify and investigate archaeological sites;
- Creating technical standards and guidelines for archaeological fieldwork and reporting;
- Maintaining a list of registered archaeological sites; and
- Overseeing transfers of archaeological collections.

The *OHA* does not speak to the need for undertaking archaeological assessments prior to land development. Instead, it regulates how such work must be undertaken and how archaeological sites are dealt with when the need for an archaeological assessment is prompted by other pieces of legislation.

The *Environmental Assessment Act* (R.S.O. 1990) ([EAA](#)) was developed to provide for the protection, conservation and wise management of the environment in Ontario. It applies to projects carried out by a provincial ministry, municipality or designated public body, and which can be made to apply to private sector proponents through a designation regulation. Section 1 of the *EAA* has broadly defined “environment” to cover “cultural heritage” resources. As per policy guidelines, the *EAA* provides for two types of environmental assessment planning and approval processes for undertakings subject to the act: environmental assessments (EAs) and class environmental assessments (Class EAs).

The current project follows an approved Class Environmental Assessment (EA) developed by the Municipal Engineers Association on behalf of Ontario municipalities, as documented in *Municipal Class Environmental Assessments* (Municipal Engineers Association 2023). The document enables the planning and implementation of municipal infrastructure (including the road, water, wastewater, and transit undertakings set out in Appendix I of the document) to be undertaken in accordance with an approved procedure designed to protect the environment (Municipal Engineers Association 2023). Since the undertakings carried out by municipalities can vary in their potential environmental impact, undertakings have been classified as exempt, eligible for screening, B, and C with each classification having different requirements. Projects that are eligible for exemption must still be subject to an archaeological screening process to determine whether the project is exempt from the requirements of the *EAA*.

2 STAGE I BACKGROUND REVIEW

2.1 Research Methods and Sources

A Stage I overview and background study was conducted to gather information about known and potential cultural heritage resources within the project area. According to the *Standards and Guidelines*, a Stage I background study must include a review of:

- an up-to-date listing of sites from the MCM's PastPortal for 1 km around the property;
- reports of previous archaeological fieldwork within a radius of 50 m around the property;
- topographic maps at 1:10,000 (recent and historical) or the most detailed scale available;
- historical settlement maps (e.g., historical atlas, survey);
- archaeological management plans or other archaeological potential mapping when available; and,
- commemorative plaques or monuments on or near the property.

For this project, the following activities were carried out to satisfy or exceed the above requirements:

- a database search was completed through MCM's PastPortal system that compiled a list of registered archaeological sites within 1 km of the project area (completed May 29, 2024);
- a review of known prior archaeological reports for the property and adjacent lands;
- Ontario Base Mapping (1:10,000) was reviewed through ArcGIS and mapping layers under the Open Government Licence – Canada and the Open Government Licence- Ontario;
- detailed mapping provided by the client was reviewed; and,
- a series of historic maps and photographs was reviewed related to the post-1800 land settlement.

Additional sources of information were also consulted, including modern aerial photographs, local history accounts, soils data provided by the Ontario Ministry of Agriculture, Food and Rural Affairs (OMAFRA), physiographic data provided by the Ontario Ministry of Northern Development and Mines, and detailed topographic data provided by Land Information Ontario.

When compiled, background information was used to create a summary of the characteristics of the project area, in an effort to evaluate its archaeological potential. The Province of Ontario (MTC 2011; Section 1.3.1) has defined the criteria that identify archaeological potential as:

- previously identified archaeological sites;
- water sources;
 - primary water sources (e.g., lakes, rivers, streams, creeks);
 - secondary water sources (e.g., intermittent streams and creeks, springs, marshes, swamps);
 - features indicating past water sources (e.g., glacial lake shorelines, relic river or stream channels, shorelines of drained lakes or marshes, cobble beaches);
 - accessible or inaccessible shorelines (e.g., high bluffs, sandbars stretching into a marsh);
- elevated topography (e.g., eskers, drumlins, large knolls, plateau);
- pockets of well-drained sandy soils;
- distinctive land formations that might have been special or spiritual places (e.g., waterfalls, rock outcrops, caverns, mounds, promontories and their bases);
- resource areas, including:



- food or medicinal plants (e.g., migratory routes, spawning areas, prairies);
- scarce raw materials (e.g., quartz, copper, ochre, or chert outcrops);
- early industry (e.g., fur trade, logging, prospecting, mining);
- areas of early 19th-century settlement, including:
 - early military locations;
 - pioneer settlement (e.g., homesteads, isolated cabins, farmstead complexes);
 - wharf or dock complexes;
 - pioneer churches;
 - early cemeteries;
- early transportation routes (e.g., trails, passes, roads, railways, portage routes);
- a property listed on a municipal register, designated under the *Ontario Heritage Act*, or that is a federal, provincial, or municipal historic landmark or site; and,
- a property that local histories or informants have identified with possible archaeological sites, historical event, activities, or occupations.

In Southern Ontario (south of the Canadian Shield), any lands within 300 m of any of the features listed above are considered to have potential for the discovery of archaeological resources.

Typically, a Stage I assessment will determine potential for Indigenous and 19th-century period sites independently. This is due to the fact that lifeways varied considerably during these eras, so the criteria used to evaluate potential for each type of site also varies.

It should be noted that some factors can also negate the potential for discovery of intact archaeological deposits. The *Standards and Guidelines* (MTC 2011; Section 1.3.2) indicates that archaeological potential can be removed in instances where land has been subject to extensive and deep land alterations that have severely damaged the integrity of any archaeological resources. Major disturbances indicating removal of archaeological potential include, but are not limited to:

- quarrying;
- major landscaping involving grading below topsoil;
- building footprints; and,
- sewage and infrastructure development.

Some activities (agricultural cultivation, surface landscaping, installation of gravel trails, etc.) may result in minor alterations to the surface topsoil but do not necessarily affect or remove archaeological potential. It is not uncommon for archaeological sites, including structural foundations, subsurface features and burials, to be found intact beneath major surface features like roadways and parking lots. Archaeological potential is, therefore, not removed in cases where there is a chance of deeply buried deposits, as in a developed or urban context or floodplain where modern features or alluvial soils can effectively cap and preserve archaeological resources.



2.2 Project Context: Archaeological Context

2.2.1 Project Area: Overview and Physical Setting

The project area is located at 3194 Bruce Road 15, north of the intersection of Bruce Road 15 and Albert Road in the community of Inverhuron, Municipality of Kincardine, Ontario. It is roughly 0.4 ha (0.99 ac) in size and is located within Lot 1, Lake Range Concession, in the Geographic Township of Bruce, Bruce County (Maps 1 and 2). The project area is predominantly grassed with a gravelled laneway and a small paved basketball court in the northwestern corner, a former baseball diamond in the northern section, and a paved playground in the eastern half. The project area is bound to the north, east, west by woodlot/forest, and to the south by Bruce Road 15.

The project area falls within the Huron Fringe physiographic region, a narrow stretch of land oriented northeast to southwest covering an area of 1,100 square kilometres extending along the eastern shore of Lake Huron from Sarnia to Tobermory (Chapman and Putnam 1984:161; Map 3). It is comprised of the wave-cut terraces of glacial Lakes Algonquin and Nipissing and is characterized by the presence of boulders, gravel bars and sand dunes (Chapman and Putnam 1984:161). The Huron Fringe is the result of the glacial scouring of limestone located just above the current lake level and is backed by either beaches or sand dunes and the occasional swamp (Chapman and Putnam 1984:161). This physiographic region lies over the Norfolk formation which consists of fine-grained limestone, magnesium limestone and dolomite bedrock (Hoffman and Richards 1954:14). The project area falls within an area mapped as sand plain, and a remnant glacial Lake Algonquin beach is located roughly 370 m to the northeast.

Formal soil surveys for Bruce County map the soils in this area as Elderslie Silt Loam (Map 4). Elderslie Silt Loam exhibits the characteristics of both the Brown Forest and Grey-Brown Podzolic soils, and is considered to have imperfect drainage (Hoffman and Richards 1954). It develops on stonefree, calcareous clay.

Lake Huron lies approximately 260 m to the east, with Little Sauble River running approximately 600 m north of the project area (Map 1). The historic glacial Lake Algonquin is roughly 1.1 km to the north, and a remnant beach can be found roughly 370 m to the north. Abandoned meltwater or river channels can also be found further out to the north, east, and south.



2.2.2 Summary of Registered or Known Archaeological Sites

According to PastPortal (accessed May 29, 2024) there are 11 registered archaeological sites within 1 km of the project area (Table 1). All the sites are to the northwest, towards Inverhuron Provincial Park. BbHj-4 and BbHj-44 are the closest registered sites to the project area, both being roughly 300 m to the northwest.

- BbHj-4 was documented by Knechtel and later by Lee (1952) and Wright (1952/53). Over 600 artifacts were discovered in an area spanning five loci, often in deeply buried deposits (TMHC 2015, 2017). The assemblage consisted of ceramic, lithic, faunal, and metal artifacts related to both Indigenous and 19th-century materials (TMHC 2017). It was determined to be a large Middle Woodland period site.
- BbHj-44 was discovered during a 2014 Stage 2 archaeological assessment. Approximately 175 artifacts were discovered in a distinct buried layer 120 – 140 cm in depth and spanning 7 m by 6 m (TMHC 2015). The site contained cut nails, wire nails, wrought spikes, white clay pipes, shell, bone and prosser buttons, ironstone, faunal remains, brick fragments, miscellaneous metals, and container glass. A second assessment in 2021 determined the site to be a ca. 1860 – 20th-century site. Given that less than 80% of the assemblage pre-dated 1870, the site did not meet provincial standards for further Stage 3 assessment (TMHC 2021).

Table 1: Registered Archaeological Sites within 1 km of the Project Area

Borden Number	Site Name	Time Period	Affinity	Site Type	Status
BbHj-1	Fritz	Archaic, Archaic, Late	Aboriginal	Othercamp/campsite	
BbHj-4	Evans	Woodland	Aboriginal	Unknown	Further CHVI
BbHj-8	Hillcrest	Other		Unknown	No Further CHVI
BbHj-22	Inverhuron	Archaic, Woodland, Late, Woodland, Middle	Aboriginal	burial, fishing	
BbHj-23	Chester	Archaic	Aboriginal	Othercamp/campsite, scatter	
BbHj-25	Old School	Pre-Contact	Aboriginal	burial, camp / campsite, scatter	Further CHVI
BbHj-41	TMHC LOC 5/6	Post-Contact	Euro-Canadian	homestead	No Further CHVI
BbHj-42	IH Loc 8	Woodland, Middle	Aboriginal	camp / campsite	Further CHVI
BbHj-43	Ogg Site	Woodland, Late	Lalonde	beach, fishing	Further CHVI
BbHj-44	Location 13	Post-Contact	Euro-Canadian	Unknown	No Further CHVI
BbHj-48	School House	Post-Contact	Euro-Canadian	school	Further CHVI



2.2.3 Summary of Past Archaeological Investigations within 50 m

During the course of this study, records were found for two archaeological investigations within 50 m of the project area (Map 5). However, it should be noted that the MCM currently does not provide an inventory of archaeological assessments to assist in this determination.

2.2.3.1 Stage 1 & 2 Archaeological Assessment – Water and Sanitary Sewer Improvements (Maps 6 and 7)

In 2010, TMHC conducted a Stage 1 archaeological assessment for a Class EA for water and sanitary sewer improvements in the community of Inverhuron. The Stage 1 background research and property inspection determined that the property retained archaeological potential and Stage 2 assessment was recommended. The Stage 2 survey consisted of a test pit survey at 5 m intervals, deep test pitting, field inspection, and photo documentation of previously disturbed areas, along main water and sewer lines. Ten archaeological locations were documented during the Stage 2 archaeological assessment. This includes BbHj-4, BbHj-8, BbHj-25, BbHj-41, BbHj-42, BbHj-43, and BbHj-44 (sites within 1 km of current project area), of which only BbHj-4 and BbHj-44 are located within 300 m of the project area. The section of Bruce Road 15 that bordered the current project area underwent a judgemental test pit survey to confirm disturbance and yielded no materials. Test pit survey at 5 m intervals was completed along the northern boundary of the property parcel, with no archaeological resources encountered. The results of this assessment are presented in two reports entitled *Stage 1 Archaeological Assessment Class EA for Water and Sanitary Sewer Improvements Community of Inverhuron, Municipality of Kincardine Bruce County, Ontario* (TMHC 2011; Licensee Arthur Figura, PIF P083-032-2010) and *Stage 2 Archaeological Assessment, Municipal Class Environmental Assessment for Water and Sanitary Sewage Servicing, Community of Inverhuron, Municipality of Kincardine, Bruce County, Ontario* (TMHC 2015; Licensee John Sweeney, PIF P349-057-2012).

2.2.3.2 Stage 1 & 2 Archaeological Assessment – Southern Bruce Natural Gas Pipeline (Map 8)

In 2019 and 2020, Stantec was retained by EPCOR Natural Gas Limited Partnership (ENGLP) to conduct a Stage 1 and 2 archaeological assessment for the construction of a natural gas pipeline, in accordance with the Ontario Energy Board’s *Environmental Guidelines for the Location, Construction, and Operation of Hydrocarbon Pipelines and Facilities in Ontario*. The Stage 1 background research determined that portions of the study area retained archaeological potential and Stage 2 assessment was recommended. The lands located within the vicinity of the current project area were determined to be previously disturbed and were not recommended for further assessment. The results of this assessment are presented in a report entitled *Stage 1-2 Archaeological Assessment: Proposed Southern Bruce Natural Gas Pipeline, Inverhuron Section, Parts of Various Lots and Concessions, Municipality of Kincardine, Bruce County, Ontario* (Stantec 2020; Licensee Arthur Figura, PIF P083-0340-2019).

2.2.4 Dates of Archaeological Fieldwork

The Stage 2 fieldwork was conducted on June 19, 2024, and June 20, 2024, under the direction of Sean Graziano, BA (R1354). The weather conditions on each date of fieldwork are summarized below in Table 2.

Table 2: Dates of Fieldwork, Weather Conditions and Field Director

Dates of Fieldwork	Weather Conditions	Field Director
June 19, 2024	Sunny and clear	S. Graziano, BA (R1354)
June 20, 2024	Sunny with sporadic rain	S. Graziano, BA (R1354)



2.3 Project Context: Historical Context

2.3.1 Indigenous Settlement in Bruce County

Our archaeological knowledge of past Indigenous occupation and land use in this portion of Bruce County is limited, largely due to a paucity of cultural resource management and research based archaeological assessments. Using existing data and regional syntheses, it is possible to propose a generalized model of Indigenous settlement in Bruce County. The general themes, time periods and cultural traditions of Indigenous settlement, based on archaeological evidence, are provided below and in Table 3.

Table 3: Chronology of Indigenous Settlement in Bruce County

Period	Time Range	Diagnostic Features	Archaeological Complexes
Early Paleo	9000-8400 BCE	fluted projectile points	Gainey, Barnes, Crowfield
Late Paleo	8400-8000 BCE	non-fluted and lanceolate points	Holcombe, Hi-Lo, Lanceolate
Early Archaic	8000-6000 BCE	serrated, notched, bifurcate base points	Nettling, Bifurcate Base Horizon
Middle Archaic	6000-2500 BCE	stemmed, side & corner notched points	Brewerton, Otter Creek, Stanly/Neville
Late Archaic	2000-1800 BCE	narrow points	Lamoka
Late Archaic	1800-1500 BCE	broad points	Genesee, Adder Orchard, Perkiomen
Late Archaic	1500-1100 BCE	small points	Crawford Knoll
Terminal Archaic	1100-950 BCE	first true cemeteries	Hind
Early Woodland	950-400 BCE	expanding stemmed points, Vinette pottery	Meadowood
Middle Woodland	400 BCE-500 CE	dentate, pseudo-scallop pottery	Saugeen
Transitional Woodland	500-900 CE	first corn, cord-wrapped stick pottery	Princess Point
Late Woodland	900-1300 CE	first villages, corn horticulture, longhouses	Glen Meyer
Late Woodland	1300-1400 CE	large villages and houses	Uren, Middleport
Late Woodland	1400-1650 CE	tribal emergence, territoriality	
Contact Period - Indigenous	1700 CE-present	treaties, mixture of Indigenous & European items	
Contact Period - Settler	1796 CE-present	industrial goods, homesteads	pioneer life, municipal settlement

2.3.2 Paleo Period

The first inhabitants of Bruce County lived in small, mobile bands that moved across the landscape in pursuit of the large migratory game, particularly caribou that were the staple of their subsistence. Ontario at the time still experienced a cold and harsh climate, with open spruce woodland dominating between 10,500 and



8,000 BCE and tundra conditions between 9,200 – 8,300 BCE. Between 9,000-8,400 BCE, with the exception of the Niagara Escarpment, all of the Bruce Peninsula was submerged beneath pro-glacial Lake Algonquin (Cowan and Sharpe 2007:20).

The Paleo period is divided into two basic timeframes, distinguished by styles of chipped stone arrowheads or projectile points. The Early Paleo period (9,000 – 8,400 BCE) is associated archaeologically with carefully crafted leaf-shaped points or spear heads, donned with long narrow channels or flutes along the central axis of the point perpendicular to the base. These large points are better known further south in Ontario, although finds have also been made in neighbouring Grey County and many occur on Fossil Hill chert which outcrops on the Escarpment near Blue Mountain. The archaeological hallmark of the Late Paleo period (8,400 – 7,500 BCE) are smaller lanceolate spear points that, while still finely made, do not exhibit the characteristic flutes of earlier times and often occur on different raw materials, including quartzite from Sheguiandah on Manitoulin Island.

In general, documented Paleo sites in Ontario are rare, small and ephemeral. Given their considerable age, organic materials rarely survive and hence, archaeologically, they are known primarily from stone tools, including the spear tips identified above, alongside scraping, cutting, splitting and crushing tools used to manipulate plant and animal raw materials used for food, clothing, shelter and other necessities of life. Quite often they are associated with former glacial shorelines, which were the focus of caribou migratory routes.

To date, no Paleo period sites have been identified in Bruce County. This is partly due to the fact that some areas were submerged beneath glacial lakes for part of the period, although many of the locales where Paleo sites are likely to exist have not been subject to a significant amount of archaeological study. Two Early Paleo sites, AlHj-57 and AlHj-50, were discovered to the southeast of the Alpena-Amberley Ridge further south in Huron County during an archaeological assessment for the K2 wind energy project (TMHC 2012a, 2012b). BbHi-32, discovered during the assessment of SP Ontario Armow Wind energy project (Golder 2012a, 2016), is a potential Paleo site based on the presence of Fossil Hill chert tool manufacturing waste although further testing was not undertaken to confirm this.

2.3.3 Archaic Period

The Archaic period is a long, broadly defined period that encompasses long trajectories of subsistence and technological changes, in part as a continuing adaptation to climate and vegetation changes. The period essentially spans a long period of time between the post-glacial Paleo Period characterized primarily by big game hunters and the Woodland Period, associated with emergent horticulture, the introduction of longer-term settlements and pottery technology. Archaeologists generally recognize three major temporal divisions within the Archaic Period – Early (ca. 8,000 – 6,000 BCE), Middle (6,000 – 2,500 BCE) and Late (2,800 to 800 BCE) – generally defined by distinctive projectile point styles and other unique stone tool categories.

The Early Archaic period witnessed warming temperatures and fluctuating lake levels. By about 7,500 BCE there was a shift from the primarily coniferous forests of early times to mixed forest conditions that were favourable for deer, elk and moose. Early Archaic populations continued the mobile lifestyle of their predecessors and had a more varied diet exploiting a larger range of plant, bird, mammal and fish species. A seasonal pattern of warm-season riverine or lakeshore settlements and interior cold-weather occupations has been documented in the archaeological record. Early Archaic sites are also quite rare on the landscape, with many potentially submerged as water levels rose to those of modern-day Lake Huron. As groups continued to live a mobile lifestyle, Early Archaic sites are often small and consist largely of stone tools and stone



manufacturing waste. Three distinctive projectile point styles are associated with the Early Archaic: Side-Notched (8,000-7,700 BCE), Kirk/Nettling Corner-Notched (7,800-6,900 BCE), and LeCroy Bifurcate-Based (6,900-6000 BCE). These can be associated with heavy, roughly-flaked woodworking chopper/scrapers, ground axe-like celts and ground and polished slate tubes that may have served as atlatl (dart/spear-thrower) weights.

Three confirmed or suspected Early Archaic sites have been reported in Bruce County. BbHi-31 is a corner-notched projectile point identified near the Glamis Bog on Willow Creek and was discovered during the archaeological assessment for the SP Ontario Armow Wind project (Golder 2012a); however, the attribution of this discovery has been put into question (Fitzgerald 2016). The West Site (BfHh-2), discovered by William Fox as part of a long-term survey project undertaken by what is now the MCM, is a scatter of stone tool manufacturing debris made on Bar River Formation quartzite from Sheguiandah; it is described as a camp site related to butchering activities (Fox 1998). A side-notched projectile point made from quartzite was also recovered from Jones bluff at Cape Croker (Fitzgerald 2016).

Throughout Ontario, sites generally dating to the Middle Archaic are more commonly encountered, partially a reflection of great population density during this time as well as patterns of more regular and intensive utilization and occupation of resource-rich zones, albeit still on a seasonal basis. In Bruce County, Middle Archaic sites are still relatively rare, partially due to the limited archaeological investigation that has occurred within its bounds, but also due to the fact that continued fluctuating lake levels contributed to many sites being inundated.

By 5000-4000 BCE mixed coniferous-deciduous forests were prevalent and bore significant nut-producing species (oak, walnut, butternut, hickory and beech) that attracted wapiti (elk) and white-tailed deer populations. Archaeological evidence also suggests that Middle Archaic populations were both hunters and fishers, indicated by the recovery of fishing apparatus, such as cobble netsinkers, and the regular occurrence of sites along waterways, especially adjacent to rapids, many of which are still popular fishing spots today.

The artifacts relating to or diagnostic of the Middle Archaic are more diverse than those from earlier times, with significant variability over the period's lengthy duration. Many of the earliest Middle Archaic projectile points are side-notched pieces or stemmed variations of earlier bifurcate base points with serrated edges from extensive resharpening. Corner- and side-notched spear points continued in use through the Middle Archaic period. Formal ground and polished stone tools are more common by this time, including axes, "bannerstones" (possibly weights for atlatls or spear-throwers, or for use as ornamental or ceremonial objects). In general, the diversity of artifacts reflects a wider range of activities, subsistence and otherwise, including hunting, fishing, wood and bone working, hide processing and so on. While it is not immediately evident archaeologically that watercraft were made and used during this time, it is none the less possible.

In the western Great Lakes, some Middle Archaic sites have produced items of local source copper or "native copper," as described by archaeologists to distinguish Canadian Shield derived material from that brought to North America by European explorers thousands of years later. Indigenous populations modified naturally occurring or mined copper nuggets through cold hammering and annealing into a variety of tools – projectile points, hooks, adzes and ornamental items. These, alongside copper raw materials, were traded throughout the Upper Great Lakes. Occasionally native copper artifacts are found at significant distances from sources around Lake Superior, suggesting an extensive and wide-reaching trading network existed by this time that encompassed lands within what is now Bruce County. A tanged projectile point was recovered from the east side of the Bruce Peninsula in Eastnor Township to the south of Barrow Bay and a 5.5kg (12 pound) native copper nugget was found along the Lake Huron shore near the mouth of the Saugeen River (Fitzgerald 2016).



While most intensively practiced during the Middle Archaic period, native copper working continued into the Late Archaic and Woodland periods, although the objects from more recent times were generally ornamental or ritual in nature and often occur in mortuary contexts.

Only three sites in the PastPortal inventory for Bruce County are clearly identified as dating to the Middle Archaic period. These are the Gingrich Site (BcHh-3), a camp site four miles southeast of the mouth of Saugeen River, dating to ca. 3,000- 2,500 BCE based on the presence of a corner/side notched projectile point type known as “Brewerton.” It was identified by researchers from the National Museum in the 1950s. BaHg-5 is an isolated find of the same type of point, discovered during a recent archaeological assessment for a land development project north of Poplar Beach (Detritus Consulting 2019). The third site is BbHi-35, Arrow Location 37, comprised of a ca. 3,500 – 2,000 BCE Otter Creek style projectile point recovered near Greenock Swamp and the headwaters of the North Penetangore River (Golder 2012b). Nonetheless, numerous other registered and known sites have generated confirmed or likely Middle Archaic artifacts:

- the Inverhuron-Lucas site (BbHj-3);
- Rocky Ridge (BbHj-16);
- Knechtel (BbHj-2); and
- BbHi-31.

These sites occur largely in lakeshore contexts, although BbHi-31 is on Willow Creek near the Glammis Bog.

Late Archaic period sites are far more plentiful in Bruce County, partially a reflection of the fact that these sites were never inundated as essentially modern lake levels were achieved by that time. In addition, climate and environmental conditions mimicked those of modern day. The Late Archaic period is once again defined based on the occurrence of distinctive projectile point styles that are divided into three overarching time periods or complexes: Narrow Point (ca. 2,500-1,800 BCE); Broad Point (ca. 2,000-1,400 BCE); and Small Point or Terminal Archaic (ca. 1,500-800 BCE). Two notable developments occur during this period. The first is the invention of the bow and arrow, thought to be reflected in the manufacture of much smaller projectile points for arrow tips. The second is the elaboration of mortuary traditions, as reflected in the documentation of Indigenous burials with highly elaborate grave goods that include ritual, ornamental and utilitarian items of local and non-local origin (e.g., native copper items, marine shell, unworked galena cubes and powdered red ochre). While archaeologists interpret these highly elaborate burials (referred to as “Glacial Kame” for their occurrence in glacial landforms of the same name) as the first formal Indigenous cemeteries, it should be noted that evidence from earlier burials is absent largely due to environmental conditions that inhibited preservation over longer time periods.

PastPortal identifies 11 Late Archaic Period sites or multiple occupation sites that include Late Archaic artifacts. Several of these sites, most interpreted as small, seasonal camps, were identified by annual research surveys completed by what is now the MCM during the late 1970s and 1980s and were not subject to extensive study. One of these is the Mason site (BeHh-6), a multiple occupation site located on the Warton-Oliphant portage route. Late Archaic artifacts have also been documented on the Project R/Rocky Ridge (BbHj-16) and Knechtel I (BbHj-2) sites in the Kincardine area along Lake Huron and the IF9 site along the North Penetangore River (Fisher 1994:43).

Numerous other sites within Bruce County, particularly within the Bruce Peninsula National Park, are possible Archaic habitation/lithic workshop sites although these cannot be assigned as such since investigations have not yet produced diagnostic artifacts that would confirm this. Burial sites at Sauble Beach (MHC 1999),



Southampton (Fitzgerald 2002), and Inverhuron (Fitzgerald 2001; Lee 1960) contain native copper awls, marine shell beads and pendants, as well as red ochre and could be attributable to the Late Archaic Glacial Kame mortuary complex, as described above, although they may also be associated with similar mortuary traditions known for the Early Woodland period.

2.3.4 Early, Middle and Transitional Woodland Periods

Three hallmarks characterize the Woodland period: the appearance of earthenware pottery in the Great Lakes area around 800 BCE, the development of the practice of agriculture and the emergence of populations subsiding primarily on crop staples corn, beans and squash, and the appearance of major longer-term settlements. Whereas earlier populations practiced a settlement system comprised of seasonal movements to camps, activity areas and resource zones on a seasonal and semi-seasonal basis (a cycle that continued into modern times for some Indigenous groups), some Woodland period peoples lived in larger villages that were moved only when local resources were depleted. Archaeologists recognize three very wide-sweeping time divisions in the Woodland period reflecting considerable change in tools, technology and settlement-subsistence practices: Early (ca. 800-400 BCE), Middle (ca. 400 BCE – 700 CE), and Late (ca. 900-1650+ CE).

The Early Woodland is defined in Bruce County by sites attributed to what archaeologists call the Meadowood cultural complex (800-400 CE), associated with the oldest style of pottery known in Ontario - Vnette I, thick- and straight-sided pots with tapering bottoms and cord- or fabric-roughened surfaces and lacking formal decoration. This pottery is similar to that manufactured around the same time by populations in Michigan and Ohio. Triangular preforms or tool blanks are also characteristic of Meadowood and exhibit considerable technical skill and craftsmanship. That these are found in large caches in proximity to primary chert outcrops suggests they were potentially mass produced, utilized in systems of widespread exchange throughout the Great Lakes and transformed into various tool forms like projectile points, hide scrapers and drills. Other Early Woodland projectile point types, like Turkey-tail and Adena Stemmed, show equal technical prowess in their execution and tie into widespread trade networks extending into Ohio. The Early Woodland archaeological cultures of Ontario continue the mortuary traditions of Late Archaic times and show connections to the elaborate ceremonial traditions of the Adena mortuary complex of the central Ohio Valley that included geometric and animal-form earthworks and burial mounds. The first evidence of domesticated plants (gourds, pumpkins, squash and sunflowers) also occurs in the Early Woodland.

Early Woodland sites in the greater Bruce Peninsula area are sporadic but generally widespread in the lower Saugeen River watershed (Donaldson – BdHi-1 and Location 8 sites), along earlier incarnations of the Lake Huron shore (Project R/Rocky Ridge - BbHj-16 and Ferris – BbHj-21 sites), along the Penetangore and North Penetangore rivers (Penetangore – BaHj-4, IF16, and IF18 sites) and adjacent Silver Lake/ Greenock Swamp (Fighting Pigeon site – BaHi-4)(Fitzgerald 2016). Not all of these are clearly defined in PastPortal as Early Woodland sites, with the inventory also including occupations at the Inverhuron-Lucas (BbHj-3) and Hunter (BdHh-5) sites.

The Middle Woodland period is associated with pottery vessels with more outflaring rims and exterior surfaces decorated with bands of stamped motifs made by impressing the edge of a scallop shell (or similar looking tool) (i.e., pseudo-scallop shell) or toothed comb (dentate stamp), with the former more common in the later part of the period. Regional differences are notable across Ontario during the Middle Woodland, with the manifestation between the Bruce Peninsula and the Niagara Peninsula identified as “Saugeen,” named for signature sites identified in Bruce County along the Saugeen River, some of which are burials. The latter



suggest an association with the ca. 200 BCE to 500 CE Hopewell culture in southern and central Ohio associated with impressive burial mounds and earthworks, highly elaborate stone tool technologies and extensive, almost pan-American exchange networks indicated by the occurrence of non-local objects from thousands of miles distant. At the Donaldson site (BdHi-1) along the lower Saugeen River, exotic trade goods diagnostic of Hopewell traditions was identified in burial contexts - two sheet copper panpipe covers, three cut mica sheets, a copper-patched stone earspool, and a matched pair of cut and ground wolf maxillae.

Middle Woodland sites are larger and more frequent than Early Woodland sites in Ontario, likely due to population growth resulting from more intensive exploitation of fish. The distribution of Middle Woodland sites across Ontario suggests a shift from the Late Archaic-Early Woodland settlement pattern of larger band sizes in winter combined with summer dispersal into smaller groups to one of summer aggregations of large groups of people in highly accessible riverine areas with resource abundance (e.g., river rapids, river/stream mouths where spear fishing produced a rich subsistence base) and winter dispersal to smaller nuclear and extending family or small band camps. During the late summer and fall, extended families dispersed to shallow bays to net fall-spawning fish (i.e., whitefish, lake herring/cisco, and lake trout) and into the interior to harvest wild rice. Dispersal into small, mobile extended-family groups during periods of reduced food availability continued during the late fall and winter with the trapping and hunting of fur-bearing mammals being pursued from small, sheltered camps scattered throughout the interior.

In the greater Bruce Peninsula area, Saugeen “complex” Middle Woodland archaeological sites have been located near river mouths adjacent to the Lake Huron shore (Knechtel 2 – BbHj-2, Inverhuron- Lucas -BbHj-3, and Evans sites), alongside rapids of the lower Saugeen River (Donaldson – BdHi-1 and Thede- BcHi-7 sites), and around the shore of the inland Arran Lake (Krug site – BcHh-5), likely representing various components of the seasonal subsistence rounds and that individual watersheds (e.g., Saugeen, Sauble, and Penetangore) or other landscapes with clustered, reliable food and non-food resources may represent separate band territories (Fitzgerald 2016). In total 15 sites in the PastPortal inventory are recorded as consisting entirely of or incorporating a Middle Woodland occupation, including the more recently investigated Ne’bwaakah giizwed ziibi (BdHi-2) at the mouth of the Saugeen River and the Nochemowenaing (BfHg-4) site.

By the end of the late Middle Woodland period and into the early part of the Late Woodland pottery vessels emerged with more globular forms with rounded bases and heavily cord- or fabric-roughened exteriors with decoration created through impressing the ends of small circular tools (punctates) along the neck and twisted cords, cord-wrapped sticks and other cord-wrapped implements along the rim. Projectile points fashioned from pentagonal blanks as well as triangular forms also define this transition between Middle and Late Woodland. These transitional points and ceramics have been recovered in Bruce County at river mouth, sandy bay, and riverine locations – the Chief’s Point – BeHh-2, multiple occupation Hunter - BdHh-5 and Donaldson – BdHi-1 sites as well as the IF10 site along the North Penetangore River (Fitzgerald 2016).

2.3.5 Late Woodland Period

During the Late Woodland period a warming trend between ca. 900 to 1250 CE, allowed for a more intensive pursuit of corn agriculture and its expansion to even marginal locales. Although intensive agricultural was not possible in the upper Bruce Peninsula which is characterized by poor soil development, conditions were conducive to it in the narrow Huron Fringe, the Lake Huron shore between Red Bay and Point Clark, and at the mouths of the Beaver and Bighead valleys at the head of Georgian Bay. At the tip of the Bruce Peninsula an anomalous pocket of sandy loam and loam soils surrounded by water on three sides could have supported the

cultivation of domesticated plants if the growing season was suitable (Fitzgerald 2016). By providing a plentiful and storable, year-round food source, corn agriculture permitted the long-term settlement of locales, resulting in the creation of large village sites comprised of multiple extended families. While certain Great Lakes Indigenous populations practiced an agricultural lifestyle from this point on, Bruce Peninsula Algonquin groups practiced agriculture more intermittently and continued their diverse hunter-fisher-gatherer subsistence strategy. In fact, a cooling trend between ca. 1430 and 1850 encouraged a shorter growing season and full-scale adoption of agriculture by Bruce County Indigenous populations during this period.

The Late Woodland period in Bruce County is still poorly understood, primarily because the archaeological record has been traditionally interpreted using biases from other parts of Ontario where it is both better known from a larger sample of archaeological sites and associated with historically documented Iroquoian groups like the Tionnontate (or Petun) near Blue Mountain, Huron-Wendat in primarily Simcoe County and Attawandaron or Neutral in southwestern Ontario, and their ancestral populations. The Late Woodland 14th century Nodwell site is one of the only of its kind to be identified in Bruce County and its interpretation is subsequently the subject of much disagreement. Traditionally, many archaeologists have interpreted Nodwell as an Iroquoian village, due to the fact that it bears hallmarks of the typical “Iroquoian” pattern identified elsewhere in Ontario – large multi-family dwellings referred to as longhouses, a palisade around the perimeter, and complex ceramic traditions for pottery manufacture and pipe making. However, a more recent interpretation of the site is that it was occupied by local Bruce Peninsula Algonquian-speaking groups who practiced an agricultural lifestyle until the cooling period of the Little Ice Age prohibited the successful cultivation of corn over the long term (Fitzgerald 2016). Accounts in the 17th century by European explorers and missionaries speak to corn cultivation by local Algonquian-speaking groups.

Although there is regional diversity and significant variability in settlement patterns and both tool and pottery technologies throughout the Late Woodland period that are too numerous to describe here, Late Woodland archaeological sites are identified by the presence of high quality, thin-walled pottery with intricate impressed and incised decoration, small triangular or side-notched triangular projectile points, animal bone tools and ornaments, clay and stone smoking pipes, polished and ground stone implements, extensive assemblages of animal and fish bone and occasionally preserved botanical remains such as seeds or kernels of corn, beans, squash, tobacco and medicinal plants. Late Woodland site types include palisaded villages (which grow from early settlements of one or two houses to assemblies of twenty or more), cabin and special-purpose sites, camps, burials and ossuaries (i.e., large multiple burial pits), although the latter have not yet been documented in Bruce County.

Late Woodland period habitation, resource-procurement, ritual, and burial sites are noticeably more frequent and widespread across the Bruce Peninsula and adjacent areas. As they can often reflect larger and longer-occupied sites, they tend to be more visible archaeologically. In addition to Nodwell, one other 14th century palisaded longhouse village is known in Port Elgin and is a recent discovery (Fitzgerald 2016). Known Late Woodland sites occur most frequently in close proximity to the Lake Huron and Georgian Bay shorelines, especially near mouths of watercourses and in sandy bays [e.g., Potawatomi and Sydenham rivers, Eddy’s/Little Port Elgin Creek (Sandy Beach Bay), Dunks Bay, Black Creek (Myles Bay), Red Bay, Sauble River, French Bay, Stoney Creek, Saugeen River, Little Sauble River (Inverhuron Bay), Andrews Creek]. Other nearshore site localities on the Georgian Bay side of the peninsula – many that would appear less inviting, include relict cobble strandlines, exposed bedrock, and in or under shallow escarpment caves and overhangs [e.g., Flowerpot Island, Little Cove, Cave Point, Hunter’s Point, White Cloud Island, Colpoys Bay]. Instances of interior sites, while few, occur in a variety of settings that each would have served a specific purpose – along portage routes



[eg., Boat Lake], adjacent to rivers and lakes/swamps [eg., Saugeen River, Otter Lake/Greenock Swamp], and in areas of sandy and sandy loam soils associated with pro-glacial Main Lake Algonquin features – i.e., lake beds and barrier bars [eg., Port Elgin and the valley mouths of the Bighead and Beaver rivers] (Fitzgerald 2016).

Twenty sites in the Bruce County inventory in PastPortal are attributed to the Late Woodland period. Notable examples include the Hunter's Point site (BfHg-3), which dates between 1300 and 1500 CE, the Cripps site (BhHj-17) located in the Dunk's Bay area and Hunter site (BdHh-5), situated on the Saugeen Reserve. A notable recent discovery is the Ne'bwaakaah giizwed ziibi site (BdHi-2) at the mouth of the Saugeen River in Southampton that yielded Late Woodland cultural features containing pottery, dog, bird and beaver burials along with potential ceremonial fish features (Fisher 2013).

Beginning in the late-16th century, Late Woodland sites are also characterized by the occurrence of items of European manufacture or fashioned from them. These include various varieties of glass beads, whole copper/brass kettles and fragments thereof, glass and ceramic containers and iron tools, namely axes, awls, knives and other implements. While the earliest items were likely brought into the Bruce by individuals who had encountered or were accompanied by European explorers and missionaries, later items are a product of a systematic trade network that developed in response to French, English and Dutch interests in beaver pelts. Extensive written documents exist for the arrival of Europeans to North America, including some that speak specifically about Indigenous populations who inhabited Bruce County in the Late Woodland. However, these records were made by explorers and missionaries with a purpose of reporting back to their superiors in Europe and are both incomplete and culturally biased. Nonetheless they provide useful baseline information for understanding Indigenous life in the late-16th through mid-to-late 17th centuries that can be combined with archaeological evidence and oral histories to generate a much rich and more fulsome picture of the period.

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2.3.6 Treaty History

The project area is encompassed by Saugeen Tract Purchase, or Treaty 45 ½ that was signed between the Crown and Anishinaabe peoples on August 9, 1836, in Manitowaning (Ministry of Indigenous Affairs 2022). The treaty was negotiated between the SON and the Crown to open 1.5 million acres for settlement, in return for assistance and the protection of the Indigenous Peoples who continued to live on the Saugeen Peninsula (Duern 2017; SON 2021). These lands became known as the “Queens Bush”.

The conditions of Treaty 45 ½ were not upheld by the British Crown, who claimed that the Saugeen (Bruce) Peninsula could not be protected without the negotiation of a second treaty. Settlers were moving farther north into the Peninsula, and it was the aim of the Canadian Government to settle the opposing side of Lake Huron to match the settlement of those in the United States (Surtees 1984:101-102). The terms of the new treaty were negotiated with each sitting Chief separately, and pressure was exerted on all signatories to cede more territory under the promise of protection of territory, and financial benefits (Surtees 1984:104-105). This became Treaty 72, which was signed on October 13, 1854, and ceded approximately 500,000 acres of the Saugeen (Bruce) Peninsula to the British Crown (Duern 2017; Ministry of Indigenous Affairs 2022).

In 2019, the SON filed claims with the Canadian and Ontario government regarding the waters in Lake Huron and Georgian Bay, and a claim seeking redress from Treaty 72 in which the SON was forced to cede lands to the British Crown, after being assured under Treaty 45 ½ that their lands on the Saugeen (Bruce) Peninsula would be protected from settler encroachment (OKT 2021). Phase I of the claim has concluded, with the Ontario Superior Court denying Aboriginal Title to the claimed waters in Lake Huron and Georgian Bay but did agree that the Crown broke its treaty promise as outlined in Treaty 45 ½. Phase II of the trial is still ongoing (OKT 2021).

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2.3.7 Nineteenth-Century and Municipal Settlement

Historically the project area falls within Lot 1, Lake Range Concession, in the Geographic Township of Bruce, Bruce County, Ontario. A brief discussion of 19th-century settlement and land use in the township is provided below in an effort to identify features signaling archaeological potential.

2.3.7.1 Bruce County

Municipal settlement in Bruce County was facilitated by the signing of various treaties between the Crown and local Indigenous communities. The lands within Bruce County were acquired under two major treaties. Treaty No. 45 ½, also referred to as the Saugeen Tract Purchase, was signed by representatives of the Saugeen Nation and Lieutenant-Governor Francis Bond Head on August 9, 1836 (Department of Indian Affairs 1891). The treaty established a line between the villages of Saugeen and Nawash near the base of the Saugeen Peninsula at Owen Sound. South of that line, Brant, Carrick, Elderslie, Greenock, Huron, Kincardine, Kinloss, and Saugeen Townships were considered ceded territory. The townships to the north of the line—Amabel, Albemarle, Eastnor, Lindsay, and St. Edmonds—became the Saugeen and Owen Sound Reserve. Treaty 72, signed on October 13, 1854 by the Crown and Saugeen and Chippewa peoples living in the Saugeen and Owen Sound Reserve, released the majority of the reserve lands on the Peninsula but established formal reservations - Saugeen First Nation Reserve #29 north of the Saugeen River, Chief's Point Reserve No. 28, the Nawash - Owen Sound First Nation Reserve (subsequently surrendered in 1857 under Treaty No. 82), the Cape Crocker or Neyaashiinigiing Reserve No. 27 and a reserve around the Colpoy's Bay (subsequently surrendered in 1861 under Treaty No. 82) (Department of Indian Affairs 1891). Additional and smaller Bruce County parcels were surrendered in 1885 and 1899.

In 1849 when the lands north of Huron District known as the “Queen’s Bush” were surveyed, the new area was named after the Governor General of Canada at the time, James Bruce (Robertson 1906). This new county was created by an Act of Parliament in 1849, dividing the district of Huron into three counties: Huron, Perth and Bruce (Robertson 1906). Bruce County included 12 townships, and the Peninsula (which was still under control of the Saugeen at the time). It is reported that the first European settlers to establish homes in Bruce County were William Withers and Allan Cameron who settled at the mouth of Penetangore River in present day Kincardine during the spring of 1848 (H. Belden & Co 1880). Withers is credited with building the community’s first saw mill. Penetangore is believed to be a corruption of the Algonquin word “Na-Benem-tan-gaugh,” meaning “the river with sand on one side,” which reflected the fact that the river mouth was marked by a clay bluff on one side and a sand dune on the other (Robertson 1906).

The earliest surveys in Bruce County (e.g., the first concession in Huron and Kinloss) were those created to provide access to the Queen’s Bush (Robertson 1906). These were followed by those to establish colonization roads, lots adjacent to these, and along the shore in the Lake Huron townships of Huron, Kincardine, Bruce and Saugeen. One of the earliest “Free Grant” or colonization roads was the Durham Road, cut through the southern Bruce townships in 1848-49, the majority of which were surveyed ca. 1851-1852 (Bruce County Historical Society 2024). The northern townships were surveyed only after the signing of Treaty 72 in 1854.

The earliest European settlers arrived via river routes and from the lake, or along the colonization roads (Robertson 1906). Prior to the cutting of substantial thoroughfares, access to the Bruce was otherwise via Indigenous land trails or waterways. The latter were dotted with small taverns and inns, strategic stopping points for families heading north and westward from earlier settled counties to the south. The earliest foci for settlement were the Lake Huron shores, settlement roads, river mouths and riverside locales that made



effective mill sites and strategic cross roads (Robertson 1906). Saw and grist mills were the focal points for some of the earliest communities in Bruce County that by the mid-19th century also included taverns, churches, schools, stores and post offices.

The census of 1851 (Library and Archives Canada 2018) reported that there were no more than 499 recent settler families living in Bruce County, many of whom lived in shanties, small, rough built early pioneer dwellings that were erected to create temporary shelter and meet the Crown requirements for a land grant. The County's population grew quickly into the 1860s, hastened by the construction of a series of stone roads that provided access between the County's various settlements and much improved land travel.

While settlement progressed relatively steadily across Bruce County from the south and lakeward to the north into the interior lands, it was very much prohibited in some locales by significant swampy zones, including Greenock Swamp (Robertson 1906), as well as a lack of access. Settlements emerged later within the Bruce Peninsula proper, following the release of reserve lands. Whereby many of the townships in southern Bruce County witnessed community development by the mid-1850s, many of the original municipal settlements in Amabel, Albermarle, Eastnor, Lindsay and St. Edmunds were founded in the 1870s and 1880s. Apart from the Indigenous and Métis populations, the earliest settlers of Bruce County were primarily of German, Scottish, Irish and French heritage (Robertson 1906).

Several of the earliest communities in Bruce County townships were unsuccessful, some for a lack of resources and many others for the fact that railroads established in the 1870s bypassed them entirely (e.g., Balaclava) (Robertson 1906:339). Early railways in the Bruce included those built by the Toronto, Grey and Bruce Company in the 1870s (later purchased and upgraded by the Canadian Pacific Railway), the Stratford & Lake Huron Railway, and the Wellington, Grey and Bruce Railway which open in 1876 (Robertson 1906). Many new centres emerged along the rail routes as station sites, while existing communities that were serviced by the rail thrived with the establishment of new business and industries and arrival of a wave of new settlers.

The early settlement of Bruce County followed several themes: the clearing of fertile agricultural lands in areas where suitable soils were present, a shoreline focus that encouraged the development of harbours, ports and shipping locales as well as recreational areas and a focus on plentiful local resources, including fish, timber and minerals (Robertson 1906). Thriving agricultural communities developed, for example in Huron and Culross townships. Active shipping ports emerged in both southern Bruce, at the mouth of the Penatangore River and Inverhuron Bay, and in the north, the latter at Lion's Head. Bruce's earliest major settlement – Penatangore, now Kincardine – at the mouth of the Penatangore River grew around its water access, with the construction of a significant complex of wharves and warehouses. Bruce County waterfront ports became a strategic connection point between trading and manufacturing centres in the Upper Great Lakes and markets in the central interior of Upper Canada and Canada West. Commercial fisheries were established on the Fishing Islands; today, the presence of stone ruins on Main Station Island is a reminder of this early industry to Bruce County's development (Robertson 1906).



2.3.7.2 Bruce Township

The eastern shore of Lake Huron was first surveyed in the early 1820s. Bruce Township was surveyed by Alexander Wilkinson in 1847 (Robertson 1906:314). As early as 1849, pioneers were already clearing areas for settlement. By 1852, William Gunn, after whom Gunn Point is named, built a house on Lake Street, and by 1854 he owned and operated a store and post office (Kummer 1975). Gunn was one of two individuals who helped Crown agent Alexander McNabb during what is referred to as the “Big Land Sale” in the fall of 1854. This sale of land was instrumental in helping squatters become legal landowners (Kearns 1998:8).

During the 1847 survey of Bruce County, the decision was made to designate a new town on the Sauble Town Plot, a set of ten lots along the eastern shore of Inverhuron Bay (Judd 1997:129). A full survey of what would become the Town of Inverhuron was not completed until 1856. An article in the July 3, 1856, issue of the *Sarnia Lambton Observer & Western Adviser* reported that only a very few structures had been built by that time, including two stores, two taverns, and three nearby mills (Kearns 1998:12). The directory of Canada for 1857-1858 records the Town of Inverhuron as having a population of 50 individuals (Kummer 1975).

Early on, the focal point for both residence and industry was the Lake Huron shoreline. In 1858, civil engineer Sandford Fleming was commissioned to carry out a survey of Inverhuron Bay for the purpose of constructing a harbour. He found that with some modification, the natural bay could become serviceable as a commercial port (Fleming 1869:23). In particular, Fleming’s recommendation of building a second pier or breakwater on the north shore of Inverhuron Bay, was essential to making the area a hub of maritime trade (Fleming 1869:24). The town ultimately decided to lengthen the existing pier to enable its use as a commercial dock by schooners and steamers, which directly contributed to the town’s short-term prosperity (Kummer 1975).

Fleming’s survey map shows the proposed location of the pier/breakwater and indicates the presence of a post office just north of the town line between Kincardine and Bruce Townships, at what is now the intersection of Lake Street and Bruce County Road. Once the original pier was extended, commercial activity increased enough to keep a total of three saw mills and one grist mill busy throughout the 1860s. This development resulted in the construction of three warehouses for storing shipments of grain at the west end of Cayley Street, directly south of the original pier on the bay’s eastern shore (Kearns 1998:13-14).

After the United Townships dissolved in 1854, Bruce remained conjoined with Kincardine and Kinloss Townships before separating in 1856 (Robertson 1906:321). In 1999, the Townships of Bruce and Kincardine, and the Town of Kincardine combined to form the Municipality of Kincardine.

2.3.7.3 Inverhuron

During the 1847 survey of Bruce County the decision was made to designate a new town on a set of ten lots along the eastern shore of Inverhuron Bay called the Sauble Town Plot (Judd 1984:129). A full survey of what would become the community of Inverhuron was not completed until 1856. However, as early as 1849, pioneers had already cleared areas for settlement in the area. As previously mentioned, William Gunn had built a house on Lake Street in 1852 and by 1854 he owned and operated a store and post office (Kummer 1975).

An article in the July 3rd, 1856 issue of the *Sarnia Lambton Observer & Western Adviser* reported the existence of a small number of structures including two stores, two taverns and three nearby mills (Kearns 1998:12). The mill sites are shown on an 1855 plan of Inverhuron (Miller 1855). The directory of Canada for 1857-1858 records the Town of Inverhuron as having a population of 50 individuals (Kummer 1975).



Early on, the focal point for both residence and industry was the Lake Huron shoreline. At its peak, Inverhuron had a population of 200 and shipped as many as 100,000 bushels of grain from its port during a single season (Robertson 1906:323). Its size and organization at this point can be seen on an 1880 historic map of Bruce County. While the 1880 map shows that several streets were laid out, it does not show many individual structures. The town's success continued until a large fire on April 13, 1882, destroyed three warehouses that contained as many as 9,000 bushels of grain (Kummer 1975; Kearns 1998:19). Inverhuron, as a major exporter of grain, never recovered from this fire. A second fire in 1887 reduced most of the original town to rubble (Danyleyko 2007). The current community of Inverhuron, which began to take shape in the early 1900s, is located southeast of the original plot of some fifty years earlier.

An investigation of historic settlements in Inverhuron Provincial Park was conducted by Robert Gordon in 1971, and twenty cement cairns were erected to mark the locations of specific sites. The Old School site, for example, represents the location of the former Inverhuron Union School, Section No.1, that operated from 1854 to 1953 in the northeast corner of Victoria and Cayley Streets (Emerson and Swayze 1972; Wright 1952/53:28 in Fitzgerald 2001:32).

2.3.8 Review of Historic Maps

The project area falls within Lot 1, Lake Range Concession, Bruce Township, Bruce County, Ontario. No names or structures are depicted within or near the project area on the 1855 town plot of Inverhuron, though Lot 1 has been separated into smaller parcels (Map 9). Bruce Road 15, Albert Road, Victoria Street and John Street are depicted as open at this time. Similarly, no structures are shown within the project area on the 1880 supplement map of Bruce County, although the project area is shown within the community of Inverhuron (Map 10). Bruce Road 15, Albert Road, Victoria Street and John Street remain open.

Topographic mapping from 1946 depicts a post office near the project area, to the west (Map 11; upper left). Buildings line the lakeshore and Victoria Street; several front Bruce Road 15. A review of a 1954 aerial photograph shows that the project area, and the general area surrounding it, is characterized as woodlot or forested as of this date, with very few clear structures but visible roads (Map 11; upper right). By 2006, the area has seen some urban development though wooded areas continue to border the project area to the north (Map 11; lower left); the project area now has the playground structure, a small baseball diamond to the north, and gravel laneway. A paved and fenced utility box was placed in the western corner by 2015 (Map 11; lower right).

2.3.9 Review of Heritage Properties

There are no designated heritage properties or plaques within 50 m of the project area.



2.4 Analysis and Conclusions

As noted in Section 2.1, the Province of Ontario has identified numerous factors that signal the potential of a property to contain archaeological resources. Based on the archaeological and historical context reviewed above, the project area is in proximity (i.e., within 300 m) to features that signal archaeological potential, namely:

- mapped 19th-century thoroughfares (Bruce Road 15, Albert Road, Victoria Street and John Street);
- registered archaeological sites (BbHj-4 and BbHj-44); and,
- a primary water source (Lake Huron).

2.5 Recommendations

Given that the project area demonstrated potential for the discovery of archaeological resources, a Stage 2 archaeological assessment was recommended. In keeping with provincial standards, the areas within the project area that consist of grassed or treed areas are recommended for assessment by a test pit survey at a 5 m transect interval to achieve the provincial standard. As the project area is considered to have archaeological potential pending Stage 2 field inspection, a separate map detailing zones of archaeological potential is not provided herein (MTC 2011; Section 7.7.4, Standard 1 and Section 7.7.6, Standards 1 and 2).

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3 STAGE 2 ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT

3.1 Field Methods

All fieldwork was undertaken in good weather and lighting conditions. No conditions were encountered that would hinder the identification or recovery of artifacts. The project area boundaries were determined in the field based on proponent mapping and landscape features.

The project area is comprised of non-ploughable lands (manicured grass), a gravelled laneway leading to a paved basketball court, a former baseball diamond, and a paved playground. As such, the project area was subject to a standard test pit assessment, employing a 5 m transect interval (77.5%; 0.31 ha; Images 1 and 2). Test pits measuring at least 30 cm (shovel-width) were excavated through the first 5 cm of subsoil with all fill screened through 6 mm hardware cloth. Once screening was finished, the stratigraphy in the test pits was examined and then the pits were backfilled as best as possible, tamped down by foot and shovel and re-capped with sod. Test pitting extended up to 1 m from all standing features, including trees and buildings, when present.

It was anticipated that when cultural material was found, the test pit survey would be intensified (reduced to 2.5 m) to determine the size of the site. If not enough archaeological materials were recovered from the intensification test pits, a 1 m² test unit would be excavated atop of one of the positive test pits to gather additional information.

Test pits throughout the project area exhibited noticeable variation in depth and stratigraphy that required a deep test survey throughout. This was especially important given the known presence of deeply buried sites within the general vicinity of the project area. The soil layers encountered here are likely a reflection of past shorelines, with the uppers layers representing more recent soil deposition ovetop the former cobble beach, which lays on top of the C horizon, represented by bedrock. Impacts from potential grading and landscaping events were occasionally visible in the upper soils layers.

Within the western corner, Stratigraphic Profile #1 was encountered. Test pits contained four layers: Layer 1 (0 – 10 cm) was brown sandy loam; Layer 2 (15 – 50 cm) was light brown sand with limestone and cobble intrusions; Layer 3 (50 – 85 cm) was gray coarse sand with large cobble/shell intrusions; and Layer 4 (85 cm) was gray-white bedrock (Image 3). Buried utilities lined this area, running roughly parallel to Bruce Road, and two solar panels are present in a small paved and fenced area at the northwestern-most corner.

Across the centre of the project area, Stratigraphic Profile # 2 was encountered. The four layers consisted of: Layer 1 (0 – 15 cm), brown sandy loam; Layer 2 (15 – 35 cm), dark brown sand with small cobble intrusions and gray sand mottling; Layer 3 (35 – 50 cm), gray coarse sand with large cobble intrusions; and Layer 4 (50 cm), gray-white bedrock (Image 4). This section appears slightly gravelled in the 2006 aerial photo (Map 11; lower left).

The north and south portions of the project area likewise contained four layers, and was identified as Stratigraphic Profile #3: Layer 1 (0 – 10 cm), brown sandy loam; Layer 2 (10 – 40 cm), gray/light brown sand with compact pea pebbles/large cobble intrusions; Layer 3 (40 – 65 cm), dark brown coarse sand with compact small and large cobble intrusions with pockets of yellow silt pocket; and Layer 4 (65 cm), gray-white bedrock (Image 5). A baseball diamond was once placed at the northern corner (Map 11; lower left) but has since grown over with grass, leaving only the backstop fence.



As per Section 2.1, Standard 2 of the *Standards and Guidelines* (MTC 2011:28-29), certain physical features and deep land alterations are considered as having low archaeological potential and are thus exempt from the standard test pit survey. Approximately 22.5% (0.09 ha) of the project area was disturbed, consisting of the existing gravel laneway, paved basketball court, and paved playground which was situated atop a sandy berm (Images 6 - 8). These areas were photo-documented.

Map 12 illustrates the Stage 2 field conditions and assessment methods; the location and orientation of all photographs appearing in this report are also shown on this map. No attempt was made to present the Stage 2 results on the proponent mapping. The proponent mapping was supplied as a KMZ file and it was confirmed that the survey should be limited to the open lands, as the treed area would not be impacted by the undertaking. An unaltered proponent map showing the municipal parcel is provided as Map 13. Map 14 presents the summary of archaeological potential for the entirety of the municipal parcel.

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3.2 Record of Finds

No archaeological materials or sites were identified during the Stage 2 archaeological assessment of the project area. Table 4 provides an inventory of the documentary records generated during this project.

All files are currently being stored at the TMHC corporate office located at 1108 Dundas Street, Unit 105, London, ON, N5W 3A7.

Table 4: Documentary Records

Date	Field Notes	Field Maps	Digital Images
June 19, 2024	Digital and hard copies	Digital and hard copies	34 images
June 20, 2024	Digital and hard copies	Digital and hard copies	26 images

3.3 Analysis and Conclusions

A Stage 2 field assessment was conducted in keeping with the MCM’s *Standards and Guidelines* (MTC 2011). The test pit survey did not result in the documentation of archaeological resources.

3.4 Recommendations

All work met provincial standards and no archaeological material was documented during the assessment. As such, no further archaeological assessment is recommended (Map 12).

Should proposed impacts extend beyond the lands assessed for this project, then additional assessment may be required (Map 14). It is also noted that portion of the property parcel along its northern edge was also previously assessed and was not recommended for further assessment (PIF P349-057-2012).

These recommendations are subject to the conditions laid out in Section 5.0 of this report and to the MCM’s review and acceptance of this report into the provincial register.



4 SUMMARY

A Stage 1 and 2 archaeological assessment was conducted as part of the Tiverton Water Supply Environmental Assessment to investigate options for increasing the water supply in the community of Tiverton, Municipality of Kincardine, Ontario. The project area is roughly 0.4 ha (0.99 ac) in size and is located within Lot 1, Lake Range Concession, in the Geographic Township of Bruce, Bruce County. The Stage 1 assessment revealed that the project area had potential for the discovery of archaeological resources and a Stage 2 survey was recommended and carried out. The Stage 2 assessment (test pit assessment at a 5 m interval) did not result in the documentation of archaeological resources. As such, no further archaeological assessment is recommended.

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5 ADVICE ON COMPLIANCE WITH LEGISLATION

This report is submitted to the MCM as a condition of licensing in accordance with Part VI of the *Ontario Heritage Act*, R.S.O 1990, c 0.18. The report is reviewed to ensure that it complies with the standards and guidelines that are issued by the minister, and that the archaeological fieldwork and report recommendations ensure the conservation, protection and preservation of the cultural heritage of Ontario. When all matters relating to archaeological sites within the project area of a development proposal have been addressed to the satisfaction of the MCM, a letter will be issued by the ministry stating that there are no further concerns with regard to alterations to archaeological sites by the proposed development.

It is an offence under Sections 48 and 69 of the *Ontario Heritage Act* for any party other than a licensed archaeologist to make any alteration to a known archaeological site or to remove any artifact or other physical evidence of past human use or activity from the site, until such time as a licensed archaeologist has completed archaeological fieldwork on the site, submitted a report to the minister stating that the site has no further cultural heritage value or interest, and the report has been filed in the Ontario Public Register of Archaeology Reports referred to in Section 65.1 of the *Ontario Heritage Act*.

Should previously undocumented (i.e., unknown or deeply buried) archaeological resources be discovered, they may be a new archaeological site and therefore subject to Section 48(1) of the *Ontario Heritage Act*. The proponent or person discovering the archaeological resources must cease alteration of the site immediately and engage a licensed consultant archaeologist to carry out archaeological fieldwork, in compliance with Section 48(1) of the *Ontario Heritage Act*.

The *Funeral, Burial and Cremation Services Act*, 2002, S.O. 2002, c.33 requires that any person discovering human remains must notify the police or coroner and Ian Hember, Registrar of Burial Sites, Ontario Ministry of Public and Business Service Delivery. His telephone number is 416-212-7499 and e-mail address is Ian.Hember@ontario.ca.

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- 2012a *Stage 2 Archaeological Assessment K2 Wind Power Project, Township of Ashfield-Colborne-Wawanosh, Huron County, Ontario.* Licensee, Holly Martelle; P064-284-2009. Report on file with the MCM.
- 2012b *Stage 2 Archaeological Assessment, Second Addendum to Previous Work, K2 Wind Power Project, Collector System and Transmission Lines, Layout 194 Turbine and MET Tower Additions/Relocations, Geographic Township of Ashfield, Now Township of Ashfield-Colborne-Wawanosh, Huron County, Ontario.* Licensee, John Sweeney; P349-025-2012. Report on file with the MCM.
- 2015 *Stage 2 Archaeological Assessment Municipal Class Environmental Assessment for Water and Sanitary Sewage Servicing, Community of Inverhuron, Municipality of Kincardine, Bruce County, Ontario.* Licensee, John Sweeney; P349-057-2012. Report on file with the MCM.
- 2017 *Stage 3 Archaeological Assessment Location 1 (BbHj-4), Location 3 (BbHj-8), Location 5/6 (BbHj-41), Location 8 (BbHj-42), Location 9 (BbHj43) & Location 12 (BbHj-25) Class EA for Water and Sanitary Sewer Improvements Community of Inverhuron, Municipality of Kincardine, Bruce County, Ontario.* Licensee Janet Gardner; P1020-0004-2014 (Loc.1); P1020-0006-2014 (Loc.2/3); P1020-0005-2014 (Loc.5/6); P1020-0008-2011 (Loc.8); P1020-0009-2014 (Loc.9); P1020-0012-2014 (Loc.12). Report on file with the MCM.
- 2021 *Stage 2 Recommendations Review Location 13 (BbHj-44) Lot 42, West of Victoria Street Community of Inverhuron, Municipality of Kincardine, Bruce County, Ontario.* Licensee James Taylor Sherratt; P074-0089-2021. Report on file with the MCM.

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7 IMAGES

DRAFT

Image 1: Test Pit Survey at 5 m Interval

Looking North; Note Utility Markers, Gravel Driveway



Image 2: Test Pit Survey at 5 m Interval

Looking Northeast



Image 3: Typical Test Pit in Western Corner



Image 4: Typical Test Pit at Centre, Northeast of Playground



Image 5: Typical Test Pit, South of Former Baseball Diamond



Image 6: Gravel Laneway

Looking Southwest



Image 7: Paved Basketball Court

Looking Northwest



Image 8: Berm Around Playground

Looking Northeast

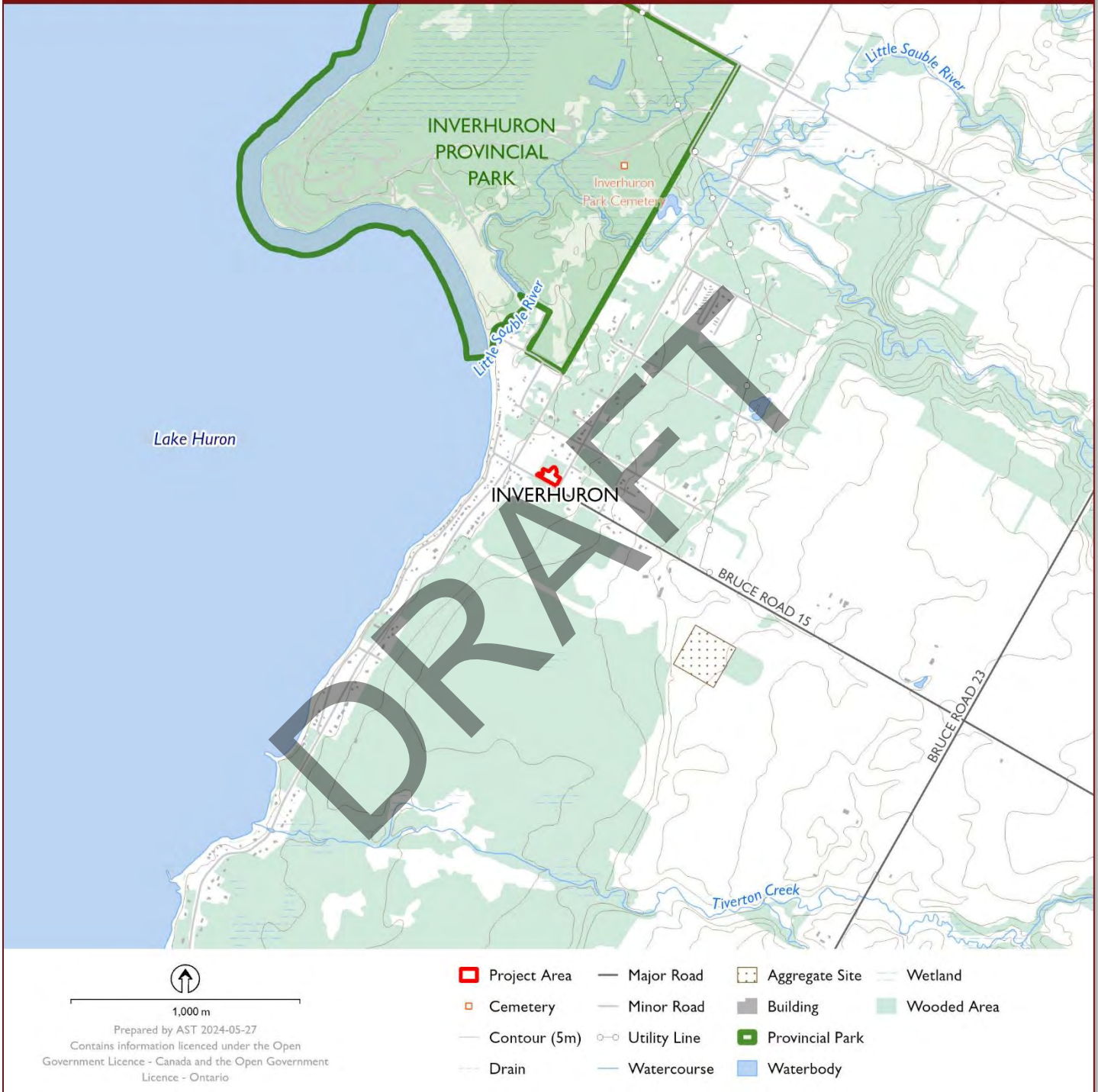




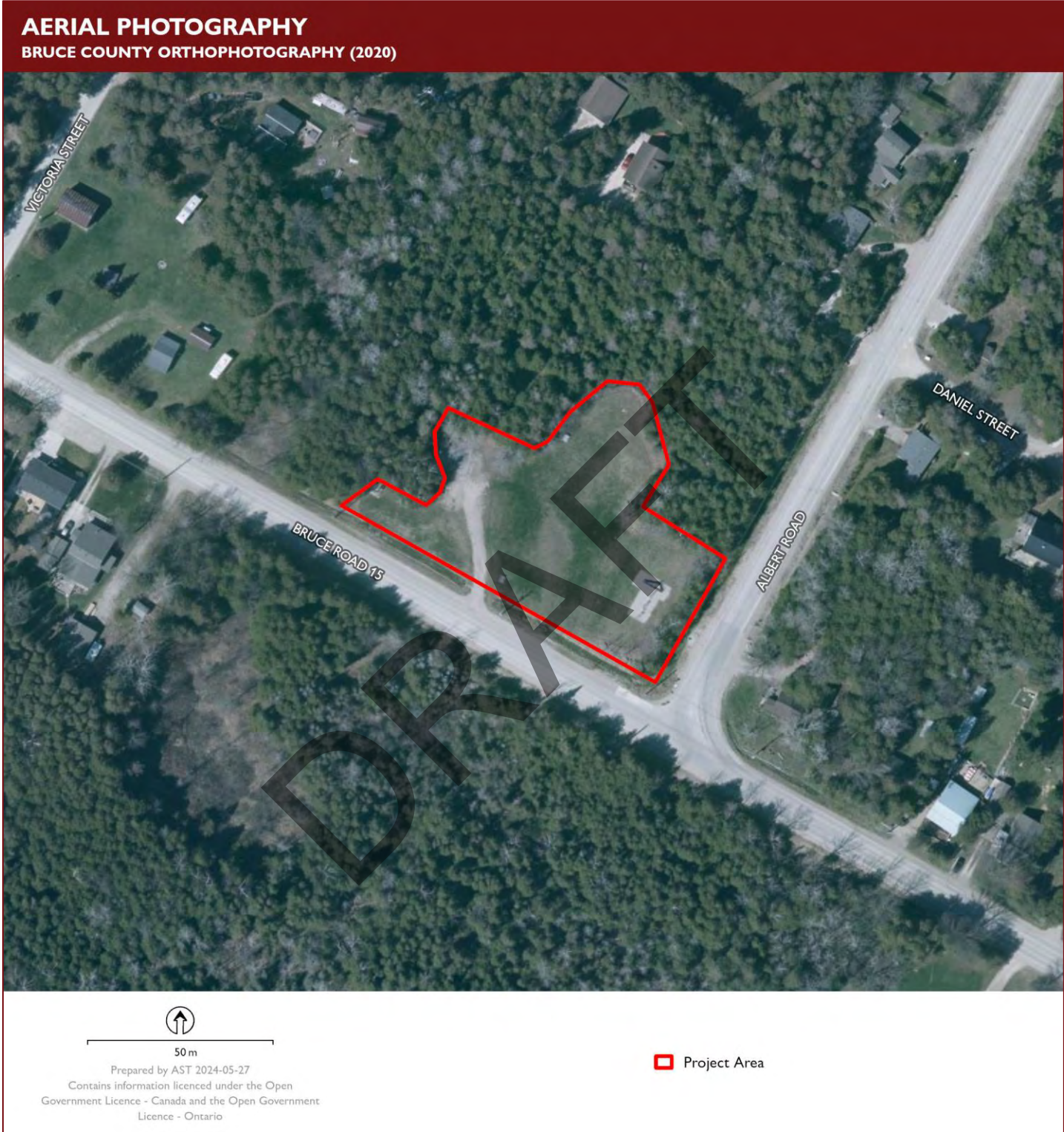
8 MAPS

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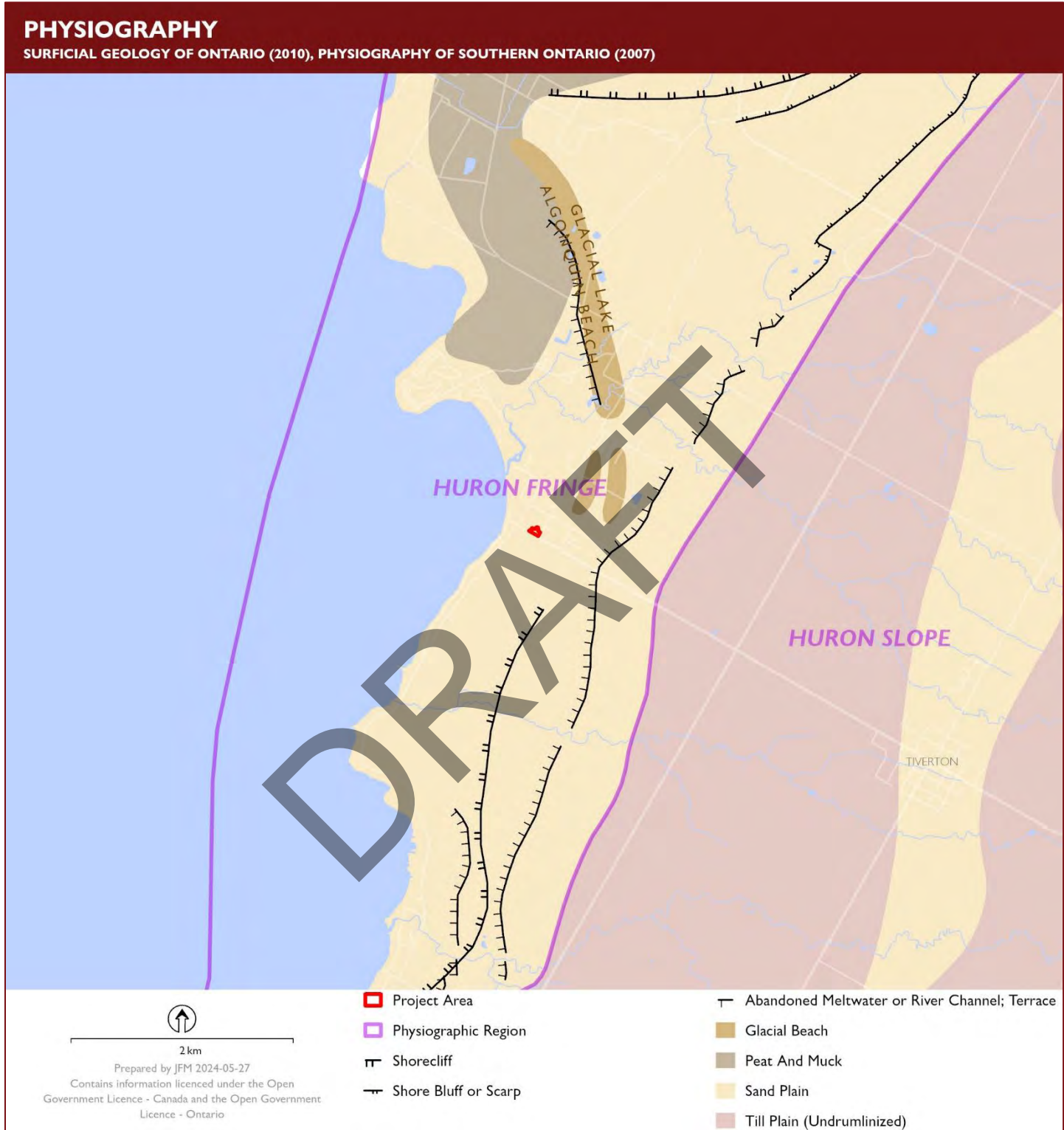
PROJECT LOCATION



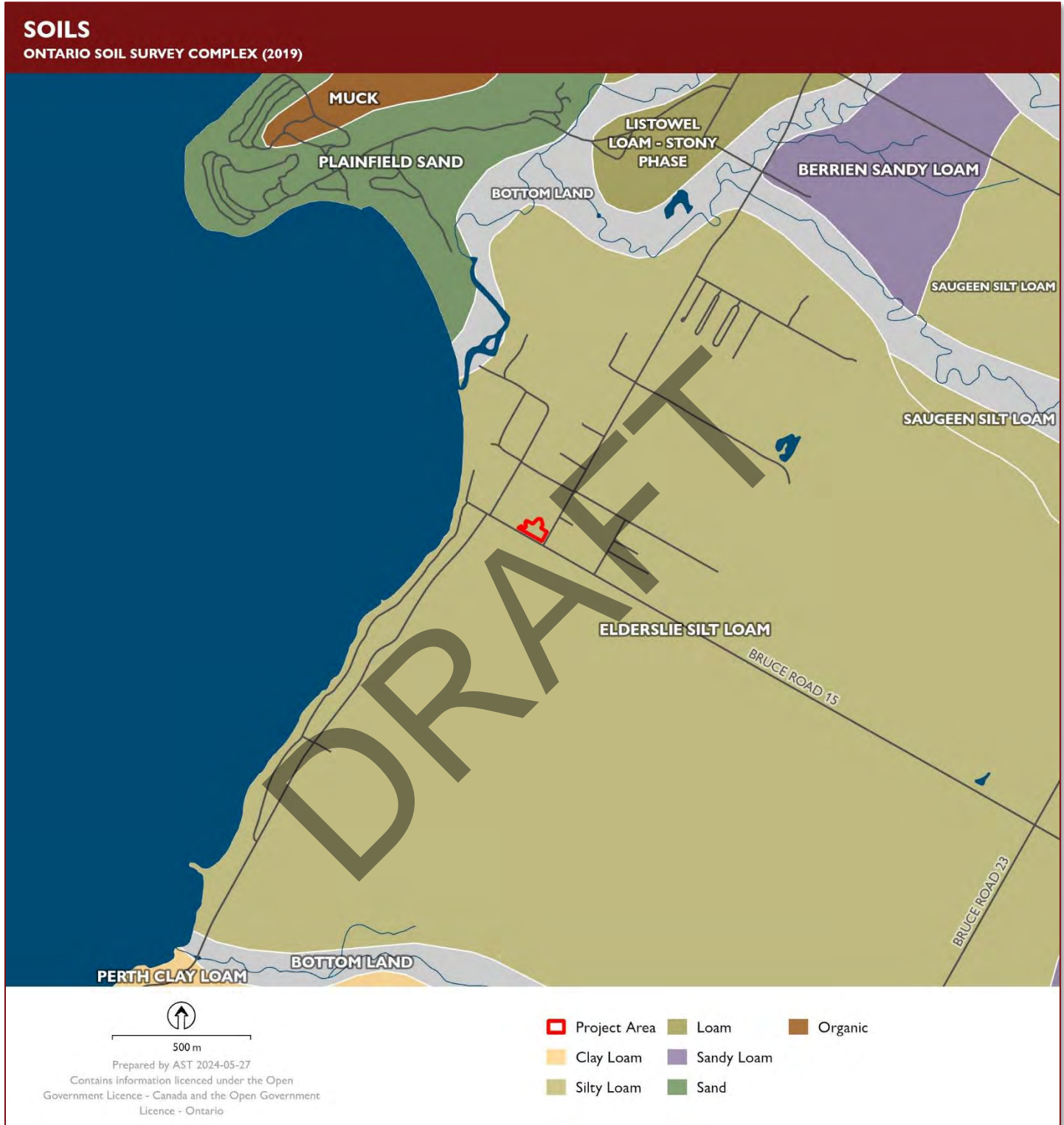
Map 1: Location of the Project Area in Bruce County, ON



Map 2: Aerial Photograph Showing the Location of the Project Area

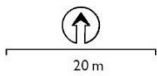


Map 3: Physiography Within the Vicinity of the Project Area



Map 4: Soils Within the Vicinity of the Project Area

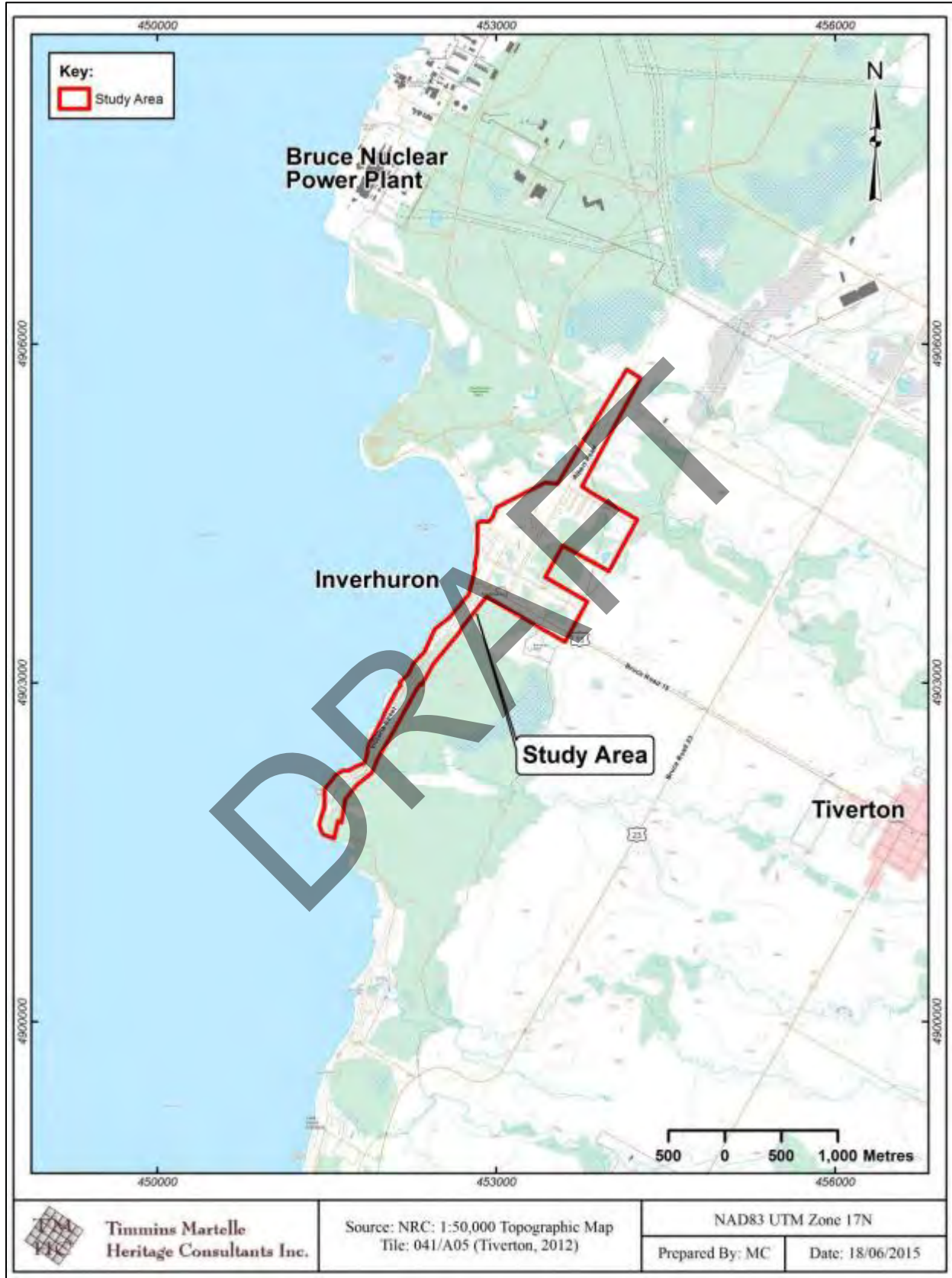
TIVERTON WATER SUPPLY
PREVIOUSLY ASSESSED



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- ▭ Project Area
- Previously Assessed**
- ▭ P083-032-2010
- ▭ P349-057-2012
- ▭ P083-340-2019

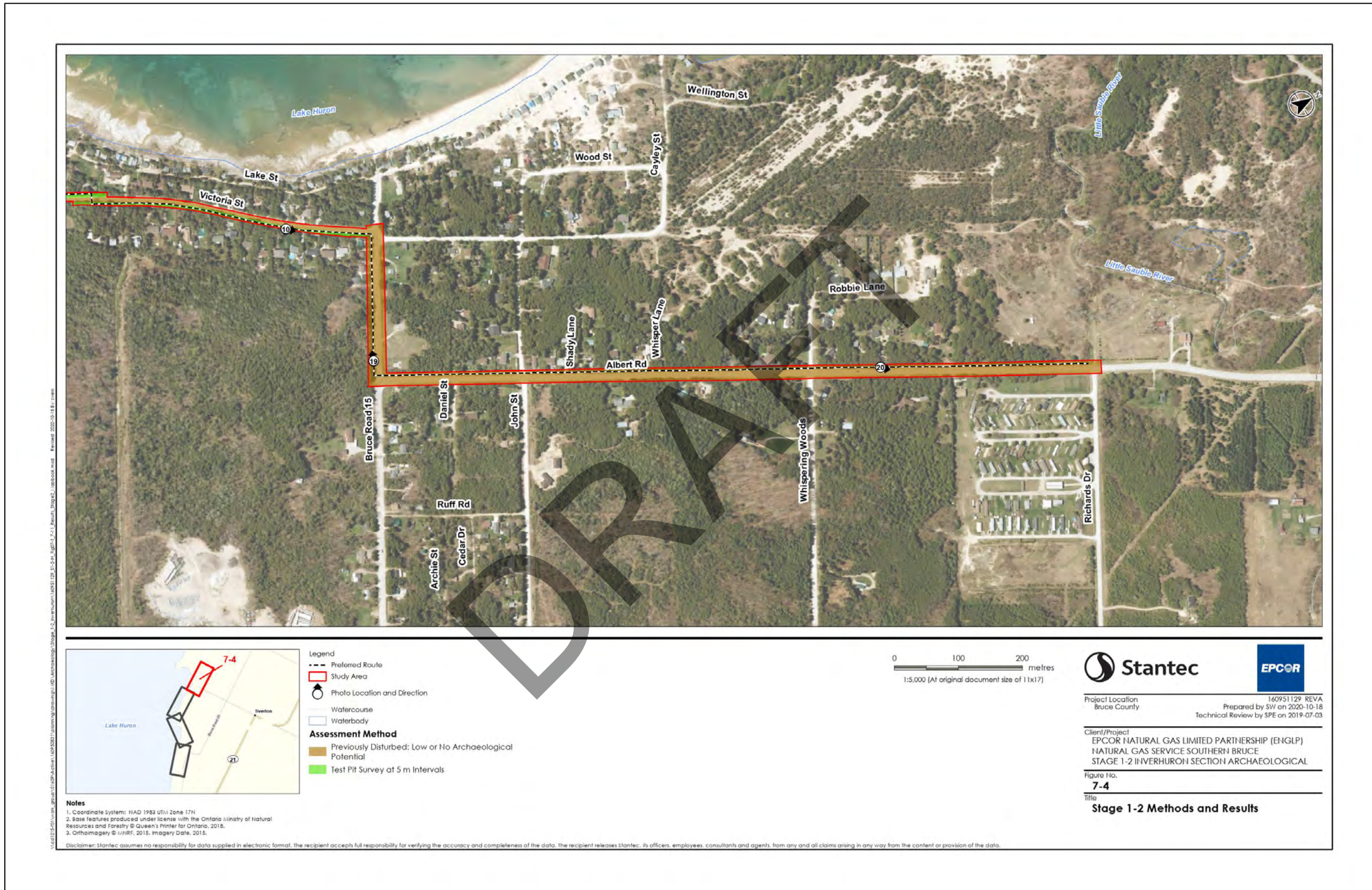
Map 5: Overview of Previous Assessments within 50 m



Map 6: Water and Sanitary Sewer Improvements, Previous Stage I Archaeological Assessment (TMHC 2011)



Map 7: Water and Sanitary Sewage Servicing, Previous Stage 2 Archaeological Assessment (TMHC 2015)



Map 8: Southern Bruce Natural Gas Pipeline (Stantec 2020)

1855 HISTORIC MAP

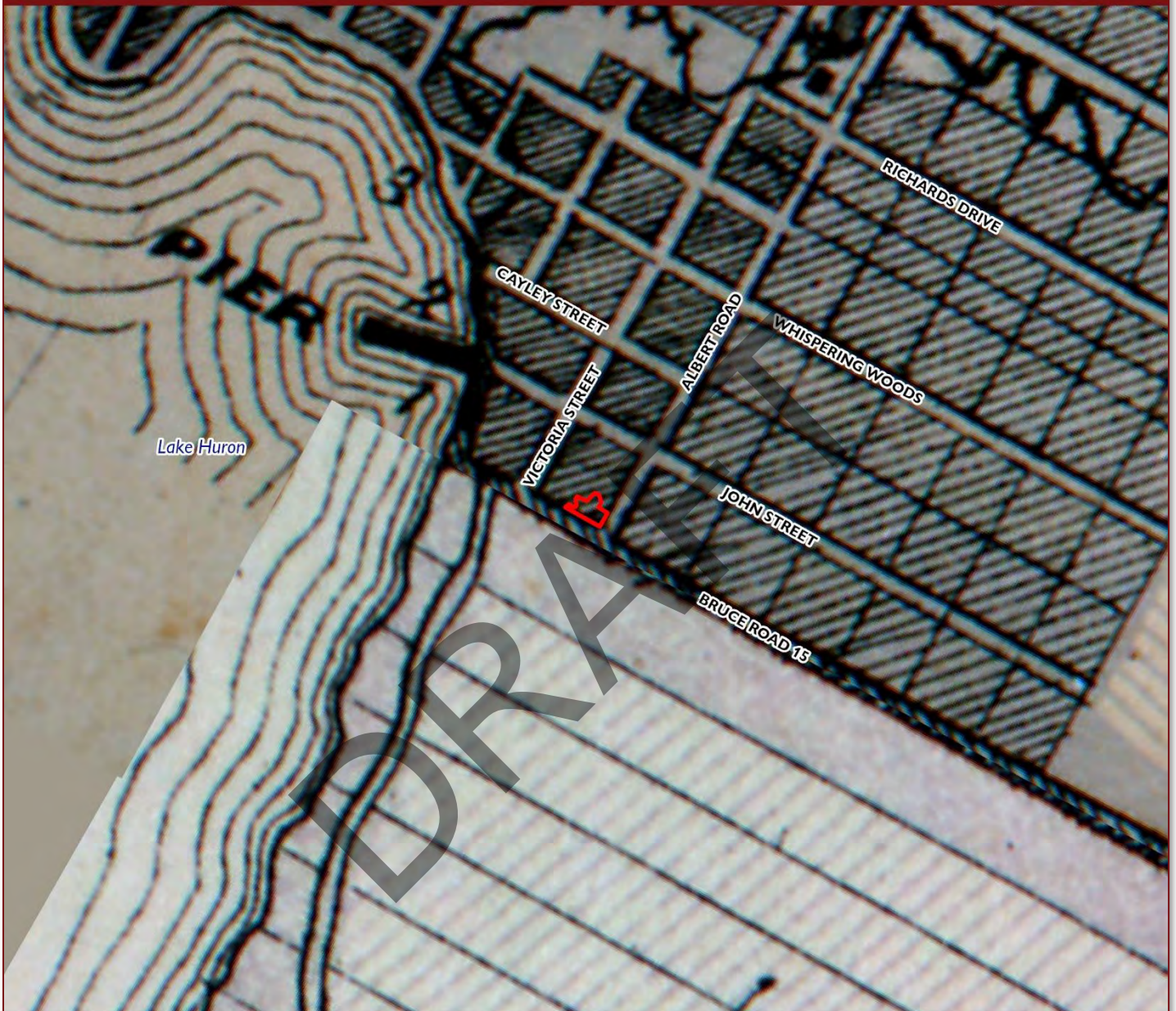
PLAN OF THE TOWN PLOT OF INVERHURON



Map 9: Location of the Project Area Shown on the 1855 Plan of the Town Plot of Inverhuron

1880 HISTORIC MAP

BRUCE SUPPLEMENT IN ILLUSTRATED ATLAS OF THE DOMINION OF CANADA



600 m

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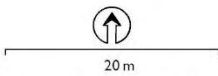
 Project Area

Map 10: Location of the Project Area Shown on the 1880 Map of Bruce County



Map II: Location of the Project Area on a 1946 Topographic Map, and 1954, 2006, and 2015 Aerial Imagery

TIVERTON WATER SUPPLY
STAGE 2 METHODS



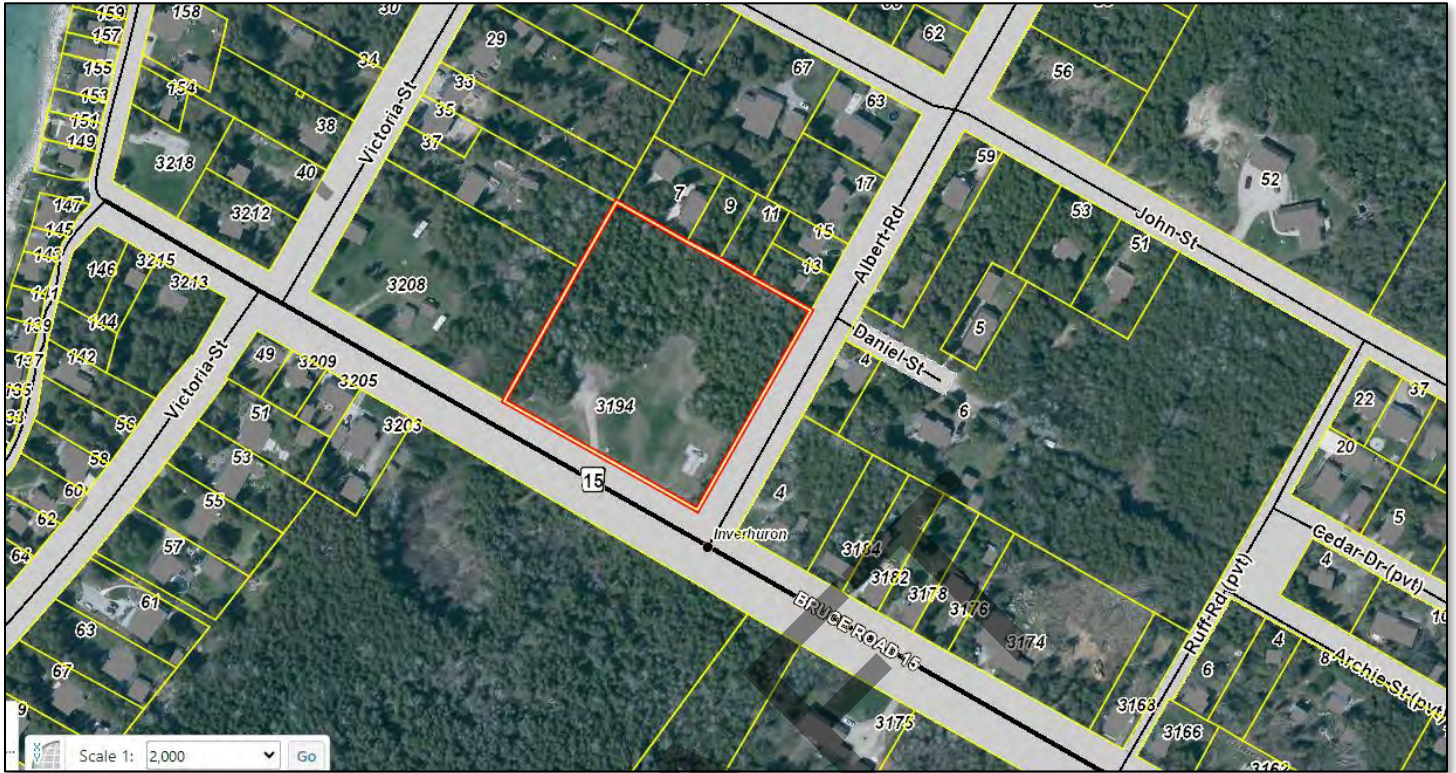
Prepared by AST 2024-07-17
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- Project Area
- Report Photo
- ▨ Soil Profile #1
- ▨ Soil Profile #2
- ▨ Soil Profile #3

STAGE 2 ASSESSMENT METHODS

- Areas of Archaeological Potential*
- Grassed, Treed (Test Pit Survey, 5m Interval)
- Areas of Low Archaeological Potential*
- Not Surveyed, Photo Documented*
- Disturbed (Gravelled and Paved Surfaces,
Built-Up Playground)

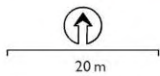
Map I2: Stage 2 Field Conditions and Assessment Methods



Map 13: Unaltered Proponent Mapping Depicting Property Parcel
Note: Directions Provided by Proponent to Restrict Project Area to Open (Un-treed) Lands

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TIVERTON WATER SUPPLY
SUMMARY OF ARCHAEOLOGICAL POTENTIAL



Prepared by AST 2024-07-10
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- Project Area
- Subject Property
- OUTSTANDING ARCHAEOLOGICAL CONCERN**
- Further Archaeological Assessment Required
- No Further Archaeological Assessment Required

Map 14: Summary of Archaeological Potential

**Stage 1-2 Archaeological Assessment
Tiverton Water Supply EA
3194 Bruce Road 15, Inverhuron
Part of Lot 1, Lake Range Concession
Geographic Township of Bruce
Municipality of Kincardine
Bruce County, Ontario**

SUPPLEMENTARY DOCUMENTATION

NOT FOR PUBLIC CIRCULATION

DRAFT



Licensee: Amanda Parks, MA (P450)

PIF No: P450-0132-2024

Project No: 2024-195

Dated: July 17, 2024



Summary of Indigenous Engagement

Saugeen Ojibway Nation (SON) was engaged as part of this project. Initial engagement and communications regarding fieldwork were directed through email by BM Ross, on behalf of the Municipality of Kincardine. Amanda Parks of TMHC circulated deployment information. A representative from SON was present during the Stage 2 fieldwork for fulsome participation, including discussions around test pitting strategies and results. A copy of the report will be provided to SON for review and comment prior to the submission of this report to the MCM.

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Appendix B
Hydrogeological Report

DRAFT

August 6, 2024

Mr. Andrew Garland, P. Eng.
B. M. Ross and Associates Limited
62 North Street
Goderich, ON
N7A 2T4

**Wilson
Associates**

Consulting Hydrogeologists

Dear Mr. Garland:

Re: Desktop Analysis of Future Well Field Yield Potential
Community of Tiverton, Municipality of Kincardine

As requested, in support of a Class EA to review alternatives to increase water supply in the Community of Tiverton, we have reviewed historical files as well as readily available background hydrogeological information to provide a preliminary opinion of future groundwater yield viability for municipal supply in Tiverton. It is understood that future combined water demand requirements of 1,235m³/day are anticipated within a 20-year time frame, and that future combined yield requirements of 1,430m³/day are anticipated within a 40-year time frame.

Tiverton is currently supplied with water from three municipal water wells, these being the Dent Well #2 and Briar Hill Wells #1 and #2. The Dent well is located in the southwest part of Tiverton, on Smith Street near Sara Street. The Briar Hill wells are located in the northern part of Tiverton, at the south end of Conquergood Avenue. The current available daily yield from these three wells is 970.5m³/day maximum (combination of Dent Well #2 and Briar Hill Well #2), and therefore additional yield of upwards of 460m³/day will be required.

For this analysis, the following were reviewed:

- Evaluation of Existing Municipal Wells and Hydrogeological Regime, Village of Tiverton, Dames & Moore, Canada, October 29, 1992.
- Hydrogeological Assessment of the Tiverton Groundwater Supply for GUDI, Lotowater Ltd., June 14, 2002.
- Well Evaluation, Production Well 2, Dent Well Field, Community of Tiverton, Ian D. Wilson Associates Limited (Wilson), February 2, 2004.
- Well Evaluation, Production Well 2, Briar Hill Well Field, Wilson, October 2, 2006.
- Monitoring Data Analysis Report (2007-2016), Briar Hill Wells #1 and #2, Dent Well #2, Community of Tiverton, Wilson, January 9, 2017.
- Desktop Review Assessment of Groundwater Supply Potential, Bruce Power Development, Wilson, May 22, 2018.

- **Monitoring Data Analysis Report (2017-July 2020), Briar Hill Wells #1 and #2, Dent Well #2, Community of Tiverton, Wilson, October 13, 2020.**
- **Permit to Take Water No. 5581-BVHT5L (the PTTW), issued January 21, 2021, expires January 22, 2031.**
- **Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP) water well records database.**
- **MECP Access Environment website.**
- **Other background documents, as detailed below.**

GEOLOGICAL SETTING

The community of Tiverton is located within the Huron Slope physiographic region of southern Ontario, a clay plain situated nearby the eastern shore of Lake Huron between the Algonquin shore cliff and the Wyoming Moraine to the east. According to the Ministry of Natural Resources Map P.2314 "Quaternary Geology of the Chesley-Tiverton Area", the upper soils in the vicinity of the Dent and Briar Hill wells are described as glaciolacustrine deposits of silt and clay, likely underlain by St. Joseph Till, a clayey silt to silt till.

According to the records for Dent Well #2 and former Dent Well #1, the overburden is between 37 and 38 metres deep and, except for an isolated upper overburden granular lens, consists mostly of fine-grained deposits described as clay or hardpan. According to the records for the two wells at the Briar Hill well field, the overburden at the well field is somewhat thicker, at between 47 and 51 metres deep, and consists essentially entirely of fine-grained deposits described as clay or hardpan. A review of the Ministry of the Environment water well record database for the area indicates a similar geologic log for most other local wells, this being a predominantly fine-grained overburden with discontinuous lenses of granular materials occasionally reported in the upper overburden. It is noted that several records for water wells about 1 to 2 km east and southeast of Tiverton report a substantial granular deposit in the lower overburden.

The bedrock beneath the site consists of limestone and dolostone of the Middle Devonian Detroit River Group of rock.

The bedrock aquifer is regionally the primary source of potable groundwater. As with any bedrock aquifer, well yields can vary considerably between sites due to distribution and connection of fracture systems in the rock.

WATER WELL DATA**Well Construction and Historical Testing Summary:**

The following provides a summary of basic well construction and historical testing details for the three current Tiverton municipal wells. Copies of the water well records are attached.

	Briar Hill Well #1	Briar Hill Well #2	Dent Well #2
Construction Date	August 1971	June 2006	Sept. 2003
MECP Water Well Record #	14-2748	A030071	14-10577
Well Depth	93.0m	93.0m	87.2m
Well Casing Setting	47.6m	52.1m	39.0m
Open Bedrock Borehole	47.6m to 93.0m	52.1m to 93.0m	39.0m to 87.2m
Static Water Level	13.7m*	22.69m	18.91m
Available Drawdown in Casing	33.9m	29.4m	20.1m
Pumping Test Rate	273L/min*	500L/min	273L/min
Test Period	24 hours*	24 hours	24 hours
Drawdown During Testing	24.4m*	15.93m	19.00m
Percent Available Drawdown Used	72%*	54%	95%
Specific Capacity	11.2L/min/m*	31.4L/min/m	14.4L/min/m

Note: * Contractor's test data, as reported on the original water well record.

During the 2003/2006 well testing programs, the quality of water from the two well fields was identified to be mineralized (i.e. total dissolved solids exceeding 500mg/L), with the water from Dent Well #2 being aesthetically worse than the water from Briar Hill Well #2. Elevated sulphate (Dent Well #2 only), iron (Dent Well #2 only), fluoride and sodium (above 20mg/L) were also identified in the water from both wells in 2003/2006.

Tiverton PTTW Summary:

The PTTW (copy attached) authorizes the following rates of withdrawal from the three current Tiverton municipal wells:

- Briar Hill Well #1 - 364L/min, 24 hours per day to 524,160L/day
- Briar Hill Well #2 - 500L/min, 24 hours per day to 720,000L/day

Withdrawals from Briar Hill Wells #1 and #2 cannot be concurrent.

- Dent Well #2 - 273L/min, 24 hours per day to 250,500L/day (limited by aquifer recharge)
- Combined available daily yield = 970.5m³/day maximum

Other Local Permits:

According to MECP Access Environment, there are no other active PTTW's in the Tiverton Area. A PTTW (No 1154-AZELR6, copy attached) was until recently in effect for the Teeswater Concrete site at the east end of Tiverton at 180 Main Street (about 1.3km to the east of Dent Well #2), but expired in January 2024. It is unknown if it is intended by the landowner to renew the Teeswater Concrete PTTW.

The Teeswater Concrete PTTW allowed for the combined maximum taking of up to 500m³/day from two wells (the Teeswater Concrete PTTW references Wells PW-1 (A061744) and OW-1 (14-02397 [sic], which is likely 14-02307), copies attached) on a maximum of 15 days in a calendar year, up to 300m³/day for an additional 30 days per year, and up to 200,000m³/day for the remainder of the year. While the rationale for the staggered yield PTTW is unknown, slow aquifer recharge is one likely factor in establishing such a pumping scenario. The long-term safe yield of 200m³/day (320 days per year) is consistent with the long term yield of Dent Well #2 (250.5m³/day), which was reduced from the test rate of 393m³/day after analysis of aquifer recharge rates following the 2003 pumping test program.

All other historical Permits in the vicinity of Tiverton have been for surface water diversion during bridge construction projects, and are expired.

Water Well Records Analysis

Reported Well Yields:

The MECP water well record database currently contains the records for 74 water wells within about 2km of Tiverton. Records for well upgrades, abandonments and shallow environmental wells are not included. A summary table of the 74 water well records and photo-reduced copies of the records are attached for reference.

The average well in the study area is completed to a depth of 60.0m in the bedrock aquifer, and is reported to yield an average of 95L/min for a period of at least 4.4 hours, substantially more than sufficient for domestic water demand. Only six of the 74 reported wells (8%) are reported by contractors to have been tested at minimum rates typical of modest municipal demand (i.e. ≥ 200 L/min (44igpm), four of these being at the Dent and Briar Hill well fields, the fifth being for a trailer park west of Tiverton, and the sixth being one of the Teeswater Concrete wells nearby to the east of Tiverton.

Theoretical Yields:

As most water wells in the vicinity of Tiverton have been completed for domestic purposes, and therefore have not been subjected to higher rate contractor's pumping tests, an analysis of contractor's pumping test data was conducted to identify theoretical higher-yielding wells. The theoretical yield of the wells was assessed by identifying the specific yields of each well (pumping rate divided by the drawdown), and then multiplying the specific yield by the available drawdown in the wells (distance from static water level to the bedrock surface in each well). The theoretical yields were then multiplied by a safety factor of 50% to 80% (depending on test rate) to account for well efficiency losses at higher pumping rates, inconsistent contractor's reporting of the depths to upper water bearing zones and inconsistent contractor's reporting of pumping tests results. The attached water well record summary table provides the results of the theoretical well yield analysis.

Based on this theoretical yield analysis, approximately 40 of the 74 reported water wells (54%) in the community may be capable of a minimum factored theoretical yield typical of a modest municipal demand (i.e. $\geq 200\text{L}/\text{min}$ (44igpm)). About 24 wells in the community (32%) may be capable of substantial factored theoretical municipal well yield (i.e. $\geq 454\text{L}/\text{min}$ (100igpm)).

A review of the locations of the theoretically higher-yielding wells (i.e. $\geq 454\text{L}/\text{min}$ (100igpm)) indicates that the majority of these wells are located within the community of Tiverton, and to the south and west of Tiverton. The density of theoretically higher-yielding wells appears to decrease to the north and northeast of Tiverton.

A review of the depths of the theoretically higher-yielding wells indicates that the majority of these wells are completed in the upper 20m of the bedrock. Deeper drilling is not indicated to consistently obtain greater well yields.

As indicated above, aquifer recharge rates are limited in portions of the community, and for planning purposes, each properly-spaced (see interference potential below) future successful well field site should conservatively be assumed to be capable of a safe long-term yield in the range of $250\text{m}^3/\text{day}$.

Monitoring Data:

Based on the most recent available data from the 2020 Monitoring Data Analysis Report (charts attached), overall late 2017 to July 2020 water level data (when transducers appear to be operating correctly) for Briar Hill Well #1, Briar Hill Well #2 and Dent Well #2 is indicative of stable static water levels, with pumping levels generally within the range of water level response during the applicable 2003/2006 well testing programs. However, the reported low water data for each of the three wells indicates that at times, the wells appear to be using most of the available drawdown (above base of casing). It is recommended that the water level in a bedrock well be maintained above the base of well casing, wherever possible, so that the open bedrock portion of the well is not exposed to air. Accordingly, based on previous testing results and the available historical monitoring data, a meaningful increase in the permitted rates of withdrawal are unlikely for the three current Tiverton wells.

Interference Potential:

During the 2003 24 hour pumping test conducted on Dent Well #2, water levels were observed on a regular basis in former Dent Well #1 which is located 13.3m from Dent Well #2. No other wells are known to exist within approximately 400m of the Dent Well Field. The water level in Dent Well #1 lowered a total of 5.83m by the conclusion of pumping from PW2. This agrees with a Theis estimation of the degree of drawdown at PW1 (5.79m), assuming a transmissivity value of $25\text{m}^2/\text{day}$, a storage coefficient of 3×10^{-3} and a rate of taking of $384.9\text{m}^3/\text{day}$.

During the 2006 24 hour pumping test conducted on Briar Hill Well #2, water levels were observed on a regular basis in Briar Hill Well #1 (approximately 25m from Briar Hill Well #2) and in a well at 12 King Street (approximately 350m from Briar Hill Well #2). The water level in Briar Hill Well #1 lowered a total of 9.75m by the conclusion of pumping from Briar Hill Well #2. The water level at 12 King Street lowered a total of 2.76m by the conclusion of pumping from Briar Hill Well #2, but was in occasional use during the testing program. The degree of interference at Briar Hill Well #1 agrees with a Cooper and Jacob estimation of the degree of drawdown at PW1 (9.56m), assuming a transmissivity value of $30\text{m}^2/\text{day}$, a storage coefficient of 1×10^{-3} and a rate of taking of $772\text{m}^3/\text{day}$. The degree of interference at 12 King Street agrees with a Cooper and Jacob estimation of the degree of drawdown at 12 King Street (2.83m), assuming a transmissivity value of $46\text{m}^2/\text{day}$, a storage coefficient of 1×10^{-4} and a rate of taking of $772\text{m}^3/\text{day}$.

The interference observations collected during the 2003 and 2006 well testing programs indicate that for planning purposes higher-yielding future municipal wells should conservatively be spaced apart approximately a similar distance to the Dent-Briar Hill distance (i.e. $\geq 700\text{m}$) so that mutual interference potential is minimized. Furthermore, for planning purposes future municipal wells should conservatively be set back from existing domestic wells a similar distance to the Briar Hill Well #2 to 12 King Street distance (i.e. $\geq 350\text{m}$) to avoid adverse interference potential at domestic wells. Should Teeswater Concrete elect to renew the PTTW for 180 Main Street, future well site setbacks from 180 Main Street will also need to be established to also avoid adverse mutual interference.

SUMMARY:

1. The bedrock aquifer is the only realistically viable aquifer for municipal use.
2. The water from the bedrock aquifer can be expected to be mineralized, with potential for elevated total dissolved solids, sulphate, iron and sodium also indicated by previous well testing programs.
3. Available information indicates that wells completed in the bedrock aquifer have a 54% chance that they are capable of meaningful yields for municipal use (i.e. $\geq 200\text{L}/\text{min}$). As in most bedrock aquifers, actual yields can vary considerably over short distances due to distribution and connection of fracture systems in the rock. Multiple test drilling sites can be required in bedrock aquifer settings.

4. Previous testing data and information from other PTTW's indicate that bedrock aquifer recharge rates are limited in portions of the community. For planning purposes, each properly-spaced future successful well field site should conservatively be assumed to be capable of a safe long-term yield in the range of 250m³/day. To achieve a sufficient combined yield to meet future demand (i.e. upwards of 460m³/day in addition to current supply), it is likely that two additional, properly-spaced, successful well field sites may be required.
5. Based on previous testing results, for planning purposes higher-yielding future municipal wells should conservatively be spaced apart approximately a similar distance to the Dent-Briar Hill distance (i.e. ≥700m) so that adverse mutual interference potential is minimized.
6. Based on previous testing results, for planning purposes future municipal wells should conservatively be set back from existing domestic wells a similar distance to the Briar Hill Well #2 to 12 King Street distance (i.e. ≥350m) to avoid adverse interference potential at domestic wells.
7. Should Teeswater Concrete elect to renew the PTTW for 180 Main Street, future well site setbacks from 180 Main Street will also need to be established to also avoid adverse mutual interference.
8. Based on secure geological setting, standard WHPA setbacks of 100m will be required.

Should there be any questions regarding the above information and analysis, please do not hesitate to contact this office.

Yours sincerely,

IAN D. WILSON ASSOCIATES LIMITED


Geoffrey Rether, P.Geo.

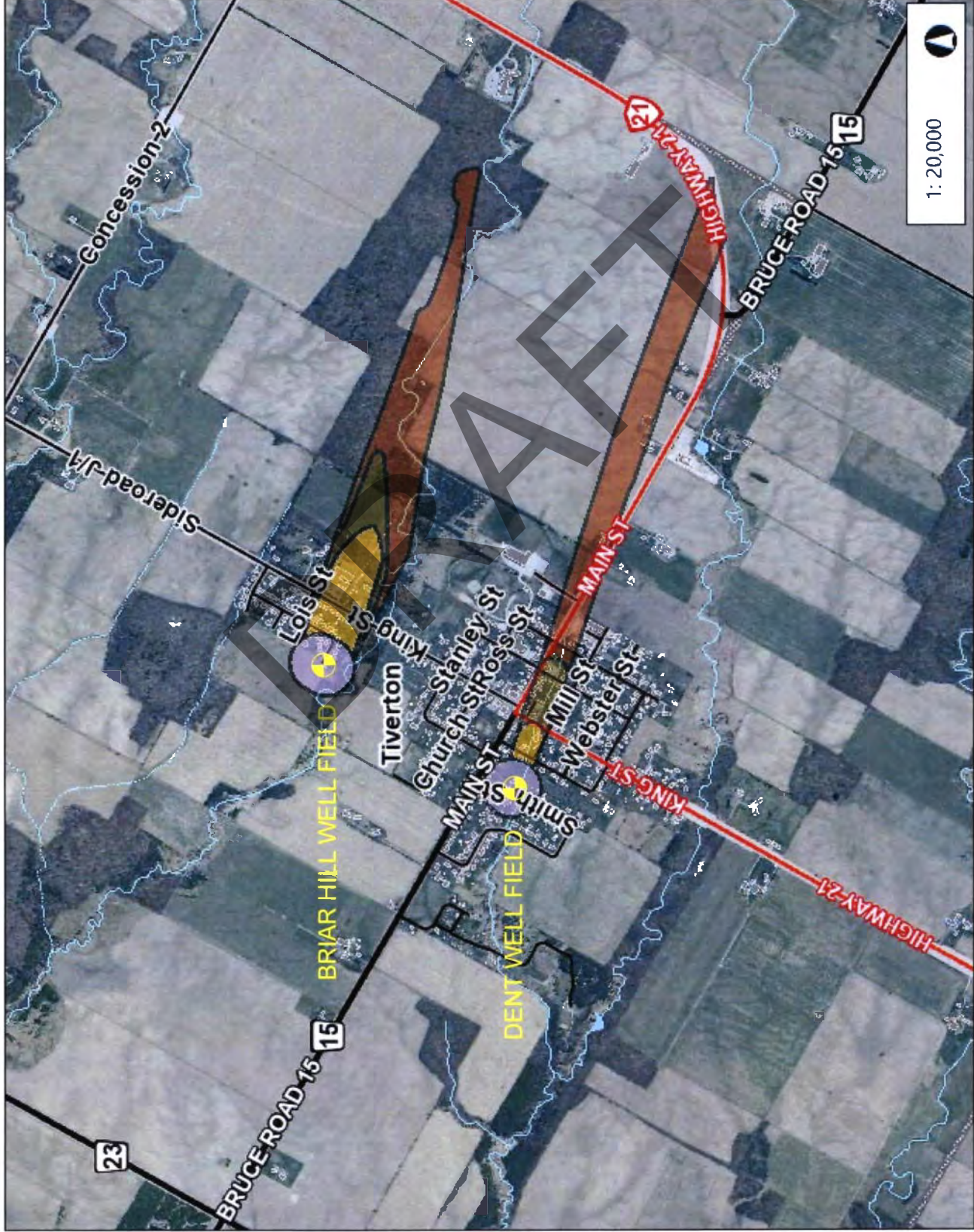




Legend

- Intake Protection Zone**
 - 4 - 5.9
 - 6 - 7.9
 - 8 - 9.9
 - 10
- Wellhead Protection Area Boundaries**
 - Zone A - 100m Buffer
 - Zone B - 2 yr ToT
 - Zone C - 10 yr ToT
 - Zone D - 25 yr ToT
- Ferry**
- Provincial Highway**
- County Road**
 - County Road
 - Bridge reconstruction
- Municipal or Other Road**
 - Municipal or Other Road
 - Bridge Detour
- Building Footprint**
- Body of Water**
- Evaluated Wetland**
- Watercourse**
 - Permanent Stream
 - Intermittent Stream
- Road Allowance and Right-of-Way**
 - Private Road Allowance
 - Right-of-Way
 - Road Allowance or Condo Road
 - Unopened Road Allowance
- Wetland**
- Body of Water**
- Stream**
- Built-up area**
- Adjacent Counties**

Notes



1: 20,000

1.0 Kilometers

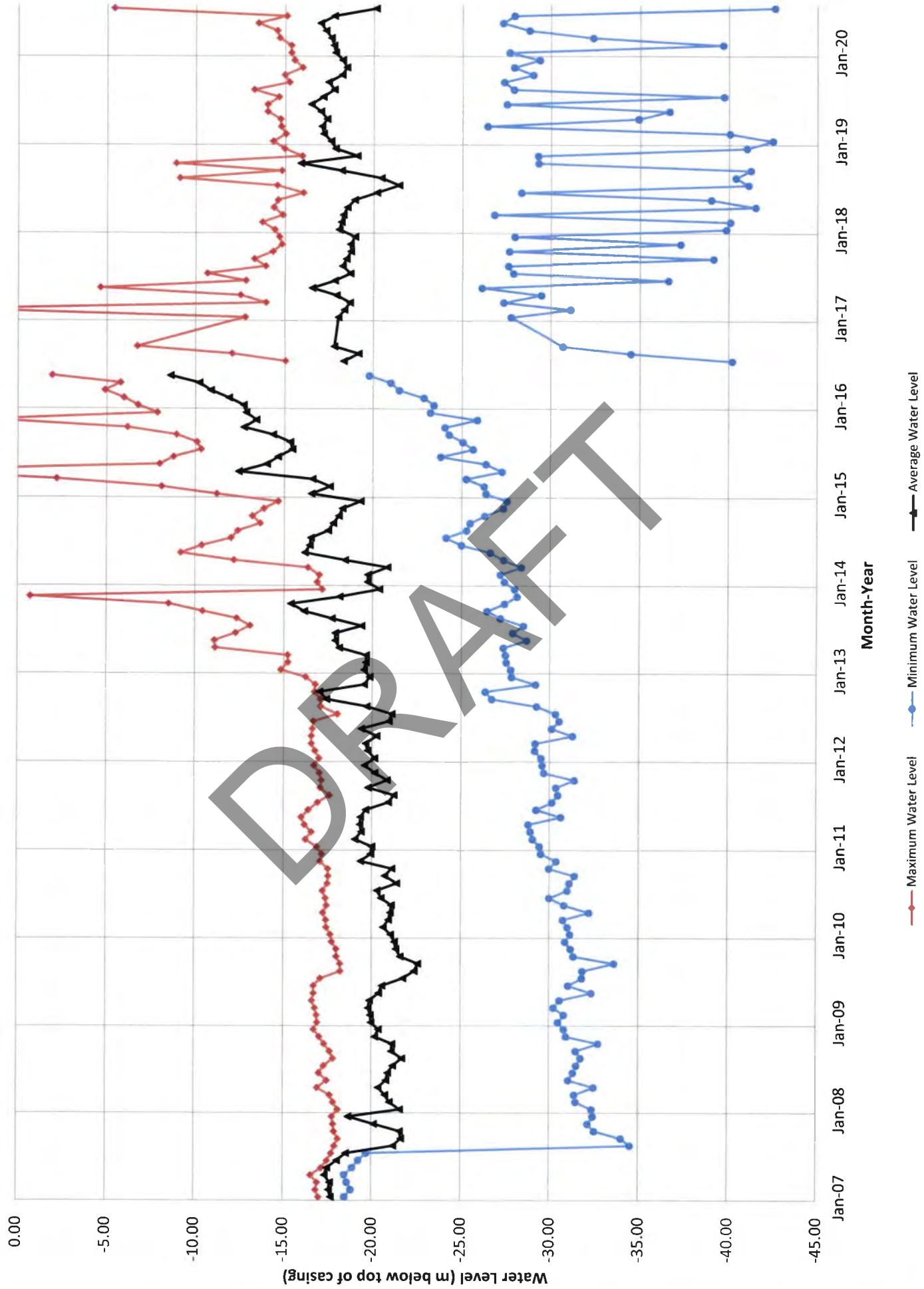


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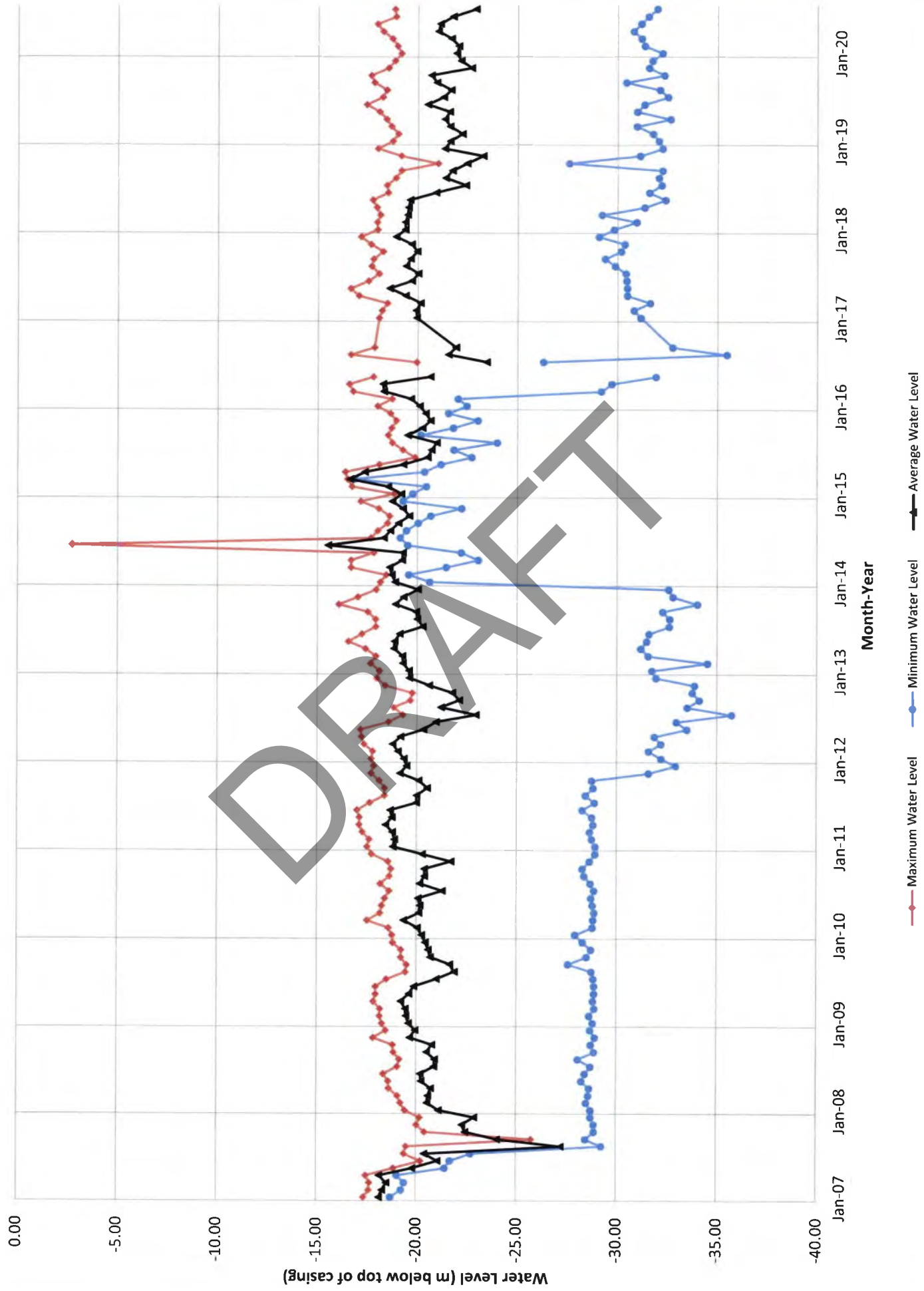
This map is a user generated static output from an Internet mapping site and is for reference only. Data layers that appear on this map may or may not be accurate, current, or otherwise reliable.

THIS MAP IS NOT TO BE USED FOR NAVIGATION

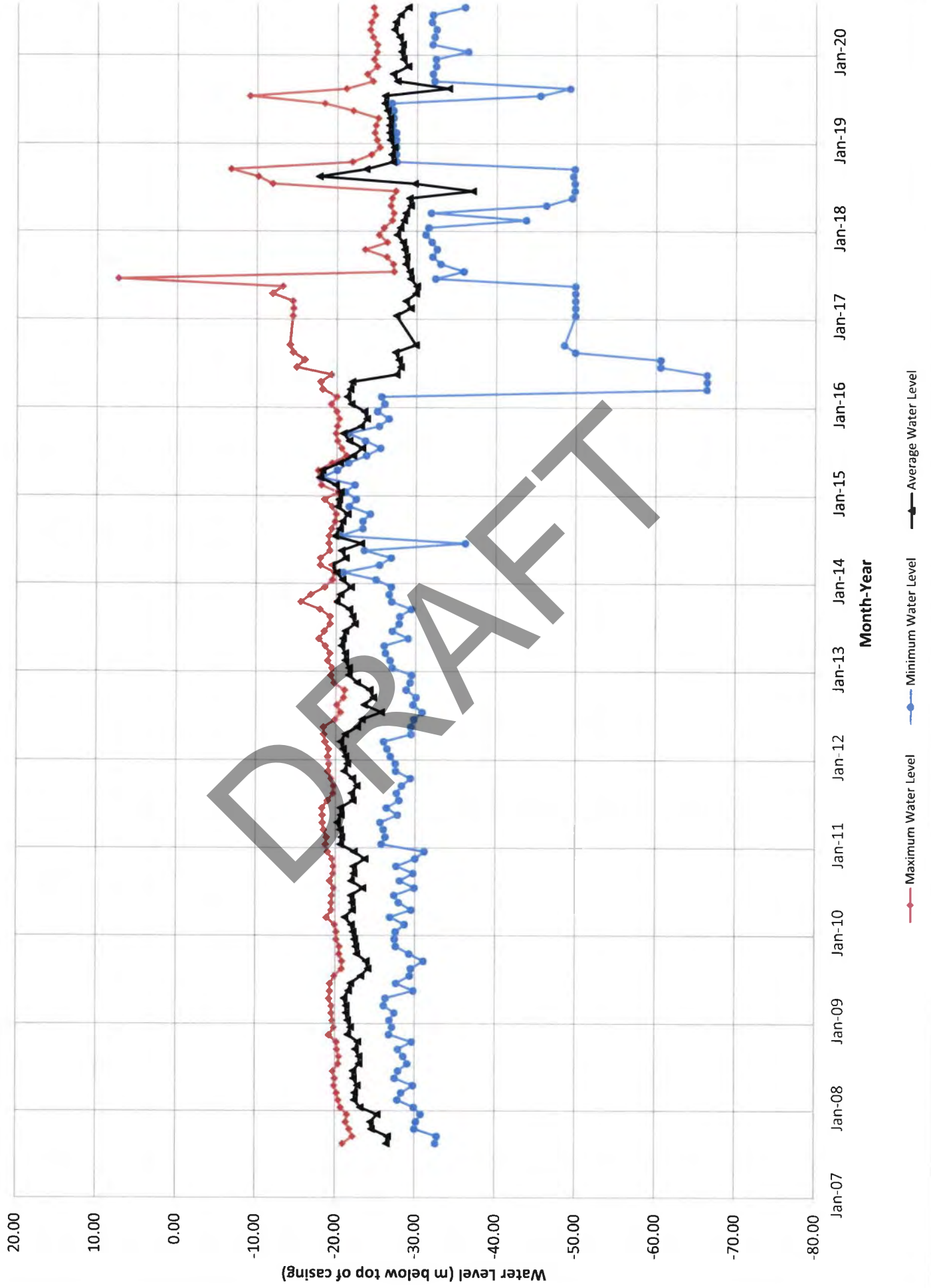
Water Level Observations - Tiverton Dent Well #2



Water Level Observations - Tiverton Briar Hill Well #1



Water Level Observations - Tiverton Briar Hill Well #2



**Tiverton Water Supply
Desktop Water Well Records Review**

MECP Well No. (14-xxxxx)	Well Depth feet	Depth to Bedrock Surface (feet)	Static Water Level (feet)	Reported Final Pumping Level (feet)	Reported Test Yield GPM	Test Period hours	Reported Drawdown feet	Available Drawdown feet above BR	Specific Capacity GPM/ft	Theoretical		Factored		Comment
										Yield	GPM	Yield	GPM	
781	152	130	60	70	15	6	10	70	1.5	105.0	52.5			
782	161	116	76	78	10	5	2	40	5.0	200.0	100.0			
783	221	162			13									
784	231	156	45	50	10	6	5	111	2.0	222.0	111.0			
792	181	112	56	57	12	4	1	56	12.0	672.0	336.0	NDD		
793	193	99	22	82	4	8	60	77	0.1	5.1	2.6			
794	199	176	18	55	6	8	37	158	0.2	25.6	12.8			
795	244.5	198	35	60	20	6	25	163	0.8	130.4	65.2			
1662	131	84	40	50	12	5	10	44	1.2	52.8	26.4			
1675	150	90	55	70	7	5	15	35	0.5	16.3	8.2			
1677	143	118	40	55	12	6	15	78	0.8	62.4	31.2			
1678	138	92	46	47	10	5	1	46	10.0	460.0	230.0	NDD		
1680	201	143	60	68	10	1	8	83	1.3	103.8	51.9			
1700	187	155	13	17	10	1	4	142	2.5	355.0	177.5			
1702	175	134	42	50	12	6	8	92	1.5	138.0	69.0			
1703	185	143	38	45	13	1	7	105	1.9	195.0	97.5			
1704	170	104	41	55	10	6	14	63	0.7	45.0	22.5			
2120	224	161	55	69	9		14	106	0.6	68.1	34.1			
2121	233	148	50	90	30	30	40	98	0.8	73.5	36.8			
2204	157	100	20	22	10	1	2	80	5.0	400.0	200.0			
2307	260	195	65	90	30	8	25	130	1.2	156.0	78.0			
2557	211	167	30	34	16	1.3	4	137	4.0	548.0	274.0			
2662	217	174	19	39	8	2.6	20	155	0.4	62.0	31.0			
2681	174	127	75	79	18	1.2	4	52	4.5	234.0	117.0			
2682	162	87	67	72	10	1	5	20	2.0	40.0	20.0			
2692	146	91	60	72	10	3	12	31	0.8	25.8	12.9			
2693	133	70	64	80	8	3	16	6	0.5	3.0	1.5			
2695	157	126	48	115	107	24	67	78	1.6	124.6	99.7	Dent Well #1		

MECP Well No. (14-xxxxx)	Well Depth feet	Depth to Bedrock Surface (feet)	Static Water Level (feet)	Reported		Test Period hours	Reported Drawdown feet	Available Drawdown feet above BR	Specific		Theoretical		Factored		Comment
				Final Pumping Level (feet)	Test Yield GPM				Capacity GPM/ft	Yield GPM	Yield GPM	Yield GPM			
2748	305	154	45	125	80	24	80	109	1.0	109.0	87.2	87.2	Briar Hill #1		
2753	205	145	45	203	200	3	158	100	1.3	126.6	101.3	101.3			
2772	139	88	53	70	8	1	17	35	0.5	16.5	8.2	8.2			
2774	140	75	61	66	7	1	5	14	1.4	19.6	9.8	9.8			
3153	199	169	54	56	15	1	2	115	7.5	862.5	431.3	431.3			
3204	219	167	46	65	6	1	19	121	0.3	38.2	19.1	19.1			
3309	225	189	32	35	15	1	3	157	5.0	785.0	392.5	392.5			
3459	210	179	30	60	15	4	30	149	0.5	74.5	37.3	37.3			
3908	220	167	68	80	10	1.2	12	99	0.8	82.5	41.3	41.3			
4000	142	86	54	58	12	1	4	32	3.0	96.0	48.0	48.0			
4005	291	191	43	72	33	1.25	29	148	1.1	168.4	84.2	84.2			
4185	136	64	52	65	10	1	13	12	0.8	9.2	4.6	4.6			
4483	255	115	40	125	36	24	85	75	0.4	31.8	15.9	15.9			
4505	200	162	38	40	20	1	2	124	10.0	1240.0	620.0	620.0			
4788	245	198	44	120	15	2.2	76	154	0.2	30.4	15.2	15.2			
4839	141	79	46	53	10	1	7	33	1.4	47.1	23.6	23.6			
4840	216	187	64	97	8	1	33	123	0.2	29.8	14.9	14.9			
4895	216	160	38	42	12	1.2	4	122	3.0	366.0	183.0	183.0			
5274	150	145	25	35	20	6.25	10	120	2.0	240.0	120.0	120.0	OB		
6318	245	126	64	125	4	2	61	62	0.1	4.1	2.0	2.0			
6337	228	189	62	81	20	1.5	19	127	1.1	133.7	66.8	66.8			
6591	201	158	86	98	8	1.5	12	72	0.7	48.0	24.0	24.0			
7761	186	151	35	37	10	5	2	116	5.0	580.0	290.0	290.0			
7830	184	148	56	67	10	1.5	11	92	0.9	83.6	41.8	41.8			
8287	138	85	62	75	15	1.5	13	23	1.2	26.5	13.3	13.3			
8560	204	120	60	61	15	1	1	60	15.0	900.0	450.0	450.0	NDD		
8638	142	120	72	100	30	1.5	28	48	1.1	51.4	25.7	25.7			
8796	224	203	51	52	15	2	1	152	15.0	2280.0	1140.0	1140.0	NDD		
8797	129	82	51	52	12	2	1	31	12.0	372.0	186.0	186.0	NDD		
8907	158	102	26		30	1									
8933	228	189	62	81	20	1.5	19	127	1.1	133.7	66.8	66.8			

MECP Well No. (14-xxxx)	Well Depth feet	Depth to Bedrock Surface (feet)	Static		Reported		Test Period hours	Reported Drawdown feet	Available Drawdown feet above BR	Specific		Theoretical		Factored		Comment
			Water Level (feet)	Level (feet)	Final Pumping Level (feet)	Test Yield GPM				Capacity GPM/ft	Yield GPM	Yield GPM	Yield GPM			
9506	208	177	66	120	10	2	54	111	0.2	20.6	10.3					
9819	250	170	44	60	15	2	16	126	0.9	118.1	59.1					
10577	286	123	62	124	60	24	62	61	1.0	59.0	47.2					Dent Well #2
A011613	146	85	59	65.8	10	1	6.8	26	1.5	38.2	19.1					
A030071	305	167	74.4	126.7	120	24	52.3	92.6	2.3	212.5	170.0					Briar Hill #2
A045567	202	168	58	63	8	2	5	110	1.6	176.0	88.0					
A061744	290	192	58	58.5	50	1	0.5	134	100.0	13400.0	6700.0					NDD
A078121	140	130	33	39	15	2	6	97	2.5	242.5	121.3					
A078131	200	180	54	62	15	2	8	126	1.9	236.3	118.1					
A218836	216	155	34	52.1	10	1	18.1	121	0.6	66.9	33.4					
A258361	257	134	57	57.5	10	1.75	0.5	77	20.0	1540.0	770.0					NDD
A260591	197	144	34	46.4	15	2	12.4	110	1.2	133.1	66.5					
A294514	225	107	28	55	8	1	27	79	0.3	23.4	11.7					
A303713	230	191	33.4	85.1	10	1	51.7	157.6	0.2	30.5	15.2					
A303718	225	185	33.4	41.4	18	1	8	151.6	2.3	341.1	170.6					
Count	74															
Max	305	203			200	30	158	163	100	13400	6700					
Min	129	64			4	1	0.5	6	0.065574	3	1.5					
Avg	197.8	140.0			20.8	4.4	21.1	91.5	4.1	418.7	212.0					

Note: GPM = gallons per minute, BR = bedrock, OB = Overburden well, NDD = little to no drawdown reported at low pumping rate, theoretical yield unlikely to be realistic.

Factored yield is 50% of theoretical yield for low test rates (i.e. below 60gpm) and 80% of theoretical yield for higher test rates, to account for well construction and testing uncertainties, and well losses



WATER WELL RECORD

41 1/2

1402695

14709

Dent Well #1

THIS INFORMATION IS OBTAINED FROM THE WELL DRILLER AND IS SUBJECT TO VERIFICATION BY THE COMMISSION. CHECK ONE: CORRECT FOR THESE APPLICABLE NOT CORRECT FOR THESE APPLICABLE

COUNTY OR DISTRICT: **Bruce County** TOWNSHIP, MUNICIPALITY, CITY, TOWNSHIP, VILLAGE: **Village of Tiverton** BLOCK: **Block 1**

WELL IDENTIFICATION NUMBER: **Dent, 14709 A** ADDRESS: **Tiverton, Ontario** DATE DRILLED: **20 May 71**

LOG OF OVERBURDEN AND BEDROCK MATERIALS (SEE INSTRUCTIONS)

GENERAL COLOR	SOFT CORNER MATERIAL	OTHER MATERIALS	COLORAL DESCRIPTION	DEPTH - FEET	
				FROM	TO
Brown	Clay	Sand	soft	0	6
Blue	Clay		hard	6	18
Blue	Clay	Gravel streaks	hard	18	42
	Sand	Gravel	dense	42	52
Blue	Clay		hard	52	105
Brown	Hardpan	Stones	hard	105	126
Brown	Limestone		soft	126	138
Brown	Limestone		hard	138	157

API

31 000000909 0008305 000116511 00510911 000000000 000000000

32 0157015

4 WATER RECORD

DEPTH - FEET	END OF TEST
0138	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> UNCHANGING <input type="checkbox"/> FLUCTUATING <input type="checkbox"/> SALTY <input type="checkbox"/> NON-SALTY
0156	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> UNCHANGING <input type="checkbox"/> FLUCTUATING <input type="checkbox"/> SALTY <input type="checkbox"/> NON-SALTY

5 CASING & OPEN HOLE RECORD

MATERIAL	WELL NUMBER (INCHES)	DEPTH - FEET
STEEL GALVANIZED	264	0 - 132
CONCRETE		132 - 157

6 PLUGGING & SEALING RECORD

DEPTH SET IN FEET	MATERIAL AND TYPE	HEIGHT FROM LEGS FEET, ETC.

7 PUMPING TEST

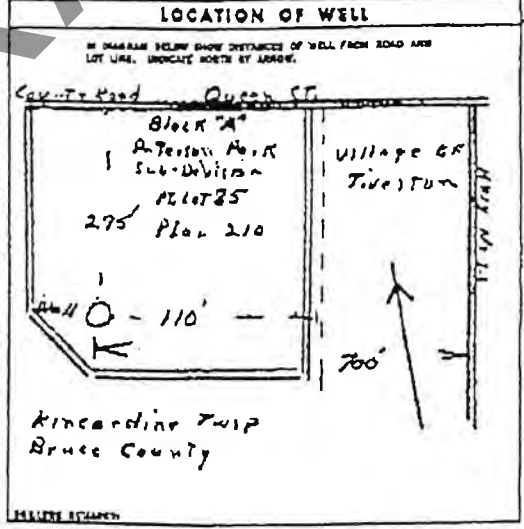
WATER LEVELS (FEET)

TIME	WATER LEVEL (FEET)
048	115
099	102
104	104
105	105

WATER LEVEL SET AT: 125 FEET

RECOMMENDED PUMP TYPE: SHALLOW DEEP

RECOMMENDED PUMP CAPACITY: 125 GPM



8 FINAL STATUS OF WELL

WATER SUPPLY ABANDONED, INSUFFICIENT SUPPLY

INFORMATION WELL ABANDONED, POOR QUALITY

TEST HOLE UNDESIRABLE

RECHARGE WELL

9 WATER USE

DOMESTIC COMMERCIAL

FLOOD INDUSTRIAL

IRRIGATION PUBLIC SUPPLY

OTHER WELL COOLING OR AIR CONDITIONING

OTHER NOT USED

10 METHOD OF DRILLING

CABLE TOOL BOSS

ROTARY (CONVENTIONAL) DEAMBER

ROTARY (REVERSE) SETTING

ROTARY (AIR) OTHER

AIR POLLUTION

CONTRACTOR: **Davidson Well Drilling Ltd.** LICENSE NUMBER: **1737**

ADDRESS: **Box 466, Wingham, Ontario**

NAME OF DRILLER OR OWNER: **Ed. Thompson, Wingham** LICENSE NUMBER: **250571**

DATE OF CONTRACT: **22 MAY 71**

OFFICE USE ONLY: **1737** **250571**

REMARKS: **P71**

DATE: **22 MAY 71**

CLASS: **CS.S.38** **W1**

OWRC COPY



Ministry of Environment and Energy

The Ontario Water Resources Act WATER WELL RECORD

Print only in spaces provided. Mark correct box with a checkmark, where applicable.

Dent Well #2

County or District BRUCE	Township/Borough/City/Town/Village TIVERTON VILLAGE	Con block tract, survey, etc.	Lot
Owner's surname MUNICIPALITY OF KINCARDINE	First Name	Address of Well Location KINCARDINE ONT.	Date completed 18 / 9 / 2003 day month year

LOG OF OVERBURDEN AND BEDROCK MATERIALS (see Instructions)					
General colour	Most common material	Other materials	General description	Depth - feet	
				From	To
YELLOW	CLAY	BROWN CLAY		0	10
GREY	CLAY			10	28
BROWN	STONES		LAYERED	28	35
GREY	CLAY	STONES		35	52
GREY	STONES	GREY CLAY	PACKED	52	119
GREY	HARDPAN	STONES	PACKED	119	123
BROWN	LIMESTONE		MED.	123	130
BROWN	LIMESTONE		FRATURED	130	140
BROWN	LIMESTONE		HARD, WITH FRACTURES	140	286

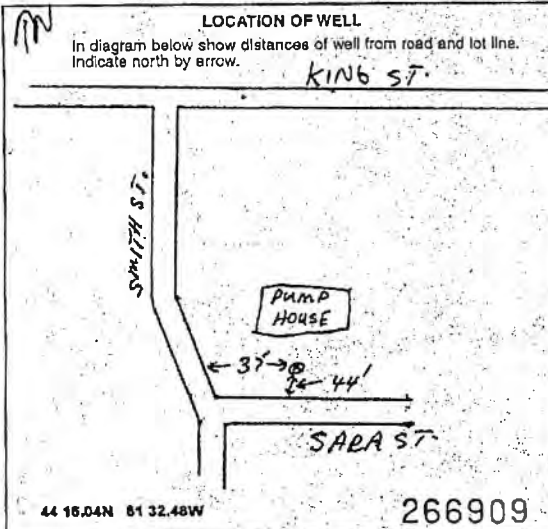
WATER RECORD	
Water found at - feet	Kind of water
130	<input type="checkbox"/> Fresh <input type="checkbox"/> Sulphur <input type="checkbox"/> Salty <input type="checkbox"/> Minerals <input type="checkbox"/> Gas
250-255	<input type="checkbox"/> Fresh <input type="checkbox"/> Sulphur <input type="checkbox"/> Salty <input type="checkbox"/> Minerals <input type="checkbox"/> Gas

CASING & OPEN HOLE RECORD				
Inside diam inches	Material	Wall thickness inches	Depth - feet	
			From	To
8"	<input type="checkbox"/> Steel <input type="checkbox"/> Galvanized <input type="checkbox"/> Concrete <input type="checkbox"/> Open hole <input type="checkbox"/> Plastic	264	12	128
8"	<input type="checkbox"/> Steel <input type="checkbox"/> Galvanized <input type="checkbox"/> Concrete <input type="checkbox"/> Open hole <input type="checkbox"/> Plastic		128	286

Sizes of opening (Slot No.)	Diameter inches	Length feet
Material and type	Depth at top of screen feet	

PLUGGING & SEALING RECORD		
ANN <input type="checkbox"/> Annular space <input type="checkbox"/> Abandonment		
Depth set at - feet	Material and type (Cement grout, bentonite, etc.)	
From	To	
0	128	HIGH SOLIDS BENTONITE

Pumping test method <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Pump <input type="checkbox"/> Baker	Pumping rate 50 GPM	Duration of pumping 4 hours
Static level 86 feet	Water level end of pumping 140 feet	Water levels during <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Pumping <input type="checkbox"/> Recovery 15 minutes 30 minutes 45 minutes 90 minutes feet feet feet feet feet feet
If flowing give rate GPIA	Pump intake set at 150 feet	Water at end of test <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Clear <input type="checkbox"/> Cloudy
Recommended pump type <input type="checkbox"/> Shallow <input type="checkbox"/> Deep	Recommended pump setting 150 feet	Recommended pump rate 50 GPM



FINAL STATUS OF WELL		
<input type="checkbox"/> Water supply <input type="checkbox"/> Observation well <input type="checkbox"/> Test hole <input type="checkbox"/> Recharge well	<input type="checkbox"/> Abandoned, insufficient supply <input type="checkbox"/> Abandoned, poor quality <input type="checkbox"/> Abandoned (Other) <input type="checkbox"/> Dewatering	<input type="checkbox"/> Unfinished <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Replacement well
WATER USE		
<input type="checkbox"/> Domestic <input type="checkbox"/> Stock <input type="checkbox"/> Irrigation <input type="checkbox"/> Industrial	<input type="checkbox"/> Commercial <input type="checkbox"/> Municipal <input type="checkbox"/> Public supply <input type="checkbox"/> Cooling & air conditioning	<input type="checkbox"/> Not use <input type="checkbox"/> Other
METHOD OF CONSTRUCTION		
<input type="checkbox"/> Cable tool <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Rotary (conventional) <input type="checkbox"/> Rotary (reverse) <input type="checkbox"/> Rotary (air)	<input type="checkbox"/> Air percussion <input type="checkbox"/> Boring <input type="checkbox"/> Diamond <input type="checkbox"/> Jetting	<input type="checkbox"/> Driving <input type="checkbox"/> Digging <input type="checkbox"/> Other

Name of Well Contractor W.D.HOPPER & SONS LTD.	Well Contractor's Licence No. 2604
Address RR# 2 SEAFORTH ONT.	
Name of Well Technician ALLAN HOPPER	Well Technician's Licence No. 1-2578
Signature of Technician/Contractor	Submission date 23 / 9 / 2003 day mo year

MINISTRY USE ONLY

COUNTY OR DISTRICT: **Bruce County** TOWNSHIP, BOROUGH, CITY, TOWN, VILLAGE: **Village of Tiverton** CON. BLOCK, TRACT, SURVEY, ETC: **Plan 169, 210 King St. W.**

OWNER (SURNAME FIRST): **McArthur, Herbert L.** ADDRESS: **Box 941, Aton, Ontario.** DATE COMPLETED: **05 Aug 71**

21

Briar Hill #1

LOG OF OVERBURDEN AND BEDROCK MATERIALS (SEE INSTRUCTIONS)

GENERAL COLOUR	MOST COMMON MATERIAL	OTHER MATERIALS	GENERAL DESCRIPTION	DEPTH - FEET	
				FROM	TO
	Topsoil			0	1
Brown	Clay	Sandy	Soft	1	4
	Sand		Soft	4	9
Blue	Clay	Grit	Hard	9	22
Brown	Hardpan	Small Stones	Hard	22	48
Blue	Clay		Soft	48	107
Brown	Clay	Silt, Sand, Gravel, Stones	Mixed	107	111
Brown	Hardpan	Small Stones	Hard	111	124
Brown	Hardpan	Stones, Boulders	Hard	124	154
Brown	Limestone		Med. Hard	154	214
Dk. Brn.	Limestone		Med. Soft	214	233
Brown	Limestone		Hard	233	254
Brn. White	Limestone		Med. Hard	254	267
Lt. Brn.	Limestone		Hard	267	282
Brown	Limestone		Med. Soft	282	293
Brown	Limestone		Hard	293	296
Grey-Brn.	Limestone		Hard	296	305

31 32

41 WATER RECORD

WATER FOUND AT - FEET	KIND OF WATER
228	1 FRESH 2 SALTY 3 SULPHUR 4 MINERAL
284	1 FRESH 2 SALTY 3 SULPHUR 4 MINERAL
296	1 FRESH 2 SALTY 3 SULPHUR 4 MINERAL

51 CASING & OPEN HOLE RECORD

INSIDE DIA. INCHES	MATERIAL	WALL THICKNESS INCHES	DEPTH - FEET
8	STEEL	.264	0 - 156-1
	STEEL		156-1 - 305

61 PLUGGING & SEALING RECORD

DEPTH SET AT - FEET	MATERIAL AND TYPE	CEMENT GROUT LEAD PACKER, ETC
156-1	CONCRETE	
305	CONCRETE	

71 PUMPING TEST

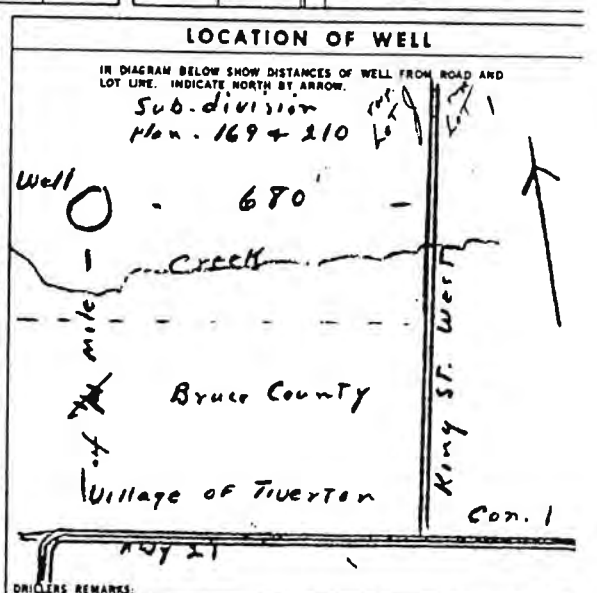
PUMPING TEST METHOD: **Turbine** PUMPING RATE: **60** DURATION OF PUMPING: **24** HOURS

STATIC LEVEL	WATER LEVEL END OF PUMPING	WATER LEVELS DURING PUMPING RECOVERY
45 FEET	125 FEET	115 FEET, 117 FEET, 118 FEET, 116 FEET

RECOMMENDED PUMP TYPE: DEEP SHALLOW

RECOMMENDED PUMP SETTING: **155** FEET

RECOMMENDED PUMPING RATE: **60** GPM



84 FINAL STATUS OF WELL

WATER SUPPLY OBSERVATION WELL TEST HOLE RECHARGE WELL

ABANDONED, INSUFFICIENT SUPPLY ABANDONED, POOR QUALITY UNFINISHED

85 WATER USE

DOMESTIC STOCK IRRIGATION INDUSTRIAL OTHER: **Sub-division**

COMMERCIAL MUNICIPAL PUBLIC SUPPLY COOLING OR AIR CONDITIONING NOT USED

87 METHOD OF DRILLING

ROTARY (CONVENTIONAL) ROTARY (REVERSE) ROTARY (AIR) AIR PERCUSSION

BORING DIAMOND JETTING DRIVING

CONTRACTOR

NAME OF WELL CONTRACTOR: **Davidson Well Drilling Ltd.** LICENCE NUMBER: **1737**

ADDRESS: **Box 486, Wingham, Ontario**

NAME OF DRILLER OR BORER: **Doug. Davidson, E. Thompson** LICENCE NUMBER:

SIGNATURE OF CONTRACTOR: *[Signature]* SUBMISSION DATE: **6 Aug 71**

DRILLER'S REMARKS:

DATE OF INSPECTION: **25/0871**

INSPECTOR:

REMARKS:

P 71
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the Environment

#A030071

page of

Instructions for Completing Form

- For use in the Province of Ontario only. This document is a permanent legal document. Please retain for future reference.
- All Sections must be completed in full to avoid delays in processing. Further instructions and explanations are available on the back of this form.
- Questions regarding completing this application can be directed to the Water Well Management Coordinator at 416-235-6203.
- All extra measurements shall be reported to 1/10th of a metre.
- Please print clearly in blue or black ink only.

Briar Hill #2

Well Owner's Information and Location of Well Information

First Name: **MUNICIPAL ADMIN** Last Name: **CENTER OF KINCARDINE** Mailing Address (Street Number/Name, RR, Lot, Concession): **RR#5 1475 CON 5**

County/District/Municipality: **KINCARDINE** Township/City/Town/Village: **KINCARDINE** Province: **Ontario** Postal Code: **N2Z 2X6** Telephone Number (include area code):

Address of Well Location (County/District/Municipality): **BRIGGS** Township: **SAUCEEN SHORES** Lot: **1** Concession: **1**

RR#/Street Number/Name: City/Town/Village: Site/Compartment/Block/Trail etc.:

GPS Reading: NAD: **83** Zone: **17** Easting: **456783** Northing: **4902424** Unit Make/Model: **MAG ELEN** Mode of Operation: Un differentiated Averaged Differentiated, specify:

Log of Overburden and Bedrock Materials (see Instructions)

General Colour	Most common material	Other Materials	General Description	Depth From	Maxim. To
BROWN	CLAY			0	54ft
BROWN	CLAY & STONES			54ft	60ft
GRAY	CLAY			60ft	102ft
GRAY	CLAY & STONES			102ft	167ft
BROWN	LIMESTONE SOFT			167ft	169ft
BROWN	LIMESTONE MED.			169ft	305ft

Construction Record

Depth	Metres	Diameter	Inside diam		Material	Wall thickness	Dr. pin		Metres
			centimetres	centimetres			From	To	
0	171ft	12.25in			Casing				171ft
171ft	305ft	8in	8.65in		Steel <input type="checkbox"/> Fibreglass <input type="checkbox"/> Plastic <input type="checkbox"/> Concrete <input type="checkbox"/> Galvanized <input type="checkbox"/>	.219	C		305ft
					Screen				
					Outside diam		Slot No.		
									71ft 305ft

Test of Well Yield

Pumping test method	Draw Down		Recovery	
	Time min	Water Level Metres	Time min	Water Level Metres
pump test				
Pump make, size (metres)	1	1	1	1
Pumping rate (litres/min)	2	2	2	2
Duration of pumping hrs - min	2	2	2	2
Final water level end of pumping metres	3	3	3	3
Recommended pump type <input type="checkbox"/> Shallow <input type="checkbox"/> Deep	4	4	4	4
Recommended pump depth metres	5	5	5	5
Recommended pump rate (litres/min)	10	10	10	10
If flowing give ratio (litres/min)	15	15	15	15
	20	20	20	20
	25	25	25	25
If pumping is combined, give it each.	30	30	30	30
	40	40	40	40
	50	50	50	50
	60	60	60	60

Plugging and Sealing Record

Depth	From	To	Material and type (granular slurry, neat cement slurry) etc.	Volume Placed (cubic metres)
0	171ft		BENSEAL BENTONITE SLURRY	

Method of Construction

Cable Tool Rotary (air) Diamond Digging Rotary (conventional) Air percussion Jarring Other Rotary (reverse) Boring Driving

Water Use

Domestic Industrial Public Supply Other Stock Commercial Not used Irrigation Municipal Cooling & air conditioning

Final Status of Well

Water Supply Recharge well Unfinished Abandoned, (Other) Observation well Abandoned, insufficient supply Dewatering Test Hole Abandoned, poor quality Replacement well

Well Contractor/Technician Information

Name of Well Contractor: **KEITH LANG WELL DRILLING INC.** Well Contractor's License No.: **7154**

Business Address (street name, number, city etc.): **251 ELDON ST GODERICH ONT**

Name of Well Technician (last name, first name): **KEITH LANG** Well Technician's License No.: **T445**

Signature of Technician/Contractor: *Keith Lang* Date Submitted: **2006** **5** **00**

Location of Well

In diagram below show distances of well from road, lot line, and building. Indicate north by arrow.

Audit No. Z 48442 Date Well Completed: **2006** **5** **00**

Was the well owner's information package delivered? Yes No Date Delivered: **2006** **5** **00**

Ministry Use Only

Date Source: **Contractor**

Date Received: **2006** **5** **00** Date of Inspection: **2006** **5** **00**

Remarks: **Well Record Number:**

UTM 1717 141516131010
 Elev. 151.10 121.10 101.10
 Basin 101.10 111.10 121.10

14 No. 782
 Ontario Water Resources Commission Act
WATER WELL RECORD

Township: Brace County: Brace
 Date completed: 29 Sept 1966
 Loc: I Lot: 1

Inside diameter of casing: 4"
 Total length of casing: 135'
 Type of screen: ---
 Length of screen: ---
 Depth to top of screen: ---
 Diameter of finished hole: 4"

Static level: 76'
 Test-pumping rate: 10 G.P.M.
 Pumping level: 72'
 Duration of test pumping: 5 hrs.
 Water clear or cloudy at end of test: C/lear
 Recommended pumping rate with pumping level of 90'

Casing and Screen Record

From ft.	To ft.	Depth (ft.) at which water found	Kind of water (fresh, salt, sulphur)
0	4	4	Clay
4	43	43	Clay
43	48	48	Gravel sand, clay
48	116	116	Shale, clay, silt
116	137	137	Rock, brown, med. soft

For what purpose(s) is the water to be used?
DOMESTIC - SICK
 Is well on upland, in valley, or on hillside?
Upland
 Drilling or boring firm: G.L. Davidson
 Address: Wingham
 License Number: 2069
 Name of Driller or Borer: F. Thompson
 Address: Wingham
 Date: July 20
 Signature of Licensed Drilling or Boring Contractor: G.L. Davidson

UTM 1717 141516131010
 Elev. 151.10 121.10 101.10
 Basin 101.10 111.10 121.10

14 No. 781
 Ontario Water Resources Commission Act
WATER WELL RECORD

Township: Brace County: Brace
 Date completed: 21 June 1960
 Loc: --- Lot: ---

Inside diameter of casing: 4"
 Total length of casing: 137'
 Type of screen: ---
 Length of screen: ---
 Depth to top of screen: ---
 Diameter of finished hole: 4"

Static level: 60'
 Test-pumping rate: 15 G.P.M.
 Pumping level: 70'
 Duration of test pumping: 6 hrs.
 Water clear or cloudy at end of test: C/lear
 Recommended pumping rate with pumping level of 70'

Casing and Screen Record

From ft.	To ft.	Depth (ft.) at which water found	Kind of water (fresh, salt, sulphur)
0	18	18	Clay
18	36	36	Gravelly sandpan
36	76	76	Soft clay
76	97	97	Hardpan
97	130	130	Clay shale
130	152	152	Brown rock

For what purpose(s) is the water to be used?
DOMESTIC
 Is well on upland, in valley, or on hillside?
Upland
 Drilling firm: G.L. Davidson
 Address: Wingham
 License Number: 593
 Name of Driller: GEO. C. T. McBurney
 Address: Wingham
 Date: July 21/60
 Signature of Licensed Drilling Contractor: G.L. Davidson

UTM 1117K 4157161Z151K
 117K 41910112102451N
 Elev. 717 021810111
 Basin 1212 11111

RECEIVED
 FEB 4 1918
 GEOLOGICAL BRANCH
 DEPARTMENT OF MINES

The Well Drillers Act
 Department of Mines, Province of Ontario

Water Well Record

Com. Dist. [redacted] Basin [redacted]
 (Show on Map of Province)
 Con. 1 Lot 2 Pl. Lot
 Cont. Acres 1.00
 (Show on Map of Province)

Pipe and Casing Record

Date: 1918
 Developed Capacity: 6
 Duration of Test: 13
 Pumping Rate: 13
 Drawdown: 46
 Static level of completed well: 46
 Is well a gravel-well type?

Water Record

Kind (fresh or mineral): Fresh
 Quality (hard, soft, contains iron, sulphur etc.): Hard
 Appearance (clear, cloudy, coloured): Clear
 For what purpose(s) is the water to be used? Stock
 How far is well from possible source of contamination?
 What is source of contamination?
 Enclose a copy of any mineral analysis that has been made of water.

Well Log

Drift and Bedrock Record

From	To	Location of Well
0	90	In diagram below show distances of well from road and lot line
90	105	115 ft from corner 1 corner
105	162	47 meters from W side
162	179	
179	221	

Situation: Is well on upland, in valley, or on hillside?
 Drilling Firm: [redacted]
 Address: [redacted]
 Recorded by: [redacted]
 Date: Dec. 31, 1917

Basin 1117K 4157161Z151K
 117K 41910112102451N
 Elev. 717 021810111
 Basin 1212 11111

RECEIVED
 FEB 4 1918
 GEOLOGICAL BRANCH
 DEPARTMENT OF MINES

The Ontario Water Resources Commission Act

WATER WELL RECORD

Com. Dist. [redacted] Basin [redacted]
 (Show on Map of Province)
 Con. 1 Lot 2 Pl. Lot
 Cont. Acres 1.00
 (Show on Map of Province)

Casing and Screen Record

Date: 1918
 Developed Capacity: 6
 Duration of Test: 13
 Pumping Rate: 13
 Drawdown: 46
 Static level of completed well: 46
 Is well a gravel-well type?

Water Record

Kind (fresh or mineral): Fresh
 Quality (hard, soft, contains iron, sulphur etc.): Hard
 Appearance (clear, cloudy, coloured): Clear
 For what purpose(s) is the water to be used? Stock
 How far is well from possible source of contamination?
 What is source of contamination?
 Enclose a copy of any mineral analysis that has been made of water.

Well Log

Drift and Bedrock Record

From	To	Location of Well
0	90	In diagram below show distances of well from road and lot line
90	105	115 ft from corner 1 corner
105	162	47 meters from W side
162	179	
179	221	

Situation: Is well on upland, in valley, or on hillside?
 Drilling Firm: [redacted]
 Address: [redacted]
 Recorded by: [redacted]
 Date: Dec. 31, 1917

UTM 117 k 41517 151010 k
 15 k 4191013 101215 N
 Elev. 13 k 0171510
 Basin 212 1111

RECEIVED
 JUL 24 1952 14 N° 792
 GEOLOGICAL BRANCH
 DEPARTMENT OF MINES

The Well Drillers Act
 Department of Mines, Province of Ontario

Water Well Record

Date Completed: 28 July 1952 (Year) (Month) (Day)
 Name of Well (including pump): ...
 (City or Town) (County) (District) (Municipality) (Province)

Pipe and Casing Record

Date: 1/10
 Casing diameter: 4"
 Length of casing: 120'
 Length of screen: 56'
 Pumping level: 5' down from
 Pumping rate: 12 gal per min
 Duration of test: ...
 Distance from top of screen to ground level: ...
 Is well a gravel-wall type? ...

Water Record

Kind (fresh or mineral): ...
 Quality (hard, soft, contains iron, sulphur, etc.): ...
 Appearance (clear, cloudy, coloured): ...
 For what purpose(s) is the water to be used? ...
 How far is well from possible source of contamination? ...
 What is the source of contamination? ...
 Enclose a copy of any mineral analysis that has been made of water.

Well Log

Overburden and Bedrock Record	From	To	No. of Feet Water Runs
...	0 ft.	42	
...	42	50	
...	50	87	
...	87	112	
...	112	140	
...	140	170	
...	170	181	

Location of Well

In diagram below show distance of well from road and lot line. Indicate north by arrow.

Situation: Is well on upland, in valley, or on hillside?
 Drilling Firm: ...
 Address: ...
 Name of Driller: ...
 Date: July 21, 1952
 Licence Number: 348
 Signature of Licensee: ...

UTM 117 k 41517 151010 k
 15 k 4191013 101215 N
 Elev. 13 k 0171510
 Basin 212 1111

RECEIVED
 DEC 20 1952
 GEOLOGICAL BRANCH
 DEPARTMENT OF MINES

The Well Drillers Act
 Department of Mines, Province of Ontario

Water Well Record

Date Completed: ...
 Name of Well (including pump): ...
 (City or Town) (County) (District) (Municipality) (Province)

Pipe and Casing Record

Date: ...
 Casing diameter: 4"
 Length of casing: ...
 Length of screen: ...
 Pumping level: ...
 Pumping rate: 4 gal
 Drawdown: 60 ft
 Static level of completed well: 2.2 ft
 Is well a gravel-wall type? ...

Water Record

Kind (fresh or mineral): ...
 Quality (hard, soft, contains iron, sulphur, etc.): ...
 Appearance (clear, cloudy, coloured): ...
 For what purpose(s) is the water to be used? ...
 How far is well from possible source of contamination? ...
 What is the source of contamination? ...
 Enclose a copy of any mineral analysis that has been made of water.

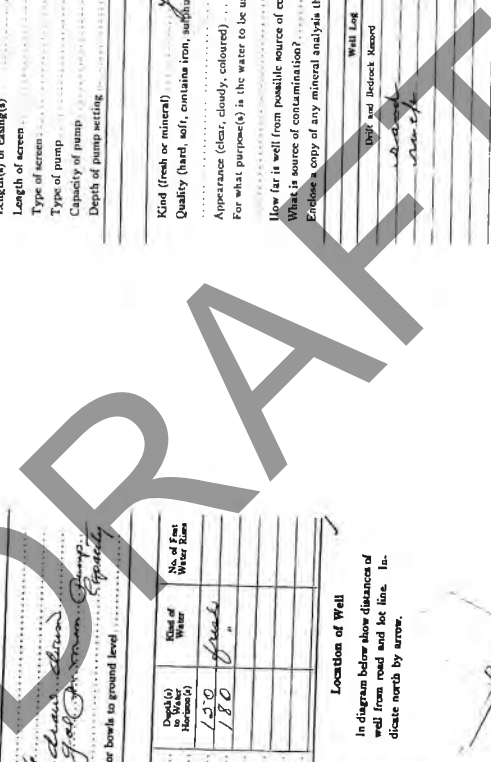
Well Log

Overburden and Bedrock Record	From	To	No. of Feet Water Runs
...	0 ft.	99 ft	
...	99	193	

Location of Well

In diagram below show distance of well from road and lot line.

Situation: Is well on upland, in valley, or on hillside?
 Drilling Firm: ...
 Address: ...
 Name of Driller: ...
 Date: Aug 17, 1949
 Licence Number: ...
 Signature of Licensee: ...



RECEIVED
JUN 21 1955
GEOLOGICAL BOARD
DEPARTMENT OF MINES

UTM 1727 4517161016 JK
17R 481013101815 IN
Elev. 191 017115
Basin 212 1111

The Water-well Drillers Act, 1954
Department of Mines

Water-Well Record

County or Territorial District: BRUCE Township, Village, Town or City: BRUCE
Village, Town or City: BRUCE
Address: 1111

Pipe and Casing Record
Casing diameter (ø) 4 3/4 Static level 187'
Length (ø) 187' Pumping rate 60
Type of screen W/L Pumping level 60
Length of screen 187' Duration of test 6 HRS

Well Log

Overburden and Bedrock Record	From ft.	To ft.	Depth (ft) at which water (fresh, salty, or sulphur) first	No. of feet water rise	Kind of water (fresh, salty, or sulphur)
Dug well	0	23			
Clay gravel	23	132			
Sandy gravel	132	176			
Rock hard	176	199'	199'	187'	FRESH

For what purpose(s) is the water to be used? DOMESTIC & FERT. SOIL
Is water clear or cloudy? CLEAR
Is well on upland, in valley, or on hillside? HILLSIDE
Drilling firm E. L. DAVIDSON
Address WILKINSON
Name of Driller F. THOMPSON
Address WILKINSON
Licence Number 73
Date 4/15/51
Signature of Driller [Signature]

Location of Well
In diagram below show distances of well from road and lot line. Indicate north by arrow.
Diagram showing lots 1 and 2, well location, and distances of 150' and 50'.

UTM 1727 4517161016 JK
17R 481013101815 IN
Elev. 191 017115
Basin 212 1111

The Ontario Water Resources Commission Act, 1957

WATER WELL RECORD

County or District: BRUCE Township, Village, Town or City: BRUCE
Date completed: 12 (day) 5 (month) 51 (year)
Owner: [Redacted] Address: 1111

Casing and Screen Record
Inside diameter of casing 6.533 Static level 35'
Total length of casing 201.5" Test-pumping rate 20
Type of screen W/L Pumping level 60
Length of screen 201.5" Duration of test pumping 6 HRS
Depth to top of screen 6" Water clear or cloudy at end of test CLEAR
Diameter of finished hole 6" Recommended pumping rate 5" C.P.M.
with pumping level of 40

Well Log

Overburden and Bedrock Record	From ft.	To ft.	Depth (ft) at which water (fresh, salty, or sulphur) first	No. of feet water rise	Kind of water (fresh, salty, or sulphur)
CLAY	0	53			
MARAPAN	53	177			
LIMESTONE	177	245'	225'	190'	FRESH

For what purpose(s) is the water to be used? DOMESTIC
Is well on upland, in valley, or on hillside? UPLAND
Drilling firm C. GEORGEY, WELL DRILLING LTD
Address 190, INDIAN RD KINGSTON
Licence Number 85
Name of Driller A. MUNRO
Address CLAYTON
Date 12/5/51
Signature of Licensed Drilling Contractor [Signature]

Location of Well
In diagram below show distances of well from road and lot line. Indicate north by arrow.
Diagram showing lots 1 and 2, well location, and distances of 150' and 50'.

UTM 17K 453850 E
 9149409.00 N
 Elev. 9108.25
 Basin 204
 County 108
 Township, Village, Town or City Kincardine
 Date completed 13 June 1962
 Con. A
 Lot 62
 Township, Village, Town or City Tiverton, Ont

BOARD WATER BRANCH
 14 No. 1662
 OCT 2 1962
 WATER RESOURCES COMMISSION

WATER WELL RECORD

Casing and Screen Record
 Inside diameter of casing 4"
 Total length of casing 98'
 Type of screen ---
 Length of screen ---
 Depth to top of screen ---
 Diameter of finished hole 4"

Pumping Test
 Static level 40'
 Test-pumping rate 12 G.P.M.
 Pumping level 50.5
 Duration of test pumping 5 hrs.
 Water clear or cloudy at end of test clear
 Recommended pumping rate 10 G.P.M.
 with pump setting of 33 feet below ground surface

Well Log		Water Record	
Overburden and Bedrock Record		From ft.	To ft.
Top Soil		0	6"
Stones		6"	31'
Clay, Stones, Hardpan		31'	34'
Gravelly Hardpan		34'	54'
Stony Hardpan		54'	57'
Silt, Green		57'	94'
Limestones, Green, Soft		94'	131'
			131' Fresh

For what purpose(s) is the water to be used?
 Farm

Is well on upland, in valley, or on hillside? Upland

Drilling or Boring Firm G.L. Davidson

Address Wingham

License Number 560
 Name of Driller or Borer G. Shavers
 Address Wingham
 Date July 29, 1962

(Signature of Licensed Drilling or Boring Contractor)

Location of Well
 In diagram below show distances of well from road and lot line. Indicate north by arrow.
 Con-A Lot 62
 Well 62
 10 rods
 Kincardine Twp.
 Bruce City

UTM 17K 454550 E
 9151490.26 N
 Elev. 9101.26
 Basin 204
 County 108
 Township, Village, Town or City Kincardine
 Date completed 4 July 1966
 Con. A
 Lot 62
 Township, Village, Town or City Tiverton, Ont

14 No. 1675
 WATER RESOURCES COMMISSION

WATER WELL RECORD

Casing and Screen Record
 Inside diameter of casing 4"
 Total length of casing 107'
 Type of screen ---
 Length of screen ---
 Depth to top of screen ---
 Diameter of finished hole 4"

Pumping Test
 Static level 53'
 Test-pumping rate 7 G.P.M.
 Pumping level 70'
 Duration of test pumping 5 hrs.
 Water clear or cloudy at end of test clear
 Recommended pumping rate 6 G.P.M.
 with pump setting of 90 feet below ground surface

Well Log		Water Record	
Overburden and Bedrock Record		From ft.	To ft.
Clay		0	12
Gravel		12	35'
Sand & gravel		35'	41'
Gravel		41'	46'
Sand		46'	58'
Blue clay		58'	78'
Gravel		78'	86'
Sand & gravel		86'	90'
Shale, brown, soft		90'	107'
Limestone, medium		107'	150'
			150' Fresh

For what purpose(s) is the water to be used?
 D. S. St. John

Is well on upland, in valley, or on hillside? Upland

Drilling or Boring Firm Davidson's Well Drilling
 Gorden L. Davidson

Address Wingham

License Number 2069
 Name of Driller or Borer E. Thompson
 Address Wingham
 Date July 7, 1966

(Signature of Licensed Drilling or Boring Contractor)

Location of Well
 In diagram below show distances of well from road and lot line. Indicate north by arrow.
 County Road
 2 mi
 side road
 well 62
 Con. A
 Bruce City
 Kincardine Twp.

UTM 117 E 453700
 19 N 4900200
 Elev. 191.0
 Basin 10750

SEP 17 1957
 ORIGINAL WATER RECORD
 RESOURCES COMMISSION

UTM 117 E 454250
 20 N 4901275
 Elev. 191.0
 Basin 10750

ORIGINAL WATER RECORD
 14 No. 1877
 174 No. 1878
 1938

The Water-well Drillers Act, 1954
 Department of Mines

Water-Well Record

Water-Well Record

County or Territorial District: BRUCE
 Township: Windsor-Town or City
 Village, Town or City: Windsor
 Address: 10750

County or Territorial District: BRUCE
 Township: Windsor-Town or City
 Village, Town or City: Windsor
 Address: 10750

Pipe and Casing Record

Casing diameter (s) 4 1/2 I.D.
 Length (s) 120
 Type of screen 1/4" 90% Zn
 Length of screen 6' 10"

Pumping Test

Static level 4.0
 Pumping rate 1.0
 Pumping level 5.3
 Duration of test 6:45

Pipe and Casing Record

Casing diameter (s) 4 1/2 I.D.
 Length (s) 112
 Type of screen 1/4" 90% Zn
 Length of screen 6' 10"

Pumping Test

Static level 4.6
 Pumping rate 1.0
 Pumping level 4.6
 Duration of test 5:00

Well Log

Overburden and Bedrock Record	From ft.	To ft.	Depth (s) to water found	No. of feet water rises	Kind of water (flow or artesian)
Dug well	0	16'			
Sand & gravel	16	32'			
Clay & silt	32	62'			
Clay & silt	62	97'			
Clay & silt	97	115'			
Limestone, hard brown	115	143'	143'	10.3'	Flow

Well Log

Overburden and Bedrock Record	From ft.	To ft.	Depth (s) to water found	No. of feet water rises	Kind of water (flow or artesian)
Dug well	0	5'			
Brown clay	5	17'			
Clay & silt	17	46'			
Sand & gravel	46	62'			
Sand & gravel	62	92'			
Sand & gravel	92	112'			
Sand & gravel	112	132'	132'	9.2'	Flow

For what purpose (s) is the water to be used?
For water supply for farm

Is water clear or cloudy? Clear
 Is well on upland, in valley, or on hillside?
Upland

Drilling firm Windsor Drilling Co.
 Address Windsor, Ont.

Name of Driller E. J. ...
 Address Windsor, Ont.

Licence Number ...
 Date ...

I certify that the foregoing statements of fact are true.
E. J. ...
 Signature of Licentiate

Location of Well
 In diagram below show distances of well from road and lot line. Indicate north by arrow.

 1/2 mile
 1.6 mile
 COM. A
 COM. B
 COM. C
 Minterline Twp.
 C.S.S.S.

For what purpose (s) is the water to be used?
For water supply for farm

Is water clear or cloudy? Clear
 Is well on upland, in valley, or on hillside?
Upland

Drilling firm Windsor Drilling Co.
 Address Windsor, Ont.

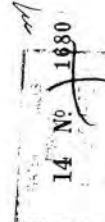
Name of Driller E. J. ...
 Address Windsor, Ont.

Licence Number ...
 Date ...

I certify that the foregoing statements of fact are true.
E. J. ...
 Signature of Licentiate

Location of Well
 In diagram below show distances of well from road and lot line. Indicate north by arrow.

 1/2 mile
 1.6 mile
 COM. A
 COM. B
 COM. C
 Minterline Twp.
 C.S.S.S.



UTM 17 456045 E
 14 No 1680
 5 R 490070.0 N
 Elev 15 R 07.65
 Township, Village, Town or City **Kincardine**

WATER WELL RECORD

Ontario Water Resources Commission Act
 Date completed **14** Sept. 1965
 Address **R.R. A, G.LAMIS**

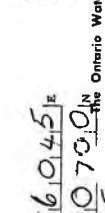
Con. **C** Lot **58**
 Township, Village, Town or City **Kincardine**
 Date completed **14** Sept. 1965
 Address **R.R. A, G.LAMIS**

Casing and Screen Record		Pumping Test	
Inside diameter of casing	4"	Static level	60
Total length of casing	153.2	Test-pumping rate	68.10
Type of screen	—	Pumping level	68.07 109 pm.
Length of screen	—	Duration of test pumping	1 hr.
Depth to top of screen	—	Water clear or cloudy at end of test	clear
Diameter of finished hole	4"	Recommended pumping rate	10
		with pump setting of	80

Well Log		Water Record	
Overburden and Bedrock Record		Depth (s) at which water(s) found	Kind of water (fresh, salty, sulphur)
Topsoil		From ft.	To ft.
brown clay, stoney		0	1
blue clay		14	14
sand & gravel		68	80
gravelly hardpan		80	98
hardpan		98	112
shale, white & brown		112	143
limestones, light brown, med. hard		143	148
		148	201
			201

For what purpose(s) is the water to be used?
D-5
 Is well on upland, in valley, or on hillside? **upland**
 Drilling or Boring Firm **G.L. Davidson**
 Address **Wingham**
 Licence Number **1758**
 Name of Driller or Borer **Doug Davidson**
 Address **Wingham**
 Date **Sept 15, 1965**
 Signature of Licensed Drilling or Boring Contractor **D. L. Davidson**

Location of Well
 In diagram below show distances of well from road and lot line. Indicate north by arrow
Lot-58
Kincardine Twp.
Bruce Cty
Well 0 - 100' -
45 rds
Lot 58
Lot line
Lot 57



UTM 17 455450 E
 14 No 1700 A
 5 R 4899425 N
 Elev 15 R 07.50
 Township, Village, Town or City **Kincardine**

WATER WELL RECORD

Ontario Water Resources Commission Act
 Date completed **22** August 1967
 Address **R. R. 2, Tiverton, Ont.**

Con. **10** Lot **1**
 Township, Village, Town or City **Kincardine**
 Date completed **22** August 1967
 Address **R. R. 2, Tiverton, Ont.**

Casing and Screen Record		Pumping Test	
Inside diameter of casing	4"	Static level	131
Total length of casing	155-6	Test-pumping rate	23
Type of screen	—	Pumping level	171 (at 10 g.p.m.)
Length of screen	—	Duration of test pumping	1 hr.
Depth to top of screen	—	Water clear or cloudy at end of test	clear
Diameter of finished hole	4"	Recommended pumping rate	10
		with pump setting of	25

Well Log		Water Record	
Overburden and Bedrock Record		Depth (s) at which water(s) found	Kind of water (fresh, salty, sulphur)
Topsoil		From ft.	To ft.
Clay & Sand		0	6"
Clay		34"	48
Sand		48	60
Sand & Gravel		60	64
Stoney Hardpan		64	155
Limestone, brown, hard & soft		155	187
			187

For what purpose(s) is the water to be used?
D-8
 Is well on upland, in valley, or on hillside? **upland**
 Drilling or Boring Firm **G. L. Davidson**
 Address **Box 486**
 Licence Number **2466**
 Name of Driller or Borer **Doug Davidson**
 Address **Wingham, Ontario**
 Date **August 22, 1967**
 Signature of Licensed Drilling or Boring Contractor **D. L. Davidson**

Location of Well
 In diagram below show distances of well from road and lot line. Indicate north by arrow
Lot-58
Kincardine Twp.
Bruce Cty
Well 0 - 100' -
45 rds
Lot 58
Lot line
Lot 57



GROUND WATER BOARD
146 No. 10-3 1703
ONTARIO WATER RESOURCES COMMISSION

UTM 117E 455900E
19R 4900150N
Elev. 0927 0750
Basin 10-19
County 10-19
Com. 11 Lot 1
Township, Village, Town or City Kincardine
Date completed 23 (day) Sept 1963 (month) (year)
R.R.S. Kincardine

WATER WELL RECORD

Ontario Water Resources Commission Act
Township, Village, Town or City Kincardine
Date completed 23 (day) Sept 1963 (month) (year)
R.R.S. Kincardine

Casing and Screen Record
Inside diameter of casing 4"
Total length of casing 150'
Type of screen ---
Length of screen ---
Depth to top of screen ---
Diameter of finished hole 4"

Pumping Test
Static level 42'
Test-pumping rate 12' G.P.M.
Pumping level 30'
Duration of test pumping 6 hrs
Water clear or cloudy at end of test clear
Recommended pumping rate 10 G.P.M.
with pump setting of 55 feet below ground surface

Well Log

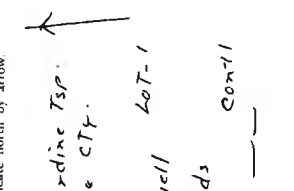
Overburden and Bedrock Record		Water Record	
From ft.	To ft.	Depth(s) at which water(s) found	Kind of water (fresh, salty, sulphur)
0	28		
28	66		
66	108		
108	134		
134	152		
152	175		
			Fresh

For what purpose(s) is the water to be used?
Farm upland

Is well on upland, in valley, or on hillside?
Drilling or Boring Firm G.L. Davidson
Address Wingham

License Number 951
Name of Driller or Borer E. Thompson
Address Wingham
Date Oct 5 1963
(Signature of Licensed Drilling or Boring Contractor)

Form 7 1531-60-4138
OWRC COPY



UTM 117E 456050E
19R 4999600N
Elev. 151 0775
Basin 10-19
County 10-19
Com. 11 Lot 2
Township, Village, Town or City Kincardine
Date completed 23 (day) August 1967 (month) (year)
R.R. A. Glamis, Ontario

WATER WELL RECORD

Ontario Water Resources Commission Act
Township, Village, Town or City Kincardine
Date completed 23 (day) August 1967 (month) (year)
R.R. A. Glamis, Ontario

Casing and Screen Record
Inside diameter of casing 4"
Total length of casing 145-6
Type of screen ---
Length of screen ---
Depth to top of screen ---
Diameter of finished hole 4"

Pumping Test
Static level 36'
Test-pumping rate 13 G.P.M.
Pumping level 45'
Duration of test pumping 1 hr.
Water clear or cloudy at end of test clear
Recommended pumping rate 10 G.P.M.
with pump setting of 65 feet below ground surface

Well Log

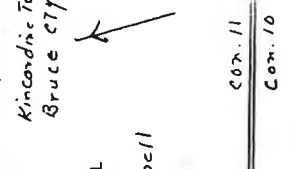
Overburden and Bedrock Record		Water Record	
From ft.	To ft.	Depth(s) at which water(s) found	Kind of water (fresh, salty, sulphur)
0	6		
6	28		
28	31		
31	34		
34	100		
100	143		
143	185		
			fresh

For what purpose(s) is the water to be used?
D - S

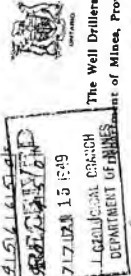
Is well on upland, in valley, or on hillside?
Drilling or Boring Firm G. I. Davidson
Address Box 486 Wingham, Ont.

License Number 2466
Name of Driller or Borer Doug. Davidson
Address Wingham, Ont.
Date Aug. 28/67
(Signature of Licensed Drilling or Boring Contractor)

Form 7 1531-60-4138
OWRC COPY



UTM 17K 415116150
 14 No 2120



The Well Drillers Act
 Department of Mines, Province of Ontario

Water Well Record

Well No. 100 Loc. Highway 4
 Date completed 1948 Area 2.5
 Drilling firm W.C.C. Ltd.

Pipe and Casing Record

Casing diameter (s) 4
 Length of casing (s) 13
 Length of screen 9
 Type of screen gal
 Capacity of pump 14 gpm
 Depth of pump setting 57 ft

Pumping Test

Date March 13
 Developed Capacity 14 gpm
 Duration of Test 9 min
 Pumping Rate 14 gpm
 Drawdown 14 ft
 Static level of completed well 57 ft
 Is well a gravel-well type? Yes

Water Record

Kind (rock or mineral) fresh sand
 Quality (hard, soft, contains iron, sulphur etc.) Clear
 Appearance (clear, cloudy, coloured) Clear
 For what purpose(s) is the water to be used? Domestic & Stock

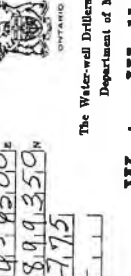
How far is well from possible source of contamination? None
 What is source of contamination? None
 Enclose a copy of any mineral analysis that has been made of water

Well Log

From	To	Location of Well
0	8.0	In diagram below show distances of well from road and lot line. <i>Highway 4</i> <i>Well #100</i> <i>150 ft from #11</i> <i>100 ft from #12</i>
8.0	11.0	
11.0	14.0	
14.0	16.1	
16.1	22.4	

Situation: Is well on upland, in valley, or on hillside?
 Drilling firm W.C.C. Ltd.
 Address W.C.C. Ltd.
 Recorded by W.C.C. Ltd.
 Date 1948

UTM 17K 415116150
 14 No 1704



The Water-well Drillers Act, 1954
 Department of Mines

Water-Well Record

Well No. 100 Loc. Highway 4
 Date completed 1948 Area 2.5
 Drilling firm W.C.C. Ltd.

Pipe and Casing Record

Casing diameter (s) 4
 Length of casing (s) 13
 Length of screen 9
 Type of screen gal
 Capacity of pump 14 gpm
 Depth of pump setting 57 ft

Pumping Test

Date March 13
 Developed Capacity 14 gpm
 Duration of Test 9 min
 Pumping Rate 14 gpm
 Drawdown 14 ft
 Static level of completed well 57 ft
 Is well a gravel-well type? Yes

Water Record

From	To	Depth (s) at which water is found	No. of test water runs	Kind of water (fresh, salty or sulphur)
0	2.6			
2.6	7.2			
7.2	10.4			
10.4	11.5			
11.5	17.0			

Well Log

From	To	Location of Well
0	2.6	In diagram below show distances of well from road and lot line. Indicate north by arrow. <i>Highway 4</i> <i>Well #100</i> <i>150 ft from #11</i> <i>100 ft from #12</i>
2.6	7.2	
7.2	10.4	
10.4	11.5	
11.5	17.0	

Situation: Is well on upland, in valley, or on hillside?
 Drilling firm W.C.C. Ltd.
 Address W.C.C. Ltd.
 Recorded by W.C.C. Ltd.
 Date 1948

JTM 1112 41526180
 148 491018701
 518 071915
 212 1111

Cons. No. 1402307
 4/18/56

The Ontario Water Resources Commission Act
WATER WELL RECORD

County or District Bruce Lot 4
 Con. 12

Drilling or Boring Firm
 "Davidson Well Drilling"
 Box 486
 Wingham, Ontario.
 Licence Number 3356
 Name of Driller or Borer Edwin Thompson
 Address Wingham, Ontario.
 Date May 6, 1969
 (Signature of Licensed Drilling or Boring Contractor)

Drilling or Boring Firm
 "Davidson Well Drilling"
 Box 486
 Wingham, Ontario.
 Licence Number 3356
 Name of Driller or Borer Edwin Thompson
 Address Wingham, Ontario.
 Date May 6, 1969
 (Signature of Licensed Drilling or Boring Contractor)

Drilling or Boring Firm
 "Davidson Well Drilling"
 Box 486
 Wingham, Ontario.
 Licence Number 3356
 Name of Driller or Borer Edwin Thompson
 Address Wingham, Ontario.
 Date May 6, 1969
 (Signature of Licensed Drilling or Boring Contractor)

Drilling or Boring Firm
 "Davidson Well Drilling"
 Box 486
 Wingham, Ontario.
 Licence Number 3356
 Name of Driller or Borer Edwin Thompson
 Address Wingham, Ontario.
 Date May 6, 1969
 (Signature of Licensed Drilling or Boring Contractor)

Well Log

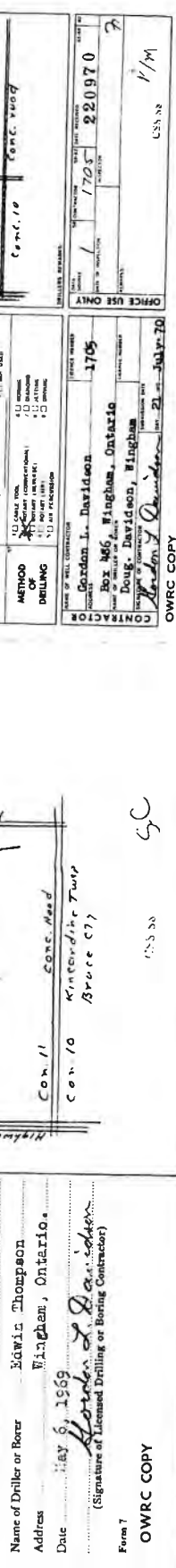
Overburden and Bedrock Record	From ft.	To ft.	Depth(s) at which water(s) found	Kind of water (fresh, salty, sulphur)
CLAY, brown	0	24		
Gravel	24	26		
CLAY, Blue	26	104		
CLAY, gravel stone	104	148		
Hardpan	148	184		
Gravel & Hardpan	184	195		
ROCK, dark brown, hard	195	260		
			210' to 260'	fresh

Water Record

Test-pumping rate	Pumping level	Duration of test pumping	Water clear or cloudy at end of test	Recommended pumping rate with pump setting of	G.P.M.
30	50'	8 hrs.	clear	30	G.P.M.

Water Record

Test-pumping rate	Pumping level	Duration of test pumping	Water clear or cloudy at end of test	Recommended pumping rate with pump setting of	G.P.M.
30	50'	8 hrs.	clear	30	G.P.M.



For what purpose(s) is the water to be used?
 Industrial

Is well on upland, in valley, or on hillside? Upland

Drilling or Boring Firm G. L. Davidson
 "Davidson Well Drilling"
 Box 486
 Wingham, Ontario.
 Licence Number 3356
 Name of Driller or Borer Edwin Thompson
 Address Wingham, Ontario.
 Date May 6, 1969
 (Signature of Licensed Drilling or Boring Contractor)

Drilling or Boring Firm
 "Davidson Well Drilling"
 Box 486
 Wingham, Ontario.
 Licence Number 3356
 Name of Driller or Borer Edwin Thompson
 Address Wingham, Ontario.
 Date May 6, 1969
 (Signature of Licensed Drilling or Boring Contractor)

The Ontario Water Resources Commission Act
WATER WELL RECORD

County or District Bruce Lot 4
 Con. 12

Drilling or Boring Firm
 "Davidson Well Drilling"
 Box 486
 Wingham, Ontario.
 Licence Number 3356
 Name of Driller or Borer Edwin Thompson
 Address Wingham, Ontario.
 Date May 6, 1969
 (Signature of Licensed Drilling or Boring Contractor)

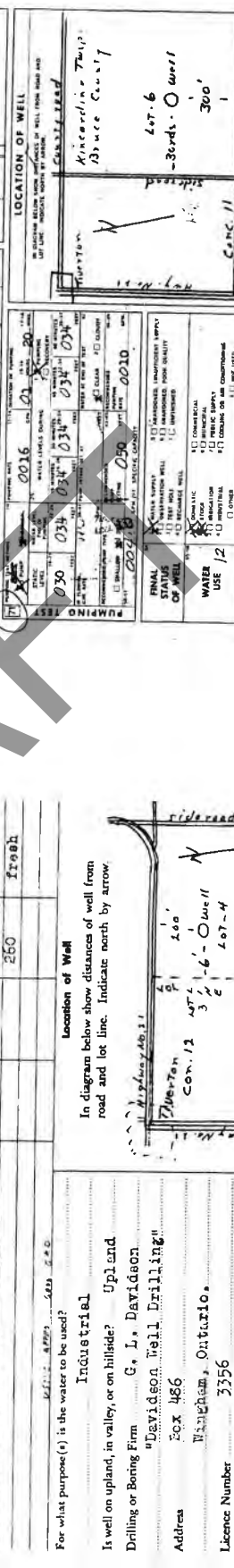
Drilling or Boring Firm
 "Davidson Well Drilling"
 Box 486
 Wingham, Ontario.
 Licence Number 3356
 Name of Driller or Borer Edwin Thompson
 Address Wingham, Ontario.
 Date May 6, 1969
 (Signature of Licensed Drilling or Boring Contractor)

LOG OF OVERBURDEN AND BEDROCK MATERIALS (SEE INSTRUCTIONS)

GENERAL COLOR	TEXTURE	GENERAL DESCRIPTION	DEPTH - FEET
Brown	Clay	hard	0 to 18
Blue	Clay	soft	18 to 60
Blue	Marl	soft	60 to 101
Brown	Hardpan	hard	101 to 120
	Sand	hard	120 to 156
	Gravel	Stones	156 to 138
Brown	Hardpan	Stones	138 to 167
Brown	Rock	hard	167 to 178
Brown	Rock	mod. soft	178 to 211

WATER RECORD

TEST-PUMPING RATE	PUMPING LEVEL	DURATION OF TEST PUMPING	WATER CLEAR OR CLOUDY AT END OF TEST	RECOMMENDED PUMPING RATE WITH PUMP SETTING OF	G.P.M.
30	50'	8 hrs.	clear	30	G.P.M.



For what purpose(s) is the water to be used?
 Industrial

Is well on upland, in valley, or on hillside? Upland

Drilling or Boring Firm G. L. Davidson
 "Davidson Well Drilling"
 Box 486
 Wingham, Ontario.
 Licence Number 3356
 Name of Driller or Borer Edwin Thompson
 Address Wingham, Ontario.
 Date May 6, 1969
 (Signature of Licensed Drilling or Boring Contractor)

Drilling or Boring Firm
 "Davidson Well Drilling"
 Box 486
 Wingham, Ontario.
 Licence Number 3356
 Name of Driller or Borer Edwin Thompson
 Address Wingham, Ontario.
 Date May 6, 1969
 (Signature of Licensed Drilling or Boring Contractor)

4145E

WATER WELL RECORD



The Ontario Water Resources Commission Act
1402662
Bruce County
R. 2, Tiverton, Ontario.

DATE OF INSTALLATION: 18-11-70
 COUNTY OF DISTRICT: Bruce County
 TOWNSHIP: Bruce Township
 CON. NO.: 1
 SHEET NO.: 6
 DATE: 6 APR 71

GENERAL COLOUR	GENERAL DESCRIPTION	DEPTH - FEET
Blue	Clay	0
Blue	Marl clay	36
		146
	Soft	146
	Gravel, Sand, Stones - Mixed	151
	Hardpan	151
	Stones	174
	Medium	174
Brown	Limestone	217

GENERAL COLOUR	GENERAL DESCRIPTION	DEPTH - FEET
	Topsoil	0
Brown	CLAY	1
Blue	Clay	14
Brown	Marl	53
Brown	Stones	63
Brown	med. hard	127
Brown	soft	168
		174

LOG OF OVERBURDEN AND BEDROCK MATERIALS (SEE INSTRUCTIONS)

WATER RECORD
 DATE OF INSTALLATION: 18-11-70
 COUNTY OF DISTRICT: Bruce County
 TOWNSHIP: Bruce Township
 CON. NO.: 1
 SHEET NO.: 6
 DATE: 6 APR 71

LOG OF OVERBURDEN AND BEDROCK MATERIALS (SEE INSTRUCTIONS)

WATER RECORD
 DATE OF INSTALLATION: 18-11-70
 COUNTY OF DISTRICT: Bruce County
 TOWNSHIP: Bruce Township
 CON. NO.: 1
 SHEET NO.: 6
 DATE: 6 APR 71

LOG OF OVERBURDEN AND BEDROCK MATERIALS (SEE INSTRUCTIONS)

WATER RECORD
 DATE OF INSTALLATION: 18-11-70
 COUNTY OF DISTRICT: Bruce County
 TOWNSHIP: Bruce Township
 CON. NO.: 1
 SHEET NO.: 6
 DATE: 6 APR 71

LOG OF OVERBURDEN AND BEDROCK MATERIALS (SEE INSTRUCTIONS)

WATER RECORD
 DATE OF INSTALLATION: 18-11-70
 COUNTY OF DISTRICT: Bruce County
 TOWNSHIP: Bruce Township
 CON. NO.: 1
 SHEET NO.: 6
 DATE: 6 APR 71

4145E

WATER WELL RECORD



The Ontario Water Resources Commission Act
1402662
Bruce County
R. 2, Tiverton, Ontario.

DATE OF INSTALLATION: 18-11-70
 COUNTY OF DISTRICT: Bruce County
 TOWNSHIP: Bruce Township
 CON. NO.: 3
 SHEET NO.: 11
 DATE: 11-11-70

GENERAL COLOUR	GENERAL DESCRIPTION	DEPTH - FEET
Blue	Clay	0
Blue	Marl clay	36
		146
	Soft	146
	Gravel, Sand, Stones - Mixed	151
	Hardpan	151
	Stones	174
	Medium	174
Brown	Limestone	217

LOG OF OVERBURDEN AND BEDROCK MATERIALS (SEE INSTRUCTIONS)

WATER RECORD
 DATE OF INSTALLATION: 18-11-70
 COUNTY OF DISTRICT: Bruce County
 TOWNSHIP: Bruce Township
 CON. NO.: 3
 SHEET NO.: 11
 DATE: 11-11-70

LOG OF OVERBURDEN AND BEDROCK MATERIALS (SEE INSTRUCTIONS)

WATER RECORD
 DATE OF INSTALLATION: 18-11-70
 COUNTY OF DISTRICT: Bruce County
 TOWNSHIP: Bruce Township
 CON. NO.: 3
 SHEET NO.: 11
 DATE: 11-11-70

LOG OF OVERBURDEN AND BEDROCK MATERIALS (SEE INSTRUCTIONS)

WATER RECORD
 DATE OF INSTALLATION: 18-11-70
 COUNTY OF DISTRICT: Bruce County
 TOWNSHIP: Bruce Township
 CON. NO.: 3
 SHEET NO.: 11
 DATE: 11-11-70

LOG OF OVERBURDEN AND BEDROCK MATERIALS (SEE INSTRUCTIONS)

WATER RECORD
 DATE OF INSTALLATION: 18-11-70
 COUNTY OF DISTRICT: Bruce County
 TOWNSHIP: Bruce Township
 CON. NO.: 3
 SHEET NO.: 11
 DATE: 11-11-70

LOG OF OVERBURDEN AND BEDROCK MATERIALS (SEE INSTRUCTIONS)

WATER RECORD
 DATE OF INSTALLATION: 18-11-70
 COUNTY OF DISTRICT: Bruce County
 TOWNSHIP: Bruce Township
 CON. NO.: 3
 SHEET NO.: 11
 DATE: 11-11-70

The Ontario Water Resources Commission Act
WATER WELL RECORD



1402682
Bruce County
Bruce Township
R. R. 2, Fiverton, Ont.
Cono. 1
DATE COMPLETED
Mar. 7 - Apr. 21 71

LOC OF OVERBURDEN AND BEDROCK MATERIALS (SEE INSTRUCTIONS)

GENERAL COLOR	SOIL	COMMON MATERIAL	OTHER MATERIALS	DEPTH - FEET
Brown Clay	Topsoil			0 1
Brown Clay	Gravel	dense		1 24
Brown Hardpan	Sand	hard		24 33
Brown Rock	Stones	med. soft		33 67
				67 162

W 1172 4151 01510
4R 419 1013 01510
v. 1318 1017 5151
SH 1212

WATER RECORD

WATER LEVEL: 67 72 70 72 72 72

WATER TEMPERATURE: 10

WATER QUALITY: 1

WATER USE: 1

METHOD OF DRILLING: 1

CONTRACTOR: Davidson Well Drilling Ltd. 1737

475 Josephine St., Wingham, Ont.
Doug. Davidson, Wingham

CASING & OPEN HOLE RECORD

WATER RECORD

WATER LEVEL: 67 72 70 72 72 72

WATER TEMPERATURE: 10

WATER QUALITY: 1

WATER USE: 1

METHOD OF DRILLING: 1

CONTRACTOR: Davidson Well Drilling Ltd. 1737

475 Josephine St., Wingham, Ont.
Doug. Davidson, Wingham

PLUGGING & SEALING RECORD

WATER RECORD

WATER LEVEL: 67 72 70 72 72 72

WATER TEMPERATURE: 10

WATER QUALITY: 1

WATER USE: 1

METHOD OF DRILLING: 1

CONTRACTOR: Davidson Well Drilling Ltd. 1737

475 Josephine St., Wingham, Ont.
Doug. Davidson, Wingham

LOCATION OF WELL

LOT - F
-30' x 50' - 0' Well
150' CONC. 1
Kincardine Twp.

CONTRACTOR'S COPY 0. 14 R.C.

The Ontario Water Resources Commission Act
WATER WELL RECORD



1402692
Bruce County
Kincardine Township
R. R. 2, Fiverton, Ontario
Cono. B
DATE COMPLETED
Mar. 16 - Apr. 21 71

LOC OF OVERBURDEN AND BEDROCK MATERIALS (SEE INSTRUCTIONS)

GENERAL COLOR	SOIL	COMMON MATERIAL	OTHER MATERIALS	DEPTH - FEET
Blue Clay	Clay	Stones		0 26
Brown Gravel	Gravel	Loam		26 34
Brown Hardpan	Hardpan	Hard		34 42
Brown Sand	Sand	Gravel		42 46
Brown Clay	Clay	Gravel streaks		46 62
Blue	Clay	Bridging		62 72
Brown	Gravel	Silty		72 91
Brown Shale	Shale	Penans		91 108
Brown Limestone	Limestone	Soft		108 146

WATER RECORD

WATER LEVEL: 060 072 072 072 072 072

WATER TEMPERATURE: 0010

WATER QUALITY: 03

WATER USE: 0

METHOD OF DRILLING: 0

CONTRACTOR: Davidson Well Drilling Ltd. 1737

Box 466, Wingham, Ontario
E. Thompson, Wingham

CASING & OPEN HOLE RECORD

WATER RECORD

WATER LEVEL: 060 072 072 072 072 072

WATER TEMPERATURE: 0010

WATER QUALITY: 03

WATER USE: 0

METHOD OF DRILLING: 0

CONTRACTOR: Davidson Well Drilling Ltd. 1737

Box 466, Wingham, Ontario
E. Thompson, Wingham

PLUGGING & SEALING RECORD

WATER RECORD

WATER LEVEL: 060 072 072 072 072 072

WATER TEMPERATURE: 0010

WATER QUALITY: 03

WATER USE: 0

METHOD OF DRILLING: 0

CONTRACTOR: Davidson Well Drilling Ltd. 1737

Box 466, Wingham, Ontario
E. Thompson, Wingham

LOCATION OF WELL

LOT - B
-42' x 50' - 42' 52' Well
10 rods
Lot # 155
Kincardine Township
Bruce County

CONTRACTOR'S COPY 0. 14 R.C.

LOG OF OVERBURDEN AND BEDROCK MATERIALS (SEE INSTRUCTIONS)

SPECIAL COLUMN	OTHER MATERIALS	GENERAL DESCRIPTION	DEPTH - FEET
Brown Clay			0
Blue Clay			24
Brown Hardpan			34
Gravel			56
Brown Shale		Soft	70
Brown Limestone		Hard	90
			135

WATER RECORD (SEE INSTRUCTIONS)

DATE	TIME	DEPTH - FEET	TEMPERATURE	WIND DIRECTION	WIND VELOCITY	WAVE HEIGHT	SEA STATE
02/23	04	205					
02/23	08-8	0132					

PLUGGING & SEALING RECORD (SEE INSTRUCTIONS)

DEPTH UP TO - FEET	MATERIAL AND TYPE	DATE
0132		
0157		

LOCATION OF WELL (SEE INSTRUCTIONS)

16 SQUARE BLOCK SHOW DISTANCE OF WELL FROM ROAD AND TO USE LOCALITY MAP OF BLOCK

CELESTIAL GRID

Block A
 Kingsbridge Township
 Bruce County
 205' Elev. 210

Pincoedine Township
 Bruce County

DATE OF WELL CONSTRUCTION: 1/73
 DATE OF RECORD: 1/73

CONTRACTOR: Davidson Well Drilling
 Box 486, Wingham, Ont.
 E. Thompson, Wingham

PRICE USE ONLY: \$70571

LOG OF OVERBURDEN AND BEDROCK MATERIALS (SEE INSTRUCTIONS)

SPECIAL COLUMN	OTHER MATERIALS	GENERAL DESCRIPTION	DEPTH - FEET
Brown Clay		Sand	0
Blue Clay		hard	6
Blue Clay		Gravel streaks	18
Blue Sand		Gravel	42
Blue Clay		dense	52
Brown Hardpan		hard	105
Brown Limestone		hard	126
Brown Limestone		soft	138
		hard	157

WATER RECORD (SEE INSTRUCTIONS)

DATE	TIME	DEPTH - FEET	TEMPERATURE	WIND DIRECTION	WIND VELOCITY	WAVE HEIGHT	SEA STATE
02/23	04	205					
02/23	08-8	0132					
02/23	0157	0157					

PLUGGING & SEALING RECORD (SEE INSTRUCTIONS)

DEPTH UP TO - FEET	MATERIAL AND TYPE	DATE
0132		
0157		

LOCATION OF WELL (SEE INSTRUCTIONS)

16 SQUARE BLOCK SHOW DISTANCE OF WELL FROM ROAD AND TO USE LOCALITY MAP OF BLOCK

CELESTIAL GRID

Block A
 Kingsbridge Township
 Bruce County
 205' Elev. 210

Pincoedine Township
 Bruce County

DATE OF WELL CONSTRUCTION: 1/73
 DATE OF RECORD: 1/73

CONTRACTOR: Davidson Well Drilling
 Box 486, Wingham, Ontario
 E. Thompson, Wingham

PRICE USE ONLY: \$250571

4/1/85

The Ontario Water Resources Commission Act

WATER WELL RECORD



WATER WELL RECORD - PART 1 (SEE INSTRUCTIONS)

1. COUNTY OR DISTRICT: **Simcoe County**

2. MUNICIPALITY: **King**

3. TOWNSHIP: **King**

4. LOCATION: **King**

5. WELL NUMBER: **053**

6. DATE OF RECORD: **07/07/84**

7. NAME OF WELL: **Well 0-100**

8. NAME OF WELL OWNER: **Dono. A**

9. NAME OF WELL DRILLER: **Davidson Well Drilling Ltd.**

10. ADDRESS OF WELL DRILLER: **Box 456, King, Ontario**

11. PHONE NUMBER: **416-291-1111**

12. SIGNATURE OF WELL DRILLER: **[Signature]**

13. SIGNATURE OF WELL OWNER: **[Signature]**

14. DATE OF SIGNATURE: **07/07/84**

LOG OF OVERBURDEN AND BEDROCK MATERIALS (SEE INSTRUCTIONS)

DEPTH (FEET)	GENERAL DESCRIPTION	REMARKS
0 - 23	Brown Clay	
23 - 58	Clay	
58 - 65	Brown Clay	hard
65 - 139	Brown Limestone	med. hard

LOG OF CASING & OPEN HOLE RECORD

1. DATE OF RECORD: **07/07/84**

2. WELL NUMBER: **053**

3. LOCATION: **King**

4. NAME OF WELL: **Well 0-100**

5. NAME OF WELL DRILLER: **Davidson Well Drilling Ltd.**

6. ADDRESS OF WELL DRILLER: **Box 456, King, Ontario**

7. PHONE NUMBER: **416-291-1111**

8. SIGNATURE OF WELL DRILLER: **[Signature]**

9. SIGNATURE OF WELL OWNER: **[Signature]**

10. DATE OF SIGNATURE: **07/07/84**

LOCATION OF WELL

1. LOCATION: **King**

2. NAME OF WELL: **Well 0-100**

3. ADDRESS OF WELL: **Box 456, King, Ontario**

4. PHONE NUMBER: **416-291-1111**

5. SIGNATURE OF WELL DRILLER: **[Signature]**

6. SIGNATURE OF WELL OWNER: **[Signature]**

7. DATE OF SIGNATURE: **07/07/84**

FINAL STATUS OF WELL

1. STATUS: **1**

2. WATER USE: **1**

3. METHOD OF DRILLING: **1**

4. CONTRACTOR: **Davidson Well Drilling Ltd.**

5. ADDRESS OF CONTRACTOR: **Box 456, King, Ontario**

6. PHONE NUMBER: **416-291-1111**

7. SIGNATURE OF CONTRACTOR: **[Signature]**

8. SIGNATURE OF WELL DRILLER: **[Signature]**

9. SIGNATURE OF WELL OWNER: **[Signature]**

10. DATE OF SIGNATURE: **07/07/84**

OWRC COPY

4/1/85

The Ontario Water Resources Commission Act

WATER WELL RECORD



WATER WELL RECORD - PART 1 (SEE INSTRUCTIONS)

1. COUNTY OR DISTRICT: **Simcoe County**

2. MUNICIPALITY: **King**

3. TOWNSHIP: **King**

4. LOCATION: **King**

5. WELL NUMBER: **053**

6. DATE OF RECORD: **07/07/84**

7. NAME OF WELL: **Well 0-100**

8. NAME OF WELL OWNER: **Dono. B**

9. NAME OF WELL DRILLER: **Davidson Well Drilling Ltd.**

10. ADDRESS OF WELL DRILLER: **Box 456, King, Ontario**

11. PHONE NUMBER: **416-291-1111**

12. SIGNATURE OF WELL DRILLER: **[Signature]**

13. SIGNATURE OF WELL OWNER: **[Signature]**

14. DATE OF SIGNATURE: **07/07/84**

LOG OF OVERBURDEN AND BEDROCK MATERIALS (SEE INSTRUCTIONS)

DEPTH (FEET)	GENERAL DESCRIPTION	REMARKS
0 - 19	Brown Clay	
19 - 62	Clay	
62 - 75	Brown Limestone	hard
75 - 140	Brown Limestone	hard, soft streaks

LOG OF CASING & OPEN HOLE RECORD

1. DATE OF RECORD: **07/07/84**

2. WELL NUMBER: **053**

3. LOCATION: **King**

4. NAME OF WELL: **Well 0-100**

5. NAME OF WELL DRILLER: **Davidson Well Drilling Ltd.**

6. ADDRESS OF WELL DRILLER: **Box 456, King, Ontario**

7. PHONE NUMBER: **416-291-1111**

8. SIGNATURE OF WELL DRILLER: **[Signature]**

9. SIGNATURE OF WELL OWNER: **[Signature]**

10. DATE OF SIGNATURE: **07/07/84**

LOCATION OF WELL

1. LOCATION: **King**

2. NAME OF WELL: **Well 0-100**

3. ADDRESS OF WELL: **Box 456, King, Ontario**

4. PHONE NUMBER: **416-291-1111**

5. SIGNATURE OF WELL DRILLER: **[Signature]**

6. SIGNATURE OF WELL OWNER: **[Signature]**

7. DATE OF SIGNATURE: **07/07/84**

FINAL STATUS OF WELL

1. STATUS: **1**

2. WATER USE: **1**

3. METHOD OF DRILLING: **1**

4. CONTRACTOR: **Davidson Well Drilling Ltd.**

5. ADDRESS OF CONTRACTOR: **Box 456, King, Ontario**

6. PHONE NUMBER: **416-291-1111**

7. SIGNATURE OF CONTRACTOR: **[Signature]**

8. SIGNATURE OF WELL DRILLER: **[Signature]**

9. SIGNATURE OF WELL OWNER: **[Signature]**

10. DATE OF SIGNATURE: **07/07/84**

OWRC COPY



MINISTRY OF THE ENVIRONMENT
The Ontario Water Resources Act

WATER WELL RECORD

41456

1403153
Bruce County
Kincardine Township
Kincardine, Ontario
07 May 73

LOG OF OVERBURDEN AND BEDROCK MATERIALS (SEE INSTRUCTIONS)

DEPTH (FEET)	GENERAL DESCRIPTION	DEPTH (FEET)
0	Stones	52
52	Hard	102
102	Hard	107
107	Very Hard	169
169	Hard	171
171	Loose	171
171	Shale	199
199	Rock	

32 WATER RECORD
33 CASING & OPEN HOLE RECORD
34 PLUGGING & SEALING RECORD

35 LOCATION OF WELL
Kincardine Twp.
Bruce County
150' well
21st St. P. 1

36 PUMPING TEST
37 FINAL STATUS OF WELL
38 WATER USE
39 METHOD OF DRILLING

40 CONTRACTOR
Davidson Well Drilling Ltd.
Box 466, Wingham, Ont.
E. Thompson
220573
1737
1973
May 73
CSS 58

MINISTRY OF THE ENVIRONMENT
COPY



MINISTRY OF THE ENVIRONMENT
The Ontario Water Resources Act

WATER WELL RECORD

41456

1403204
Bruce County
Kincardine Township
Kincardine, Ontario
18 May 73

LOG OF OVERBURDEN AND BEDROCK MATERIALS (SEE INSTRUCTIONS)

DEPTH (FEET)	GENERAL DESCRIPTION	DEPTH (FEET)
0	Soft	22
22	Hard	36
36	Mixed	167
167	Loose	170
170	Hard	170
170	Rock	219

32 WATER RECORD
33 CASING & OPEN HOLE RECORD
34 PLUGGING & SEALING RECORD

35 LOCATION OF WELL
Kincardine Twp.
Bruce County
135' well
207 St. 1

36 PUMPING TEST
37 FINAL STATUS OF WELL
38 WATER USE
39 METHOD OF DRILLING

40 CONTRACTOR
Davidson Well Drilling Ltd.
Box 466, Wingham, Ontario.
E. Thompson
1737
1973
May 73
CSS 58

MINISTRY OF THE ENVIRONMENT
COPY

WATER WELL RECORD

COUNTY: **BRUCE** DISTRICT: **BRUCE** WELL NO.: **170574**
 MUNICIPALITY: **BRUCE** TOWNSHIP: **BRUCE** LOCATION: **BRUCE**
 DATE OF RECORD: **1974**

LOG OF OVERBURDEN AND BEDROCK MATERIALS (SEE INSTRUCTIONS)

DEPTH (FEET)	GENERAL DESCRIPTION	SPHERICAL BEARING	WATER CONTENT (%)	PLASTICITY INDEX	LIQUID LIMIT (%)	SHRINKAGE (%)	UNSATURATED WATER CONTENT (%)	PERCENTAGE FINER THAN NO. 200 SIEVE (%)	PERCENTAGE FINER THAN NO. 40 SIEVE (%)	PERCENTAGE FINER THAN NO. 60 SIEVE (%)	PERCENTAGE FINER THAN NO. 100 SIEVE (%)	PERCENTAGE FINER THAN NO. 200 SIEVE (%)
0 - 14	Soft Clay											
14 - 112	Soft Clay											
112 - 151	Mixed Sand, Shales											
151 - 153	Coarse Sand											
153 - 169	Hard Sand											
169 - 223	Dr Brk. Limestone											
223 - 225	Dr Brk. Limestone											

WATER RECORD

DATE OF RECORD: **04/23/74** WELL NO.: **170574**

WATER LEVEL (FEET): **0.85**

WATER TEMPERATURE (°C): **10.9**

WATER QUALITY: **Good**

WATER USE: **Domestic**

WELL STATUS: **Operational**

WELL TYPE: **Open Hole**

WELL DEPTH (FEET): **225**

WELL DIAMETER (INCHES): **4**

WELL SCREEN (FEET): **0 - 225**

WELL CAP (FEET): **0 - 0**

WELL SEALING RECORD: **None**

LOCATION OF WELL

IN BLOCKS BEHIND SHOW INSTANCES OF WELL FROM ROAD AND SURVEY POINTS

WELL NO.: **170574**

CONTRACTOR: **W. J. ...**

DATE OF RECORD: **1974**

CONTRACTOR: **W. J. ...**

DATE OF RECORD: **1974**

WELL NO.: **170574**

OFFICE USE ONLY

WATER WELL RECORD

COUNTY: **BRUCE** DISTRICT: **BRUCE** WELL NO.: **170574**
 MUNICIPALITY: **BRUCE** TOWNSHIP: **BRUCE** LOCATION: **BRUCE**
 DATE OF RECORD: **1974**

LOG OF OVERBURDEN AND BEDROCK MATERIALS (SEE INSTRUCTIONS)

DEPTH (FEET)	GENERAL DESCRIPTION	SPHERICAL BEARING	WATER CONTENT (%)	PLASTICITY INDEX	LIQUID LIMIT (%)	SHRINKAGE (%)	UNSATURATED WATER CONTENT (%)	PERCENTAGE FINER THAN NO. 200 SIEVE (%)	PERCENTAGE FINER THAN NO. 40 SIEVE (%)	PERCENTAGE FINER THAN NO. 60 SIEVE (%)	PERCENTAGE FINER THAN NO. 100 SIEVE (%)	PERCENTAGE FINER THAN NO. 200 SIEVE (%)
0 - 14	Soft Clay											
14 - 112	Soft Clay											
112 - 151	Mixed Sand, Shales											
151 - 153	Coarse Sand											
153 - 169	Hard Sand											
169 - 223	Dr Brk. Limestone											
223 - 225	Dr Brk. Limestone											

WATER RECORD

DATE OF RECORD: **04/23/74** WELL NO.: **170574**

WATER LEVEL (FEET): **0.85**

WATER TEMPERATURE (°C): **10.9**

WATER QUALITY: **Good**

WATER USE: **Domestic**

WELL STATUS: **Operational**

WELL TYPE: **Open Hole**

WELL DEPTH (FEET): **225**

WELL DIAMETER (INCHES): **4**

WELL SCREEN (FEET): **0 - 225**

WELL CAP (FEET): **0 - 0**

WELL SEALING RECORD: **None**

LOCATION OF WELL

IN BLOCKS BEHIND SHOW INSTANCES OF WELL FROM ROAD AND SURVEY POINTS

WELL NO.: **170574**

CONTRACTOR: **W. J. ...**

DATE OF RECORD: **1974**

CONTRACTOR: **W. J. ...**

DATE OF RECORD: **1974**

WELL NO.: **170574**

OFFICE USE ONLY

DRAFT

Ontario
Bruce County
Kincardine Township
Concession A
2, Tiverton, Ontario
JUL 13, 1977 507

GENERAL COLLIER	CONCRETE MATERIAL	STRATA DESCRIPTION	DEPTH (FEET)
Brown	Sand	Soft	0
Blue	Clay	Soft	3
Blue	Clay	Soft	45
Blue	Clay	Soft	45-106
Grey	Harpan	Hard	106-167
Dk. Brown	Limestone	Soft	167-200
Lt. Brown	Limestone	Soft	200-220

32 WATER RECORD
33 CASING & OPEN HOLE RECORD
34 PLUGGING & SEALING RECORD

35 PUMPING TEST
36 LOCATION OF WELL 5702

37 CONTRACTOR
Davidson Well Drilling Limited
Box 486, Hingham, Ontario.
1737
17737 250975
31 AUG. 75
CSS 58

Ontario
Bruce County
Kincardine Township
Concession A
2, Tiverton, Ontario
JUL 13, 1977 509

GENERAL COLLIER	CONCRETE MATERIAL	STRATA DESCRIPTION	DEPTH (FEET)
Brown	Topsoil	Hard	0
Brown	Clay	Soft	1-72
Brown	Clay	Soft	72-68
Brown	Nardpan	Hard	68-66
Brown	Limestone	Medium	66-102
Dk. Brown	Limestone	Soft	102-142

32 WATER RECORD
33 CASING & OPEN HOLE RECORD
34 PLUGGING & SEALING RECORD

35 PUMPING TEST
36 LOCATION OF WELL 5702

37 CONTRACTOR
Davidson Well Drilling Limited
Box 486, Hingham, Ontario.
1737
17737 31275
31 AUG. 75
CSS 58

41A/5E
1404185
1702190 5 0735 5 23
Kincaidline Twp.
R. J. J. Iverton, Ontario.
1702190 5 0735 5 23

41A/5E
1404185
1702190 5 0735 5 23
Kincaidline Twp.
R. J. J. Iverton, Ontario.
1702190 5 0735 5 23

LOG OF OVERBURDEN AND BEDROCK MATERIALS (SEE INSTRUCTIONS)

DEPTH (FEET)	GENERAL DESCRIPTION	WATER BEARING	REMARKS
0	Topsoil		
1	Clay		
24	Sand		
39	Stones		
54	White shale		
69	Limestone		
136	Limestone		

LOG OF OVERBURDEN AND BEDROCK MATERIALS (SEE INSTRUCTIONS)

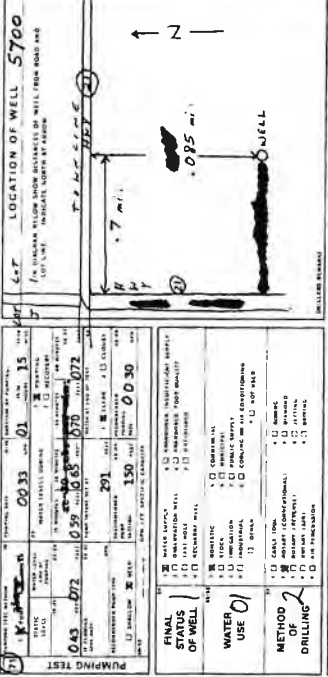
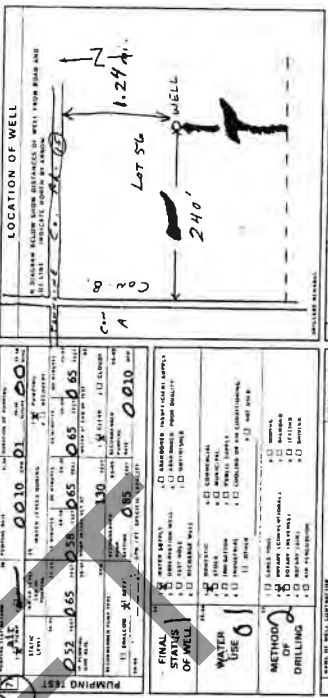
DEPTH (FEET)	GENERAL DESCRIPTION	WATER BEARING	REMARKS
0	Clay		
16	Stones		
93	Stones		
191	Stones		
226	Medium soft		
232	Hard		
254	Hard		
289	Soft		
291	Soft		

WATER RECORD

DATE	TIME	WELL NO.	WELL DEPTH (FEET)	WELL TYPE	WELL STATUS	WELL USE	WELL METHOD	WELL DRILLING
0136								
0069								
0188								
05								
05								
06-7								
0136								

WATER RECORD

DATE	TIME	WELL NO.	WELL DEPTH (FEET)	WELL TYPE	WELL STATUS	WELL USE	WELL METHOD	WELL DRILLING
0136								
0069								
0188								
05								
05								
06-7								
0136								



CONTRACTOR: Davidson Well Drilling Limited, Box 486, Hingham, Ontario.

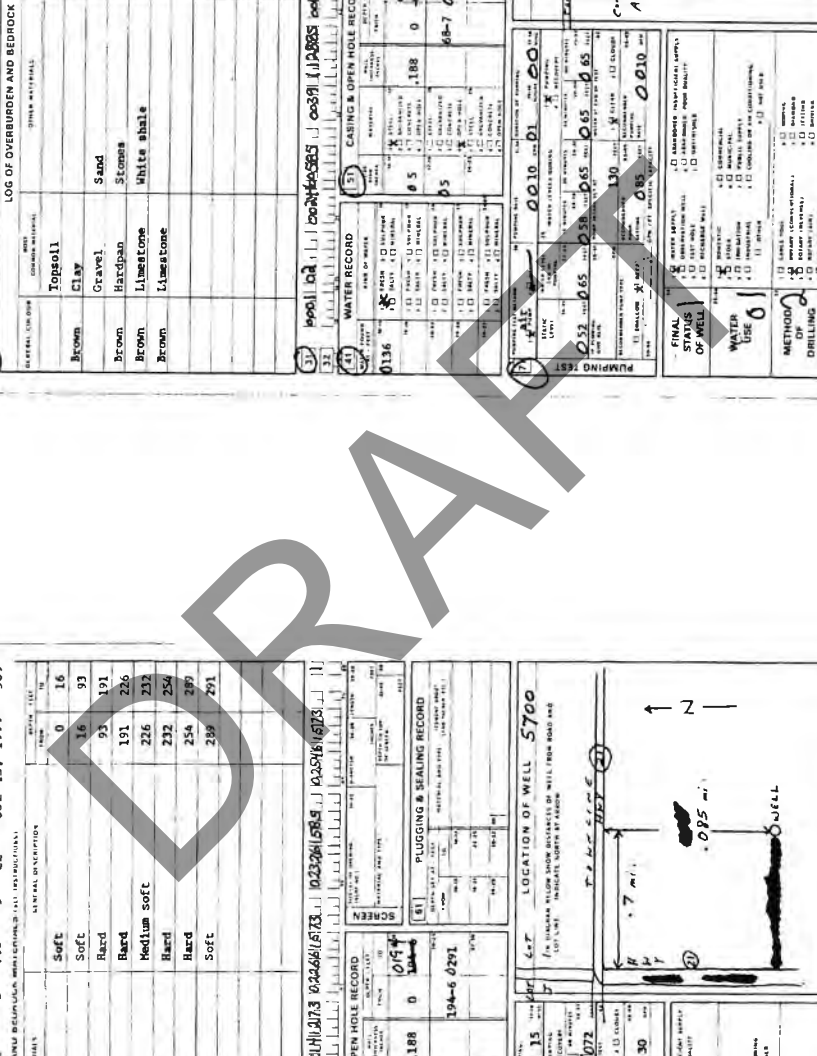
DATE: 1737 150726

OFFICE USE ONLY

CONTRACTOR: Davidson Well Drilling Limited, Box 486, Hingham, Ontario.

DATE: 1737 311275

OFFICE USE ONLY



WATER WELL RECORD



Ontario 88th

PROJECT NUMBER: 1404483
PROJECT NAME: TOWER TON

OWNER: BRUCE SOUTH BAUCE
ADDRESS: 145100, 145100, 145100, 145100, 145100
CITY: TOWER TON
COUNTY: YORK
MUNICIPALITY: TOWER TON
LOT: LOT 62, Part 1, 3R, 501
ADDRESS: PO. 2, 269, Richardson Ontario
MUNICIPALITY: TOWER TON

LOG OF OVERBURDEN AND BEDROCK MATERIALS (SEE INSTRUCTIONS)

GENERAL DESCRIPTION	DEPTH (FEET)
Black top soil	0 - 2
Grey clay	2 - 74
Grey clay	74 - 125
Grey clay	125 - 130
Grey clay	130 - 160
Brown mud shale	160 - 180
Shale	180 - 215
Limestone	215 - 240
Dark brown rock	240 - 255
Black brown rock	
White yellow rock	

WATER RECORD

DATE: 12/10/05
TIME: 10:05
DEPTH: 107
FLOW: 109
TEMP: 150
PRESSURE: 0036

SCREEN: 12 1/2" DIA. 10' DEEP

PLUGGING & SEALING RECORD

DATE: 12/10/05
TIME: 10:05
DEPTH: 107
FLOW: 109
TEMP: 150
PRESSURE: 0036

LOCATION OF WELL

TOWN OF TOWER TON

ALAN RES. 21

ROBINSON STREET

18 17

120777

APL

CONTRACTOR: MCLAUGHLIN WELLS 3518
BOSSI BRESNAHAN & L. S. QUINN RD.
KILGORE CAREY
145100, 145100, 145100, 145100, 145100

WATER WELL RECORD



Ontario 88th

PROJECT NUMBER: 1404505
PROJECT NAME: SUNNYVALE TWP.

OWNER: SUNNYVALE DR., OAKVILLE, ONT.
ADDRESS: 798750, 798750, 798750, 798750, 798750
CITY: SUNNYVALE TWP.
COUNTY: HALDANE
MUNICIPALITY: SUNNYVALE TWP.

LOG OF OVERBURDEN AND BEDROCK MATERIALS (SEE INSTRUCTIONS)

GENERAL DESCRIPTION	DEPTH (FEET)
Topsoil	0 - 2
Brown clay	2 - 28
Blue clay	28 - 113
Brown clay	113 - 145
Brown clay	145 - 162
Brown limestone	162 - 167
Brown limestone	167 - 200

WATER RECORD

DATE: 12/10/05
TIME: 10:05
DEPTH: 169-0
FLOW: 0200

SCREEN: 12 1/2" DIA. 10' DEEP

PLUGGING & SEALING RECORD

DATE: 12/10/05
TIME: 10:05
DEPTH: 169-0
FLOW: 0200

LOCATION OF WELL

DAVIDSON HILL DRILLING LIMITED
Box 486, Hingham, Ontario,
R. Jardine

1737

1737

CONTRACTOR: DAVIDSON HILL DRILLING LIMITED
1737
Box 486, Hingham, Ontario,
R. Jardine

BRUCE
1404788
1404788
1404788
1404788

GENERAL GROUP	CONCRETE	OTHER MATERIALS	GENERAL DESCRIPTION	DEPTH (FEET)
BROWN	FILL			0-2
BROWN	CLAY			2-140
BROWN	CLAY & HARD PAN & STONES & Boulders			140-198
"	Limestone			198-245

LOG OF OVERBURDEN AND BEDROCK MATERIALS (SEE INSTRUCTIONS)

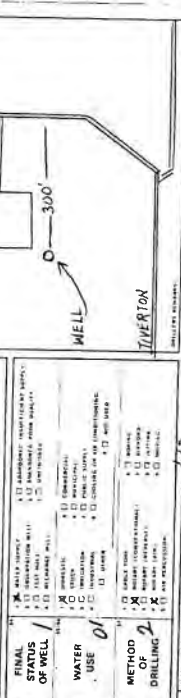
OTHER MATERIALS

LOG OF OVERBURDEN AND BEDROCK MATERIALS (SEE INSTRUCTIONS)

WATER RECORD

CASING & OPEN HOLE RECORD

PLUGGING & SEALING RECORD



FINAL STATUS OF WELL

WATER USE

METHOD OF DRILLING

CONTRACTOR

DRUMHAM DRILLING ENT-1404
R.R. DURHAM
BIER DRILLING
P.O. Box 100
Durham, Ontario

BRUCE
1404839
1404839
1404839
1404839

GENERAL GROUP	CONCRETE	OTHER MATERIALS	GENERAL DESCRIPTION	DEPTH (FEET)
BROWN	CLAY		Hard	0-17
Blue	Clay		Soft	17-35
Blue	Clay	Stones	Hard	35-47
Grey	Hardpan	Stones	Hard	47-58
Blue	Clay		Soft	58-79
Brown	Limestone		Broken - Soft	79-81
L. Brown	Limestone		Layered - Med. Hard	81-141

LOG OF OVERBURDEN AND BEDROCK MATERIALS (SEE INSTRUCTIONS)

OTHER MATERIALS

LOG OF OVERBURDEN AND BEDROCK MATERIALS (SEE INSTRUCTIONS)

WATER RECORD

CASING & OPEN HOLE RECORD

PLUGGING & SEALING RECORD



FINAL STATUS OF WELL

WATER USE

METHOD OF DRILLING

CONTRACTOR

Edison Well Drilling Limited
Box 486, Wingham, Ontario

DRAFT

BRUCE COUNTY
Bruce Township
Concession 3
R.R. 3, Tiverton, Ont.
4703350 5 07190 5 22
4704840 1404840 17005 CAM 103
DATE COMPLETED 19 02 78
DATE OF INSTALLATION 19 02 78

BRUCE COUNTY
Bruce Township
Concession 2
R.R. 3, Tiverton, Ont.
47042300 5 08101 5 35
4704895 1404895 17005 CAM 102
DATE COMPLETED 28 02 78
DATE OF INSTALLATION 28 02 78

LOG OF OVERBURDEN AND BEDROCK MATERIALS (SEE INSTRUCTIONS)

DEPTH (FEET)	GENERAL DESCRIPTION	WATER TEST
0	Gravel fill	6'
6	Clay	73
73	Clay	137
137	Sand	145
145	Clay	159
159	Clay	187
187	Hardpan	193
193	Limestone	216
216	Limestone	

LOG OF OVERBURDEN AND BEDROCK MATERIALS (SEE INSTRUCTIONS)

DEPTH (FEET)	GENERAL DESCRIPTION	WATER TEST
0	Hard	13
13	Hard	63
63	Boulders, Clay streaks	102
102	Stones	160
160	Medium Hard	162
162	Hard	216

WATER RECORD
05
0.5
0.188
189-8
0216

CASING & OPEN HOLE RECORD
05
0.5
0.188
189-8
0216

WATER RECORD
05
0.5
0.188
189-8
0216

CASING & OPEN HOLE RECORD
05
0.5
0.188
189-8
0216

PUMPING TEST
064 097 083 091 097 097
180 120 008

FINAL STATUS OF WELL 1
WATER USE 0
METHOD OF DRILLING 2

LOCATION OF WELL
Bruce County, Bruce Township, Concession 3
1st-1
-150 - 0 well
93'
1 CONC ROAD

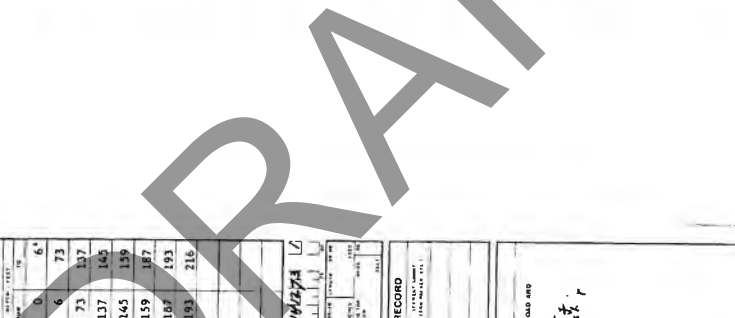
PUMPING TEST
064 097 083 091 097 097
180 120 008

FINAL STATUS OF WELL 1
WATER USE 0
METHOD OF DRILLING 2

LOCATION OF WELL
Bruce County, Bruce Township, Concession 3
1st-1
-150 - 0 well
93'
1 CONC ROAD

CONTRACTOR
Davidson Well Drilling Limited
Box 486, Wingham, Ontario
Doug. Cameron
1737
1737
190678
1737
1737
190678

CONTRACTOR
Davidson Well Drilling Limited
Box 486, Wingham, Ontario
Doug. Cameron
1737
1737
180878
1737
1737
180878



Map: Well records

This map allows you to search and view well record information from reported wells in Ontario. Full dataset is available in the Open Data catalogue (<https://data.ontario.ca/dataset/well-records>).

Go back to Map

Well ID

Well ID Number: 149913
 Well Audit Number: 146137
 Well Log Number:

This table contains information from the original well record and any subsequent updates.

Well Location

Address of Well Location

Township BRIMLEY TOWNSHIP

Lot 001

Concession COB 01

County/District/Municipality BRIMLEY

City/Town/Village

Province ON

Postal Code N/A

UTM Coordinates NAD83 - Zone 17
 Easting: 65785.00
 Northing: 4901764.00

Municipal Plan and Subject Number

Other

Overburden and Bedrock Materials Interval

General Colour	Most Common Material	Other Materials	General Description	Depth From	Depth To
BROWN	CLAY	HAUD		0 ft	83 ft
BROWN	CLAY	SNDY	SDF	83 ft	122 ft
GRAY	HFAN	HMED		122 ft	144 ft
BROWN	CLAY	SINS	HMED	144 ft	189 ft
BROWN	LMSH	MGSD	SDF	189 ft	207 ft
BROWN	MSH	MGSD	HMED	207 ft	229 ft

Annular Space/Abandonment Sealing Record

Depth From To Type of Sealing Used (Material and Type) Volume Placed

Method of Construction Well Use

Method of Construction Well Use

Complete

Status of Well

Water Supply

Construction Record - Casing

Inside Diameter	Open Hole or Material	Depth From	Depth To
6 inch	STEEL		196 ft
8 inch	OPEN-HOLE		229 ft

Construction Record - Screen

Screen Diameter	Material	Depth From	Depth To
-----------------	----------	------------	----------

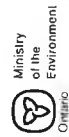
Well Contractor and Well Technician Information

Well Contractor's License Number: 1237

Results of Well Yield Testing

After test of well yield, water was	CLAY
If pumping discontinued, give reason	
Pump intake set at	
Pumping Rate	20 GPM
Duration of Pumping	1 h, 30 m
Final water level	81 ft
If flowing give rate	
Recommended pump depth	120 ft
Recommended pump rate	10 GPM
Well Production	PUMP
Disinfected?	

Draw Down & Recovery



Ministry of the Environment
ONTARIO

The Ontario Water Resources Act

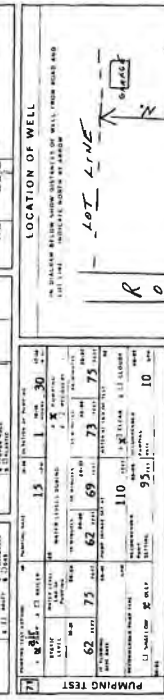
WATER WELL RECORD

1408287
119, R.R. 2, Iverton, ON N0G 2T0
Cop. B
July 29 - July 29

LOG OF OVERBURDEN AND BEDROCK MATERIALS
TOPSOIL
Brown Clay
Grey Clay
Grey Gravel
Grey Hardpan
Brown Limestone
Brown Limestone
Gry.Brn. Limestone

DEPTH (m)	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS
0	Topsoil	
1	Brown Clay	Hard
11	Grey Clay	Hard
26	Grey Gravel	Hard
35	Grey Hardpan	Hard
95	Brown Limestone	Broken
85	Brown Limestone	Hard
111	Gry.Brn. Limestone	Hard
138		

DEPTH (m)	WATER RECORD	CASING & OPEN HOLE RECORD
0	185	0
126	185	90-0
		138



PUMPING TEST
DATE: 1982
WELL NO: 114921
PUMPING RATE: 10
WELL DEPTH: 110
WELL TYPE: 15
WELL STATUS: 15
WELL USE: 15
METHOD OF CONSTRUCTION: 15

CONTRACTOR: Davidson Well Drilling Limited
Box 486, Wingham, Ontario, N0G 2R0
DATE: July 29, 1982
OFFICE USE ONLY: 1737 DEC 04 1982
C.S.S.E.S.



Ministry of the Environment
ONTARIO

The Ontario Water Resources Act

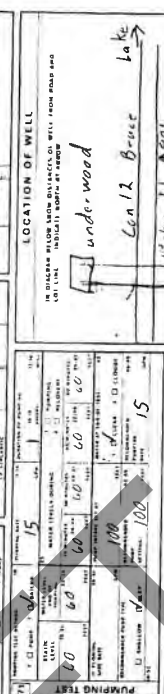
WATER WELL RECORD

1408560
1 Park Flain
Cop. B
July 28 - July 28

LOG OF OVERBURDEN AND BEDROCK MATERIALS
Brown top soil
Brown Clay
Brown Clay
Brown Clay
Grey Limestone
Brownish Limestone

DEPTH (m)	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS
0	Brown top soil	
1	Brown Clay	silt stones
30	Brown Clay	sand
70	Brown Clay	small stones
90	Grey Limestone	
120	Brownish Limestone	
140		hard
140		hard
204		

DEPTH (m)	WATER RECORD	CASING & OPEN HOLE RECORD
204	124	0
		124
		204



PUMPING TEST
DATE: 1983
WELL NO: 132608
PUMPING RATE: 15
WELL DEPTH: 100
WELL STATUS: 15
WELL USE: 15
METHOD OF CONSTRUCTION: 15

CONTRACTOR: Aquatic Well Drilling
99 Albert St. Paisley Ont.
DATE: July 27, 1983
OFFICE USE ONLY: 6783 MAY 27 1984
C.S.S.E.S.

174012
Box 377
KINCARDINE
106-10-24
100
100
100

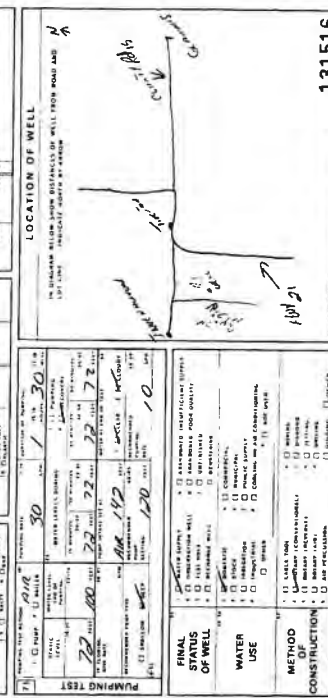
LOG OF OVERBURDEN AND BEDROCK MATERIALS (SEE INSTRUCTIONS)

DEPTH (m)	DESCRIPTION
0-2	Topsoil
2-100	SANDY CLAYED SILTS
100-140	LIMESTONE STRIKE

31 WATER RECORD

32 CASING & OPEN HOLE RECORD

33 PLUGGING & SEALING RECORD



131516

6634 NOV 01 1994

CONTRACTOR
BAYVIEW INVESTMENTS LTD. 6634
1033 CARRWOOD ONTARIO
KINCARDINE ONTARIO

Ontario
Map: Well records
This map allows you to search and view well record information from reported wells in Ontario full dataset is available in the Open Data catalogue (https://data.ontario.ca/dataset/well-records)

Go Back to Map
Well ID
Well ID Number: 1408638
Well Addr. Number: 174012
Well Tag Number:
This table contains information from the original well record and any subsequent updates

Well Location

Address of Well Location
Township: KINCARDINE TOWNSHIP
Lot: 704
Concession: CON 17
County/District/Municipality: BRUCE
City/Town/Village:
Province: ON
Postal Code: N4
UTM Coordinates: NAD83 - Zone 17
Latitude: 45.596 10
Longitude: -80.0589 00
Municipal Plan and Subsector Number:
Other:

Overburden and Bedrock Materials Interval

General Colour	Well Component Material	Other Material	General Description	Depth From	Depth To
	LOAM			0 R	2 R
	CLAY	SNOW		2 R	87 R
	IRON	STMS		97 R	288 R
	LMSA			303 M	324 M

Annular Space/Abandonment Sealing Record

Depth From	Depth To	Type of Sealing Unit (Material and Type)	Volume (Placed)

Method of Construction & Well Use

Method of Construction: Well Use
 Not known Domestic

Status of Well

Water Supply

Construction Record - Casing

Inside Diameter	Open Hole or material	Depth From	Depth To
4 INCH	STEEL	0	205 ft
	OPEN-HOLE	205 ft	224 ft

Construction Record - Screen

Outside Diameter	Material	Depth From	Depth To
------------------	----------	------------	----------

Well Contractor and Well Technician Information

Well Contractor: V.L. Cross (Harbor 844)

Results of Well Yield Testing

After test of well yield, water was CLEAR

If pumping discontinued, give reason

Pump Inside size at	
Pumping Rate	15 GPM
Duration of Pumping	2 h 10 m
Final water level	69 ft
If flowing give rate	
Recommended pump depth	85 ft
Recommended pump rate	10 GPM
Well Production	PUMP
Disinfectant	

Draw Down & Recovery

Draw Down Time (min)	Draw Down Water Level	Recovery Time (min)	Recovery Water Level
	37 ft		

1	2	3	4	5	10	15	20	25	30	40	45	50	60
						31 ft			31 ft				31 ft

Water Details

Water Found at Depth	Kind
224 ft	Fresh

Head Diameter	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter
---------------	------------	----------	----------

As of November 15, 1973
 Date Well Completed: September 1, 1975
 Date Well Record Received by MDC: November 14, 1975

Related
 Home to our Memory of the Environment web page: http://www.oregon.gov/dep/water/well/well_records.html

Technical documents: http://www.oregon.gov/dep/water/well/well_records.html
 (37-4843-0001) (37-4843-0002)

Map: Well records

This map allows you to search and view well record information from reported wells in Ontario. Full dataset is available in the Open Data Catalogue (<https://data.ontario.ca/dataset/well-records>).

Go Back to Map

Well ID

Well ID Number: 148677
Well Audit Number: 13727

This data contains information from the original well record and any subsequent updates.

Well Location

Address of Well Location

Township: KINCARDINE - TOWNSHIP

Lot: 055

Concession: CON B

County/District/Municipality: BRUCE

City/Town/Village:

Province: ON

Postal Code: N5A

UTM Coordinates: NAD83 - Zone 17
Easting: 454195.20
Northing: 4900352.00

Municipal Plan and Sublot Number:

Other:

Overburden and Bedrock Materials Interval

General Colour	Max Common Material	Other Materials	General Description	Depth From	Depth To
	ALL			0 ft	4 ft
	CLAY	SAND		4 ft	82 ft
	LSMSP			82 ft	129 ft

Annular Space/Abandonment Sealing Record

Depth From	Depth To	Type of Sealing Used (Material and Type)	Volume Placed

Method of Construction & Well Use

Method of Construction: Well Use

Not Known

Domestic

Status of Well

Water Supply

Construction Record - Casing

Inside Diameter	Open Hole or material	Depth From	Depth To
6 inch	SHELL		84 ft
	OPEN HOLE		129 ft

Construction Record - Screen

Outside Diameter	Material	Depth From	Depth To

Well Contractor and Well Technician Information

Well Contractor's License Number: 6516

Results of Well Yield Testing

After test of well yield, water was	Clear
If pumping discontinued, give reason	
Pump / Subject at	
Pumping Rate	12 GPM
Duration of Pumping	210.0 ft
Final water level	64 ft
If flowing, give rate	
Recommended pump depth	82 ft
Recommended pump rate	5 GPM
Well Production	PUMP
Disinfectant?	

Draw Down & Recovery

Draw Down Time(min)	Draw Down Water level	Recovery Time(min)	Recovery Water level
51 ft			

Map: Well records

This map allows you to search and view well record information from reported wells in Ontario.

Full dataset is available in the Open Data catalogue (<https://data.ontario.ca/dataset/well-records>).

[Go Back to Map](#)

Well ID

Well ID Number: 145897
Well Block Number: 06284

Well Tag Number: 06284
This table contains information from the original well record and any subsequent updates.

Well Location

Address of Well Location

Township: KINCARDINE TOWNSHIP

Lot: 007

Concession: CON 19

County/District/Municipality: BRUCE

City/Town/Village

Province: ON

Postal Code: N6A

UTM Coordinates: 18QDS - Zone 17
Latitude: 44.604 00
Longitude: -80.6029 00

Municipal Plan and Sublot Number

Other:

Overburden and Bedrock Materials Interval

General Colour	Most Common Material	Other Materials	General Description	Depth From	Depth To
	LOAM			0 ft	1 ft
BROWN	SILT			1 ft	13 ft
GREY	CLAY	GRV		13 ft	57 ft
GRV	SILT	GRV		57 ft	89 ft
GRV	CLAY	GRV		89 ft	102 ft
BROWN	LWSH			102 ft	158 ft

Annual Space/Abandonment Sealing Record

Updated: January 10, 2024
Published: March 20, 2014

Water Depth	Kind
7	2
8	3
9	4
10	5
15	51 ft
20	
25	
30	51 ft
40	
45	51 ft
50	
60	51 ft

Water Found at Depth

Kind: Fresh

Well Diameter

Depth From To Diameter

Well Number: 145827

Date Well Completed: September 18, 1996

Date Well Record Received by MOE: November 15, 1995

Related

How to use a library of the Government of Ontario (<http://www.ontario.ca/government>)

Technical documentation: Well data record (Part 1) (<http://www.ontario.ca/government>)

Technical documentation: Well data record (Part 2) (<http://www.ontario.ca/government>)



Map: Well records

This map allows you to search and view well record information from reported wells in Ontario. Full dataset is available in the Open Data catalogue (<https://data.ontario.ca/dataset/well-records>).

Go back to map

Well ID

Well ID Number: 148314
Well Name Number: 148314
Well Log Number:

This table contains information from the original well record and any subsequent updates.

Well Location

Address of Well Location

Township BRUCE (Northrup)

Lot 001

Concession CON 03

County/District/Municipality BRUCE

City/Town/Village

Province ON

Postal Code R4A

UTM Coordinates
NAD83 - Zone 17
Easting: 457303.00
Northing: 450334.00

Municipal Plan and Station Number

Other

Overburden and Bedrock Materials Interval

General Colour	Most Common Material	Other Materials	General Description	Depth From	Depth To
BROWN	CLAY	HARD		0' N	63' N
BROWN	CLAY	SANDY	SILT	63' N	127' N
GREY	IRON	LAGG		127' N	144' R
BROWN	CLAY	SILT	LAGG	144' N	189' N
BROWN	LAGG	MUD	SILT	189' N	207' N
BROWN	LAGG	MUD	LAGG	207' R	228' R

Annular Space/Abandonment Sealing Record

DRAFT

Draw Down Time (min)	Draw Down Water Level	Recovery Time (min)	Recovery Water Level
50	62 ft		

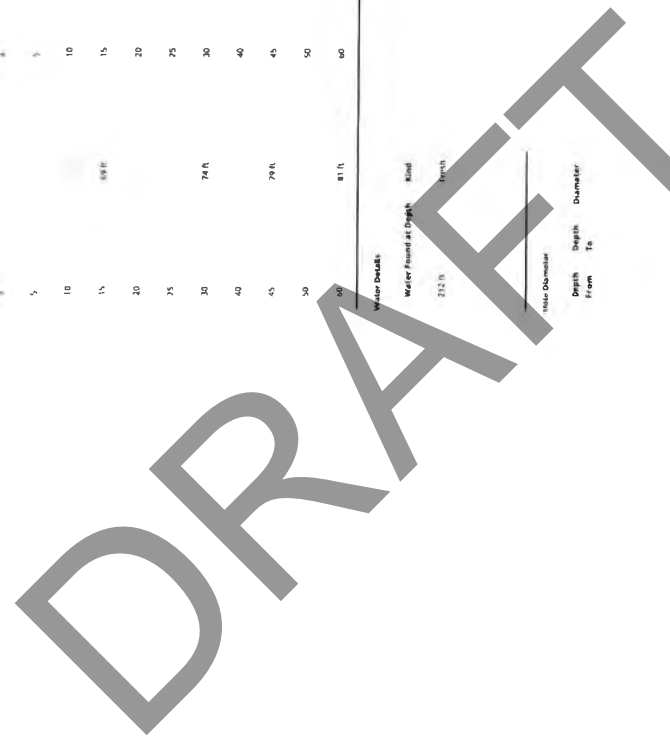
SWR	1	2	3	4	5	10	15	20	25	30	40	45	50	60
							88 ft			74 ft		74 ft		81 ft

Water Depth:
Water Fount at Depth: 212 ft
Kind: Fresh

Water Observation	Depth From	Depth To	Diameter

Audit Number: 160317
Date Well Completed: July 21, 1996
Date Well Record Received by AIDE: November 21, 1996

Reliable
Have your ability of the instrument map. (http://www.water.usgs.gov/programs/water-quality/pump-and-test/)
Review of documentation: Material review (http://www.water.usgs.gov/programs/water-quality/pump-and-test/)
82-4625 (http://www.water.usgs.gov/programs/water-quality/pump-and-test/)



Depth From	Depth To	Type of Sealant Used (Material and Type)	Volume Placed

Method of Construction & Well Use

Method of Construction: Well Use: Domestic

Status of Well: Water Supply

Construction Record - Casing

Inside Diameter	Open Hole or Material	Depth From	Depth To
6 inch	STEEL		196 ft
8 inch	OPEN HOLE		278 ft

Construction Record - Screen

Outside Diameter	Material	Depth From	Depth To

Well Contractor and Well Technician Information

Well Contractor License Number: 1237

Results of Well Yield Testing

After test of well yield, water was: CLEAR

If pumping discontinued, gpc rose

Pump intake set at

Pumping Rate: 20 GPM

Duration of Pumping: 1 hr, 30 m

Final water level: 87 ft

If flowing gpc rate

Recommended pump depth: 120 ft

Recommended pump rate: 10 GPM

Well Production: PUMP

Disinfectant:

Draw Down & Recovery

Well Tag Number: **A 011613**
 Page: **1** of **1**

Instructions for Completing Form
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 All Sections must be completed in full to avoid delays in processing. Further instructions and conditions are available on the back of this form.
 Questions regarding completing this application can be directed to the Water Well Management Coordinator at 416-232-6203.
 Please print clearly in black or blue ink only.

Well Owner's Information and Location of Well Information
 Well Name: **BRUCE**
 Well Address: **17 AL1988**
 Well City/Town/Village: **KINCARDINE**
 Well County: **WINDSOR**
 Well Province: **ON**
 Well Postal Code: **N2Z 2J6**
 Well Telephone Number (Area, Area Code): **519-232-6203**

Well Characteristics
 Well Depth: **86'**
 Well Diameter: **6"**
 Well Construction Material: **Concrete**
 Well Casing Material: **Concrete**
 Well Screen Material: **Concrete**
 Well Screen Type: **Open Well**

Well Construction Record
 Well Diameter: **6"**
 Well Depth: **86'**
 Well Construction Material: **Concrete**
 Well Casing Material: **Concrete**
 Well Screen Material: **Concrete**
 Well Screen Type: **Open Well**

Well Test Record
 Test of Well Yield
 Pumping Test Method: **Pump**
 Pumping Rate: **1.63**
 Duration of Pumping: **58'**
 Drawdown: **1.63**
 Recovery: **64.68**

Well Test Record
 Test of Well Yield
 Pumping Test Method: **Pump**
 Pumping Rate: **1.63**
 Duration of Pumping: **58'**
 Drawdown: **1.63**
 Recovery: **64.68**

Well Construction Record
 Well Diameter: **6"**
 Well Depth: **86'**
 Well Construction Material: **Concrete**
 Well Casing Material: **Concrete**
 Well Screen Material: **Concrete**
 Well Screen Type: **Open Well**

Well Construction Record
 Well Diameter: **6"**
 Well Depth: **86'**
 Well Construction Material: **Concrete**
 Well Casing Material: **Concrete**
 Well Screen Material: **Concrete**
 Well Screen Type: **Open Well**

Well Test Record
 Test of Well Yield
 Pumping Test Method: **Pump**
 Pumping Rate: **1.63**
 Duration of Pumping: **58'**
 Drawdown: **1.63**
 Recovery: **64.68**

Well Test Record
 Test of Well Yield
 Pumping Test Method: **Pump**
 Pumping Rate: **1.63**
 Duration of Pumping: **58'**
 Drawdown: **1.63**
 Recovery: **64.68**

Well Construction Record
 Well Diameter: **6"**
 Well Depth: **86'**
 Well Construction Material: **Concrete**
 Well Casing Material: **Concrete**
 Well Screen Material: **Concrete**
 Well Screen Type: **Open Well**

Well Tag Number: **A 030071**
 Page: **1** of **1**

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 Please print clearly in black or blue ink only.

Well Owner's Information and Location of Well Information
 Well Name: **BRUCE**
 Well Address: **17 AL1988**
 Well City/Town/Village: **KINCARDINE**
 Well County: **WINDSOR**
 Well Province: **ON**
 Well Postal Code: **N2Z 2J6**
 Well Telephone Number (Area, Area Code): **519-232-6203**

Well Characteristics
 Well Depth: **171ft**
 Well Diameter: **8 1/2"**
 Well Construction Material: **Concrete**
 Well Casing Material: **Concrete**
 Well Screen Material: **Concrete**
 Well Screen Type: **Open Well**

Well Construction Record
 Well Diameter: **8 1/2"**
 Well Depth: **171ft**
 Well Construction Material: **Concrete**
 Well Casing Material: **Concrete**
 Well Screen Material: **Concrete**
 Well Screen Type: **Open Well**

Well Test Record
 Test of Well Yield
 Pumping Test Method: **Pump**
 Pumping Rate: **8.65**
 Duration of Pumping: **219'**
 Drawdown: **8.65**
 Recovery: **171ft**

Well Test Record
 Test of Well Yield
 Pumping Test Method: **Pump**
 Pumping Rate: **8.65**
 Duration of Pumping: **219'**
 Drawdown: **8.65**
 Recovery: **171ft**

Well Construction Record
 Well Diameter: **8 1/2"**
 Well Depth: **171ft**
 Well Construction Material: **Concrete**
 Well Casing Material: **Concrete**
 Well Screen Material: **Concrete**
 Well Screen Type: **Open Well**

Well Construction Record
 Well Diameter: **8 1/2"**
 Well Depth: **171ft**
 Well Construction Material: **Concrete**
 Well Casing Material: **Concrete**
 Well Screen Material: **Concrete**
 Well Screen Type: **Open Well**

Well Test Record
 Test of Well Yield
 Pumping Test Method: **Pump**
 Pumping Rate: **8.65**
 Duration of Pumping: **219'**
 Drawdown: **8.65**
 Recovery: **171ft**

Well Test Record
 Test of Well Yield
 Pumping Test Method: **Pump**
 Pumping Rate: **8.65**
 Duration of Pumping: **219'**
 Drawdown: **8.65**
 Recovery: **171ft**

Well Construction Record
 Well Diameter: **8 1/2"**
 Well Depth: **171ft**
 Well Construction Material: **Concrete**
 Well Casing Material: **Concrete**
 Well Screen Material: **Concrete**
 Well Screen Type: **Open Well**

Well Tag No. **A 078121**

Well Record
 Regulation 803 Ontario Water Resources Act

RR 3
 Bruce
 11455844500235
 Distribution and Balance Material/Abatement Sealing Record
 General Notes:
 brown clay
 brown sand
 grey horizon
 brown clay
 brown gravel
 brown
 clay
 stones
 hard
 cemented

Kingcarine
 Tiverton
 Ontario
 N0G3T0

Results of Well Field Testing

Depth (m)	Flow Rate (L/min)	Drawdown (m)
1	33	39
2	34	38
3	35	37
4	36	36
5	37	35
6	38	34
7	39	33
8	39	33
9	39	33
10	39	33
11	39	33
12	39	33
13	39	33
14	39	33
15	39	33
16	39	33
17	39	33
18	39	33
19	39	33
20	39	33
21	39	33
22	39	33
23	39	33
24	39	33
25	39	33
26	39	33
27	39	33
28	39	33
29	39	33
30	39	33
31	39	33
32	39	33
33	39	33

Annual Splice
 Method of Construction
 Well Use
 Construction Record - Casing
 Status of Well
 Water Details
 Well Contractor and Well Technician Information

Map of Well Location
 Property line
 193 x 25
 280 x 25
 332 x 25
 Highway 21
 House
 Well

Well Contractor and Well Technician Information
 Name: Walkerton
 Phone: 519-393-6170
 Address: 3181
 City: Walkerton, ON
 Postal Code: N0G3V0

Well Tag No. **A 078121**
 Well Record
 Regulation 803 Ontario Water Resources Act

Well Tag No. **A 078131**

Well Record
 Regulation 803 Ontario Water Resources Act

RR 3
 Bruce
 11455844500235
 Distribution and Balance Material/Abatement Sealing Record
 General Notes:
 brown topsoil
 brown clay
 grey horizon
 brown gravel
 brown shale
 brown limestone

Kingcarine
 Tiverton
 Ontario
 N0G3T0

Results of Well Field Testing

Depth (m)	Flow Rate (L/min)	Drawdown (m)
1	54	62
2	55	61
3	56	60
4	57	59
5	58	58
6	59	57
7	60	56
8	61	55
9	62	54
10	63	53
11	64	52
12	65	51
13	66	50
14	67	49
15	68	48
16	69	47
17	70	46
18	71	45
19	72	44
20	73	43
21	74	42
22	75	41
23	76	40
24	77	39
25	78	38
26	79	37
27	80	36
28	81	35
29	82	34
30	83	33

Annual Splice
 Method of Construction
 Well Use
 Construction Record - Casing
 Status of Well
 Water Details
 Well Contractor and Well Technician Information

Map of Well Location
 Property line
 193 x 25
 280 x 25
 332 x 25
 Highway 21
 House
 Well

Well Contractor and Well Technician Information
 Name: Walkerton
 Phone: 519-393-6170
 Address: 3181
 City: Walkerton, ON
 Postal Code: N0G3V0

Well Tag No. **A 078131**
 Well Record
 Regulation 803 Ontario Water Resources Act



Ministry of the Environment and Climate Change

Well Record Tag #: A 218836

Regulation 800 Ontario Water Resources Act

Measurements recorded in: Metric Imperial

Well Tag No. (Please Check meter / Print Label)

Well Record Tag #: A258361

Regulation 803 Ontario Water Resources Act

Page 1 of 1

Address of Well Location (Street Number/Name) **486 SIRE RD**
 County/Municipality **BRUCE COUNTY**
 UTM Coordinates (Zone, Easting, Northing) **18Q UTM Zone 18Q, 174576.42 Easting, 4918.81 Northing**
 Owner Name and Address (Municipal, Provincial, or Federal) **BRUCE TWP**
 General Use **WATER SUPPLY**
 Other Information **None**

Well Details: Well ID **01**, Well Depth (m) **45**, Well Diameter (mm) **100**, Well Construction Material **Steel**, Well Casing Material **Steel**, Well Screen Material **Steel**, Well Screen Size (mm) **10**, Well Screen Type **Open**, Well Completion **Open**, Well Status **Active**

Geological Description: **TOP SOIL**
BROWN CLAY
BROWN CLAY
GREEN CLAY
BROWN SAND
BROWN LIMESTONE
GREEN LIMESTONE

Other Materials: **None**

Well Construction Details: Well ID **01**, Well Depth (m) **45**, Well Diameter (mm) **100**, Well Construction Material **Steel**, Well Casing Material **Steel**, Well Screen Material **Steel**, Well Screen Size (mm) **10**, Well Screen Type **Open**, Well Completion **Open**, Well Status **Active**

Results of Well Fluid Testing: Well ID **01**, Well Depth (m) **45**, Well Diameter (mm) **100**, Well Construction Material **Steel**, Well Casing Material **Steel**, Well Screen Material **Steel**, Well Screen Size (mm) **10**, Well Screen Type **Open**, Well Completion **Open**, Well Status **Active**

Well Use: Domestic, Industrial, Irrigation, Other, Other, specify **Water Supply**

Well Construction Details: Well ID **01**, Well Depth (m) **45**, Well Diameter (mm) **100**, Well Construction Material **Steel**, Well Casing Material **Steel**, Well Screen Material **Steel**, Well Screen Size (mm) **10**, Well Screen Type **Open**, Well Completion **Open**, Well Status **Active**

Water Details: Well ID **01**, Well Depth (m) **45**, Well Diameter (mm) **100**, Well Construction Material **Steel**, Well Casing Material **Steel**, Well Screen Material **Steel**, Well Screen Size (mm) **10**, Well Screen Type **Open**, Well Completion **Open**, Well Status **Active**

Well Construction Details: Well ID **01**, Well Depth (m) **45**, Well Diameter (mm) **100**, Well Construction Material **Steel**, Well Casing Material **Steel**, Well Screen Material **Steel**, Well Screen Size (mm) **10**, Well Screen Type **Open**, Well Completion **Open**, Well Status **Active**

Well Construction Details: Well ID **01**, Well Depth (m) **45**, Well Diameter (mm) **100**, Well Construction Material **Steel**, Well Casing Material **Steel**, Well Screen Material **Steel**, Well Screen Size (mm) **10**, Well Screen Type **Open**, Well Completion **Open**, Well Status **Active**



Ministry of the Environment and Climate Change

Well Record Tag #: A 218836

Regulation 800 Ontario Water Resources Act

Measurements recorded in: Metric Imperial

Well Tag No. (Please Check meter / Print Label)

Well Record Tag #: A258361

Regulation 803 Ontario Water Resources Act

Page 1 of 1

Address of Well Location (Street Number/Name) **1537 CONCESSION 2 RR # 3**
 County/Municipality **BRUCE COUNTY**
 UTM Coordinates (Zone, Easting, Northing) **18Q UTM Zone 18Q, 174576.42 Easting, 4918.81 Northing**
 Owner Name and Address (Municipal, Provincial, or Federal) **BRUCE TWP**
 General Use **WATER SUPPLY**
 Other Information **None**

Well Details: Well ID **022**, Well Depth (m) **72**, Well Diameter (mm) **100**, Well Construction Material **Steel**, Well Casing Material **Steel**, Well Screen Material **Steel**, Well Screen Size (mm) **10**, Well Screen Type **Open**, Well Completion **Open**, Well Status **Active**

Geological Description: **TOP SOIL**
BROWN CLAY
BROWN CLAY
BROWN SHALE
BROWN LIMESTONE
BROWN LIMESTONE

Other Materials: **None**

Well Construction Details: Well ID **022**, Well Depth (m) **72**, Well Diameter (mm) **100**, Well Construction Material **Steel**, Well Casing Material **Steel**, Well Screen Material **Steel**, Well Screen Size (mm) **10**, Well Screen Type **Open**, Well Completion **Open**, Well Status **Active**

Results of Well Fluid Testing: Well ID **022**, Well Depth (m) **72**, Well Diameter (mm) **100**, Well Construction Material **Steel**, Well Casing Material **Steel**, Well Screen Material **Steel**, Well Screen Size (mm) **10**, Well Screen Type **Open**, Well Completion **Open**, Well Status **Active**

Well Use: Domestic, Industrial, Irrigation, Other, Other, specify **Water Supply**

Well Construction Details: Well ID **022**, Well Depth (m) **72**, Well Diameter (mm) **100**, Well Construction Material **Steel**, Well Casing Material **Steel**, Well Screen Material **Steel**, Well Screen Size (mm) **10**, Well Screen Type **Open**, Well Completion **Open**, Well Status **Active**

Water Details: Well ID **022**, Well Depth (m) **72**, Well Diameter (mm) **100**, Well Construction Material **Steel**, Well Casing Material **Steel**, Well Screen Material **Steel**, Well Screen Size (mm) **10**, Well Screen Type **Open**, Well Completion **Open**, Well Status **Active**

Well Construction Details: Well ID **022**, Well Depth (m) **72**, Well Diameter (mm) **100**, Well Construction Material **Steel**, Well Casing Material **Steel**, Well Screen Material **Steel**, Well Screen Size (mm) **10**, Well Screen Type **Open**, Well Completion **Open**, Well Status **Active**

Well Construction Details: Well ID **022**, Well Depth (m) **72**, Well Diameter (mm) **100**, Well Construction Material **Steel**, Well Casing Material **Steel**, Well Screen Material **Steel**, Well Screen Size (mm) **10**, Well Screen Type **Open**, Well Completion **Open**, Well Status **Active**



Ministry of the Environment,
Conservation and Parks

Well Record - Regulation 903 Ontario Water Resources Act

Notice of Collection of Personal Information

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Fields marked with an asterisk (*) are mandatory.

Well Tag Number *
A.303713

Type *

Construction Abandonment

Measurement recorded in: *

Metric Imperial

1. Well Owner's Information

Last Name and First Name, or Organization is mandatory. *

Last Name _____ First Name _____
Organization _____ Email Address _____

Current Address

Unit Number _____ Street Number * _____ Street Name * _____
City/Town/Village _____
Country _____ Province _____ Ont. _____
Postal Code _____ Telephone Number _____

2. Well Location

Address of Well Location
Unit Number _____ Street Number * _____ Street Name * _____ Township _____
Lot _____ Main St. _____ Concession _____ County/District/Municipality _____
4 _____ 1 _____
City/Town _____ Province _____ Ontario _____ Postal Code _____

UTM Coordinates Zone * Easing * Northing *
NAD 83 17 457707 4901161
Other _____ Test UTM in Map _____
Municipal Plan and Sublot Number _____

3. Overburden and Bedrock Material *

Well Depth * 230 (ft)
General Colour _____ Most Common Material _____ Other Materials _____ General Description _____ Depth From _____ Depth To _____

Black	Topsoil	(ft)	0	1
Brown	Clay	(ft)	1	13
Grey	Clay	Stones	13	130
Grey	Limestone	Clay	130	191
Brown	Limestone	Hard	191	210
Brown	Limestone	Fraclured	210	230

4. Annular Space *

Depth From (ft)	Depth To (ft)	Type of Sealant Used (Material and Type)	Volume Placed (cubic feet)
0	194	bentonite	24

5. Method of Construction *

Cable Tool Rotary (Conventional) Rotary (Reverse) Boring Air Percussion Diamond
 Jetting Driving Digging Rotary (Air) Augering Direct Push
 Other (specify) _____

6. Well Use *

Public Industrial Cooling & Air Conditioning
 Domestic Commercial Not Used
 Livestock Municipal Monitoring
 Irrigation Test Hole Dewatering
 Other (specify) _____

7. Status of Well *

Water Supply Replacement Well Test Hole
 Recharge Well Dewatering Well Observation and/or Monitoring Hole
 Alteration (Construction) Abandoned, Insufficient Supply Abandoned, Poor Water Quality
 Abandoned, other (specify) _____
 Other (specify) _____

8. Construction Record - Casing * (use negative number(s) to indicate depth above ground surface)

Inside Diameter (in)	Open Hole or Material (Galvanized, Fibreglass, Concrete, Plastic, Steel)	Wall Thickness	Depth From (ft)	Depth To (ft)
6.25	Steel	0.219	-2	194
6.125	Open Hole		194	230

9. Construction Record - Screen

Outside Diameter (in)	Material (Plastic, Galvanized, Steel)	Slot Number	Depth From (ft)	Depth To (ft)

10. Water Details

Water found at Depth 215 (ft)	<input type="checkbox"/> Gas	Kind of water	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Fresh	<input type="checkbox"/> Untested	<input type="checkbox"/> Other
Water found at Depth 220	<input type="checkbox"/> Gas	Kind of water	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Fresh	<input type="checkbox"/> Untested	<input type="checkbox"/> Other
Water found at Depth 226	<input type="checkbox"/> Gas	Kind of water	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Fresh	<input type="checkbox"/> Untested	<input type="checkbox"/> Other

11. Hole Diameter

Depth From (ft)	Depth To (ft)	Diameter (in)
0	194	9
194	230	6.125

12. Results of Well Yield Testing

Pumping Discontinued Explain _____

If flowing give rate _____ (GPM)

Draw down _____

Time (min)	Static Level (ft)	1	2	3	4	5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60
Water Level (ft)	33.4	47.8	55	58.5	61.2	64.5	69.8	75.2	80.6	80.5	80.3	83	84.2	85.1

Recovery _____

Time (min)	1	2	3	4	5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60
Water Level (ft)	75.2	68	62.5	58.2	54.9	46.3	44.7	42.9	41.1	39.5	38.6	38	37.5

After test of well yield, water was Clear and sand free Other (specify) _____

13. Map of Well Location *

Map 1. Please Click the map area below to import an image file to use as the map. Make map area bigger

Pump intake set at	Pumping rate (GPM)	Duration of pumping (hrs + min)	Final water level end of pumping (ft)	Disinfected? *
110	10	1 hrs + 85.1 min	85.1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
Recommended pump depth (ft)	Recommended pump rate (GPM)	Well production (GPM)	14	
110	9			



14. Information

Well owner's information package delivered Yes No

Comments _____

Date Package Delivered (yyyy/mm/dd) 2021/09/16

Date Work Completed (yyyy/mm/dd) 2021/09/01

15. Well Contractor and Well Technician Information

Business Name of Well Contractor * W.D.Hopper & Sons Ltd.

Business Address _____

Unit Number 30

Street Name * Harpurhey Rd.

City/Town/Village * Seaforth

Province Ont

Postal Code * N0K 1W0

Business Telephone Number 519-522-1737

Business Email Address wdhopper@tcc.on.ca

Last Name of Well Technician * Hopper

First Name of Well Technician * Allan

Well Technician's License Number * 2576

Well Contractor's License Number * 2604

16. Declaration *

I hereby confirm that I am the person who constructed the well and I hereby confirm that the information on the form is correct and accurate.

Last Name
Hopper

First Name
Ron

Email Address
whopper@fcc.on.ca

Signature
Ron Hopper

Date Submitted (yyyy/mm/dd)
2021/09/16

17. Ministry Use Only

Audit Number
G90J LQ7X



Ministry of the Environment,
Conservation and Parks

Well Record - Regulation 903
Ontario Water Resources Act

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Fields marked with an asterisk (*) are mandatory.

Type *

- Construction Abandonment
- Measurement recorded in: *
- Metric Imperial

1. Well Owner's Information

Last Name and First Name, or Organization is mandatory *

Last Name	First Name
Organization	Email Address
Current Address	City/Town/Village
Unit Number	Street Number *
Street Name *	Street Name *
Province	Province
Ont.	Ont.
Postal Code	Postal Code
Telephone Number	Telephone Number

Well Tag Number *
A 303718

2. Well Location

Address of Well Location

Unit Number	Street Number *	Street Name *	Township
2995	Hwy, 21		Bruce
Lot	Concession	County/District/Municipality	Postal Code
5	1	Bruce	
City/Town	Province	Province	Postal Code
	Ontario	Ontario	
UTM Coordinates	Zone *	Eastings *	Northings *
NAD	83	17	457808
Other			4901189
			Municipal Plan and Sublot Number
			Test UTM in Map

3. Overburden and Bedrock Material *

Well Depth *	225	(ft)
General Colour	Most Common Material	Other Materials
General Description	Depth From	Depth To

Black	Topsoil	(ft)	(ft)
Brown	Clay	0	1
Grey	Clay	1	15
Grey	Clay	15	115
Brown	Limestone	115	185
	Fractured	185	225

4. Annular Space *

Depth From (ft) 0 Depth To (ft) 189 Type of Sealant Used (Material and Type) bentonite Volume Placed (cubic feet) 23

5. Method of Construction *

Cable Tool Rotary (Conventional) Rotary (Reverse) Boring Air percussion Diamond
 Jetting Driving Digging Rotary (Air) Augering Direct Push
 Other (specify) _____

6. Well Use *

Public Industrial Cooling & Air Conditioning
 Domestic Commercial Not Used
 Livestock Municipal Monitoring
 Irrigation Test Hole Dewatering
 Other (specify) _____

7. Status of Well *

Water Supply Replacement Well Test Hole
 Recharge Well Dewatering Well Observation and/or Monitoring Hole
 Alteration (Construction) Abandoned, Insufficient Supply Abandoned, Poor Water Quality
 Abandoned, other (specify) _____
 Other (specify) _____

8. Construction Record - Casing * (use negative number(s) to indicate depth above ground surface)

Inside Diameter (in)	Open Hole or Material (Galvanized, Fibreglass, Concrete, Plastic, Steel)	Wall Thickness	Depth From (ft)	Depth To (ft)
6.25	Steel	0.219	-2	189
6.125	Open Hole		189	225

9. Construction Record - Screen

Outside Diameter (in) _____ Material (Plastic, Galvanized, Steel) _____ Slot Number _____ Depth From (ft) _____ Depth To (ft) _____

10. Water Details

Water found at Depth 216 (ft) Gas Fresh Kind of water Untested Other
Water found at Depth 221 (ft) Gas Fresh Kind of water Untested Other

11. Hole Diameter

Depth From (ft)	Depth To (ft)	Diameter (in)
0	189	8.9
189	225	6.125

12. Results of Well Yield Testing

Pumping Discontinued Explain _____
 If flowing give rate _____ (GPM)
 Flowing
 Draw down _____

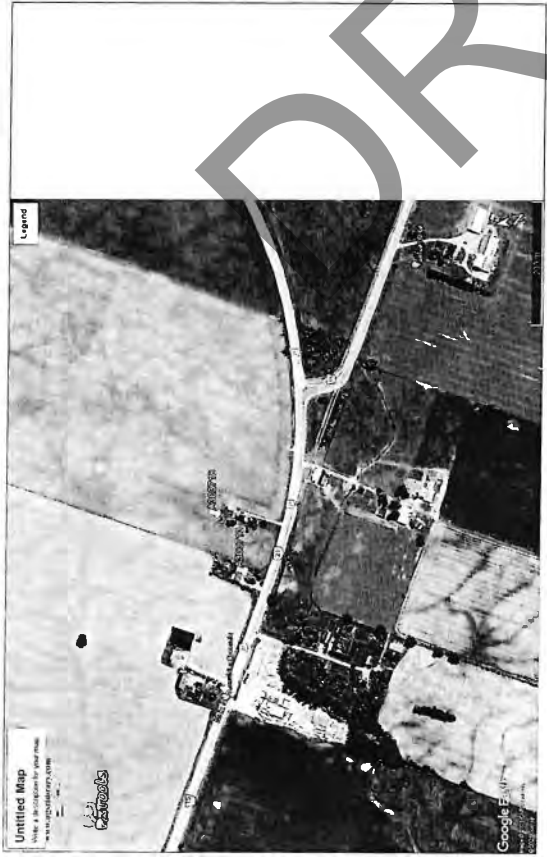
Time (min)	1	2	3	4	5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60
Static Level (ft)	33.4	34.6	36.2	37.6	37.8	38.2	39	39.5	39.9	40.3	40.4	41.1	41.4
Water Level (ft)	38.3	37.7	37.3	37	36.9	36.3	36.1	35.6	35.4	35.2	35.1	34.7	34.6
Recovery													

After test of well yield, water was Clear and sand free Other (specify) _____

13. Map of Well Location *

Map 1. Please Click the map area below to import an image file to use as the map. Make map area bigger

Last Name Hopper	First Name Ron	Email Address whopper@tcc.on.ca
Signature Ron Hopper	Date Submitted (yyyy/mm/dd) 2021/09/16	
17. Ministry Use Only		
Audit Number E9U6 LB99		



14. Information

Well owner's information package delivered
 Yes No

Date Package Delivered (yyyy/mm/dd) 2021/09/16
 Date Work Completed (yyyy/mm/dd) 2021/09/03

Comments

15. Well Contractor and Well Technician Information

Business Name of Well Contractor *
W.D.Hopper & Sons Ltd.

Well Contractor's License Number *
2604

Business Address

Unit Number 30
Street Name * Harpurhey Rd.
City/Town/Village * Seaforth
Province Ont

Business Telephone Number 519-522-1737
Business Email Address whopper@tcc.on.ca
Postal Code * N0K 1W0

Last Name of Well Technician * Hopper
First Name of Well Technician * Scott
Well Technician's License Number * 3085

16. Declaration *

I hereby confirm that I am the person who constructed the well and I hereby confirm that the information on the form is correct and accurate.



This document is a Clone of Permit # 7041-AQZRJR

PERMIT TO TAKE WATER
Ground Water

NUMBER 5581-BVHT5L

Reference Number 2326-BUFHN7

Pursuant to Section 34.1 of the Ontario Water Resources Act, R.S.O. 1990 this Permit To Take Water is hereby issued to:

The Corporation of the Municipality of Kincardine
1475 Concession 5 R.R. #5
Kincardine, Ontario, N2Z 2X6
Canada

For the water taking from: Briar Hill Well #1 (WWR 1402748), Briar Hill Well #2 (Tag A030071), Dent Well #2 (WWR 1410577)

Located at: 6 Smith St Tiverton
Kincardine, County of Bruce

36 Conquergood Ave Tiverton
Kincardine, County of Bruce

36 Conquergood formerly Bruce Township Community of Tiverton
Kincardine, County of Bruce

For the purposes of this Permit, and the terms and conditions specified below, the following definitions apply:

DEFINITIONS

- (a) "Director" means any person appointed in writing as a Director pursuant to section 5 of the OWRA for the purposes of section 34.1, OWRA.
- (b) "Provincial Officer" means any person designated in writing by the Minister as a Provincial Officer pursuant to section 5 of the OWRA.
- (c) "Ministry" means Ontario Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks.

(d) "District Office" means the Owen Sound District Office.

(e) "Permit" means this Permit to Take Water No. 5581-BVHT5L including its Schedules, if any, issued in accordance with Section 34.1 of the OWRA.

(f) "Permit Holder" means The Corporation of the Municipality of Kincardine.

(g) "OWRA " means the *Ontario Water Resources Act*, R.S.O. 1990, c. O. 40, as amended.

You are hereby notified that this Permit is issued subject to the terms and conditions outlined below:

TERMS AND CONDITIONS

1. Compliance with Permit

1.1 Except where modified by this Permit, the water taking shall be in accordance with the application for this Permit To Take Water, dated October 15, 2020 and signed by Adam Weishar, and all Schedules included in this Permit.

1.2 The Permit Holder shall ensure that any person authorized by the Permit Holder to take water under this Permit is provided with a copy of this Permit and shall take all reasonable measures to ensure that any such person complies with the conditions of this Permit.

1.3 Any person authorized by the Permit Holder to take water under this Permit shall comply with the conditions of this Permit.

1.4 This Permit is not transferable to another person.

1.5 This Permit provides the Permit Holder with permission to take water in accordance with the conditions of this Permit, up to the date of the expiry of this Permit. This Permit does not constitute a legal right, vested or otherwise, to a water allocation, and the issuance of this Permit does not guarantee that, upon its expiry, it will be renewed.

1.6 The Permit Holder shall keep this Permit available at all times at or near the site of the taking, and shall produce this Permit immediately for inspection by a Provincial Officer upon his or her request.

1.7 The Permit Holder shall report any changes of address to the Director within thirty days of any such change. The Permit Holder shall report any change of ownership of the property for which this Permit is issued within thirty days of any such change. A change in ownership in the property shall cause this Permit to be cancelled.

2. General Conditions and Interpretation

2.1 Inspections

The Permit Holder must forthwith, upon presentation of credentials, permit a Provincial Officer to carry out any and all inspections authorized by the OWRA, the *Environmental Protection Act*, R.S.O. 1990, the *Pesticides Act*, R.S.O. 1990, or the *Safe Drinking Water Act*, S. O. 2002.

2.2 Other Approvals

The issuance of, and compliance with this Permit, does not:

- (a) relieve the Permit Holder or any other person from any obligation to comply with any other applicable legal requirements, including the provisions of the *Ontario Water Resources Act*, and the *Environmental Protection Act*, and any regulations made thereunder; or
- (b) limit in any way any authority of the Ministry, a Director, or a Provincial Officer, including the authority to require certain steps be taken or to require the Permit Holder to furnish any further information related to this Permit.

2.3 Information

The receipt of any information by the Ministry, the failure of the Ministry to take any action or require any person to take any action in relation to the information, or the failure of a Provincial Officer to prosecute any person in relation to the information, shall not be construed as:

- (a) an approval, waiver or justification by the Ministry of any act or omission of any person that contravenes this Permit or other legal requirement; or
- (b) acceptance by the Ministry of the information's completeness or accuracy.

2.4 Rights of Action

The issuance of, and compliance with this Permit shall not be construed as precluding or limiting any legal claims or rights of action that any person, including the Crown in right of Ontario or any agency thereof, has or may have against the Permit Holder, its officers, employees, agents, and contractors.

2.5 Severability

The requirements of this Permit are severable. If any requirements of this Permit, or the application of any requirements of this Permit to any circumstance, is held invalid or unenforceable, the application of such requirements to other circumstances and the remainder of this Permit shall not be affected thereby.

2.6 Conflicts

Where there is a conflict between a provision of any submitted document referred to in this Permit, including its Schedules, and the conditions of this Permit, the conditions in this Permit shall take precedence.

3. Water Takings Authorized by This Permit

3.1 Expiry

This Permit expires on **January 22, 2031**. No water shall be taken under authority of this Permit after the

expiry date.

3.2 Amounts of Taking Permitted

The Permit Holder shall only take water from the source, during the periods and at the rates and amounts of taking specified in Table A. Water takings are authorized only for the purposes specified in Table A.

Table A

	Source Name / Description:	Source: Type:	Taking Specific Purpose:	Taking Major Category:	Max. Taken per Minute (litres):	Max. Num. of Hrs Taken per Day:	Max. Taken per Day (litres):	Max. Num. of Days Taken per Year:	Zone/ Easting/ Northing:
1	Briar Hill Well #1 (WWR 1402748)	Well Drilled	Other - Water Supply	Water Supply	364	24	524,160	365	17 456780 4902400
2	Briar Hill Well #2 (Tag A030071)	Well Drilled	Other - Water Supply	Water Supply	500	24	720,000	365	17 456783 4902424
3	Dent Well #2 (WWR 1410577)	Well Drilled	Other - Water Supply	Water Supply	273	24	250,500	365	17 456361 4901758
							Total Taking:	970,500	

3.3 Notwithstanding Table A, the Permit Holder shall not pump the Briar Hill Wells 1 and 2 concurrently.

4. Monitoring

4.1 The Permit Holder shall maintain a record of all water takings. This record shall include the dates and duration of water takings, and the total measured amounts of water pumped per day for each day that water is taken under the authorization of this Permit. A separate record shall be maintained for each source. The total amounts of water pumped shall be measured using flow measuring devices.

4.2 The Permit Holder shall install automated devices to automatically measure and record the water level in each of the production wells. Measurements shall be obtained and recorded at least once every hour.

4.3 The data shall be retrieved from the automated devices (see Condition 4.2) and reviewed by a qualified person once a year. The Permit Holder shall ensure that all the data is maintained and made available to the Ministry upon request.

4.4 The Permit Holder shall keep all required records up to date and available at or near the site of the taking and shall produce the records immediately for inspection by a Provincial Officer upon his or her request.

4.5 Any application submitted to the Ministry for renewal or amendment of this Permit shall be accompanied by all records required by the conditions of this Permit.

5. Impacts of the Water Taking

5.1 Notification

The Permit Holder shall immediately notify the local District Office of any complaint arising from the taking of water authorized under this Permit and shall report any action which has been taken or is proposed with regard to such complaint. The Permit Holder shall immediately notify the local District Office if the taking of water is observed to have any significant impact on the surrounding waters. After hours, calls shall be directed to the Ministry's Spills Action Centre at 1-800-268-6060.

5.2 For Groundwater Takings

If the taking of water is observed to cause any negative impact to other water supplies obtained from any adequate sources that were in use prior to initial issuance of a Permit for this water taking, the Permit Holder shall take such action necessary to make available to those affected, a supply of water equivalent in quantity and quality to their normal takings, or shall compensate such persons for their reasonable costs of so doing, or shall reduce the rate and amount of taking to prevent or alleviate the observed negative impact. Pending permanent restoration of the affected supplies, the Permit Holder shall provide, to those affected, temporary water supplies adequate to meet their normal requirements, or shall compensate such persons for their reasonable costs of doing so.

If permanent interference is caused by the water taking, the Permit Holder shall restore the water supplies of those permanently affected.

6. Director May Amend Permit

The Director may amend this Permit by letter requiring the Permit Holder to suspend or reduce the taking to an amount or threshold specified by the Director in the letter. The suspension or reduction in taking shall be effective immediately and may be revoked at any time upon notification by the Director. This condition does not affect your right to appeal the suspension or reduction in taking to the Environmental Review Tribunal under the *Ontario Water Resources Act*, Section 100 (4).

The reasons for the imposition of these terms and conditions are as follows:

1. Condition 1 is included to ensure that the conditions in this Permit are complied with and can be enforced.
2. Condition 2 is included to clarify the legal interpretation of aspects of this Permit.
3. Conditions 3 through 6 are included to protect the quality of the natural environment so as to safeguard the ecosystem and human health and foster efficient use and conservation of waters. These conditions allow for

CONTENT COPY OF ORIGINAL

the beneficial use of waters while ensuring the fair sharing, conservation and sustainable use of the waters of Ontario. The conditions also specify the water takings that are authorized by this Permit and the scope of this Permit.

In accordance with Section 100 of the Ontario Water Resources Act, R.S.O. 1990, you may by written Notice served upon me and the Environmental Review Tribunal within 15 days after receipt of this Notice, require a hearing by the Tribunal. Section 101 of the Ontario Water Resources Act, R.S.O. 1990, as amended, provides that the Notice requiring the hearing shall state:

1. The portions of the Permit or each term or condition in the Permit in respect of which the hearing is required, and;
2. The grounds on which you intend to rely at the hearing in relation to each portion appealed.

In addition to these legal requirements, the Notice should also include:

- a. The name of the appellant;
- b. The address of the appellant;
- c. The Permit to Take Water number;
- d. The date of the Permit to Take Water;
- e. The name of the Director;
- f. The municipality within which the works are located;

This notice must be served upon:

*The Secretary
Environmental Review Tribunal
655 Bay Street, 15th Floor
Toronto ON
M5G 1E5
Fax: (416) 326-5370
ERTTribunalsecretary@ontario.ca*

AND

*The Director, Section 34.1,
Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and
Parks
Floor 1, 135 St Clair Ave W
Toronto, ON
M4V 1P5*

Further information on the Environmental Review Tribunal's requirements for an appeal can be obtained directly from the Tribunal:

by Telephone at
(416) 212-6349
Toll Free 1(866) 448-2248

by Fax at
(416) 326-5370
Toll Free 1(844) 213-3474

by e-mail at
www.ert.gov.on.ca

This Permit cancels and replaces Permit Number 6400-AQZRJQ, issued on 2017/09/15.

Dated at Toronto this 21st day of January, 2021.



Gregory Meek
Director, Section 34.1
Ontario Water Resources Act, R.S.O. 1990

Schedule A

This Schedule "A" forms part of Permit To Take Water 5581-BVHT5L, dated January 21, 2021.

- Category 3 Permit to Take Water Renewal Application prepared by Wilson Associates dated October 13th 2020
- Monitoring Data Analysis Report (2017-July 2020), Briar Hills Wells #1 and #2 and Dent Well #2, Community of Tiverton, Municipality of Kincardine, Permit to Take Water 6400-AQZRJQ prepared by Wilson Associates dated October 13th 2020

DRAFT



PERMIT TO TAKE WATER
Ground Water

NUMBER 1154-AZELR6

Reference Number 6206-AX9RWD

Pursuant to Section 34.1 of the Ontario Water Resources Act, R.S.O. 1990 this Permit To Take Water is hereby issued to:

Teeswater Concrete Ltd.
1201 Bruce Rd #6 Teeswater
South Bruce, Ontario, N0G 2S0
Canada

For the water taking from: Wells PW-1 and OW-1

Located at: 180 Main St Lot 3 Concession 12 Tiverton
Kincardine, County of Bruce

For the purposes of this Permit, and the terms and conditions specified below, the following definitions apply:

DEFINITIONS

- (a) "Director" means any person appointed in writing as a Director pursuant to section 5 of the OWRA for the purposes of section 34.1, OWRA.
- (b) "Provincial Officer" means any person designated in writing by the Minister as a Provincial Officer pursuant to section 5 of the OWRA.
- (c) "Ministry" means Ontario Ministry of the Environment and Climate Change.
- (d) "District Office" means the Owen Sound District Office.
- (e) "Permit" means this Permit to Take Water No. 1154-AZELR6 including its Schedules, if any, issued in accordance with Section 34.1 of the OWRA.
- (f) "Permit Holder" means Teeswater Concrete Ltd..
- (g) "OWRA " means the *Ontario Water Resources Act*, R.S.O. 1990, c. O. 40, as amended.

You are hereby notified that this Permit is issued subject to the terms and conditions outlined below:

TERMS AND CONDITIONS

1. Compliance with Permit

1.1 Except where modified by this Permit, the water taking shall be in accordance with the application for this Permit To Take Water, dated March 22, 2018 and signed by James Armstrong, and all Schedules included in this Permit.

1.2 The Permit Holder shall ensure that any person authorized by the Permit Holder to take water under this Permit is provided with a copy of this Permit and shall take all reasonable measures to ensure that any such person complies with the conditions of this Permit.

1.3 Any person authorized by the Permit Holder to take water under this Permit shall comply with the conditions of this Permit.

1.4 This Permit is not transferable to another person.

1.5 This Permit provides the Permit Holder with permission to take water in accordance with the conditions of this Permit, up to the date of the expiry of this Permit. This Permit does not constitute a legal right, vested or otherwise, to a water allocation, and the issuance of this Permit does not guarantee that, upon its expiry, it will be renewed.

1.6 The Permit Holder shall keep this Permit available at all times at or near the site of the taking, and shall produce this Permit immediately for inspection by a Provincial Officer upon his or her request.

1.7 The Permit Holder shall report any changes of address to the Director within thirty days of any such change. The Permit Holder shall report any change of ownership of the property for which this Permit is issued within thirty days of any such change. A change in ownership in the property shall cause this Permit to be cancelled.

2. General Conditions and Interpretation

2.1 Inspections

The Permit Holder must forthwith, upon presentation of credentials, permit a Provincial Officer to carry out any and all inspections authorized by the OWRA, the *Environmental Protection Act*, R.S.O. 1990, the *Pesticides Act*, R.S.O. 1990, or the *Safe Drinking Water Act*, S. O. 2002.

2.2 Other Approvals

The issuance of, and compliance with this Permit, does not:

(a) relieve the Permit Holder or any other person from any obligation to comply with any other applicable

legal requirements, including the provisions of the *Ontario Water Resources Act*, and the *Environmental Protection Act*, and any regulations made thereunder; or

(b) limit in any way any authority of the Ministry, a Director, or a Provincial Officer, including the authority to require certain steps be taken or to require the Permit Holder to furnish any further information related to this Permit.

2.3 Information

The receipt of any information by the Ministry, the failure of the Ministry to take any action or require any person to take any action in relation to the information, or the failure of a Provincial Officer to prosecute any person in relation to the information, shall not be construed as:

(a) an approval, waiver or justification by the Ministry of any act or omission of any person that contravenes this Permit or other legal requirement; or

(b) acceptance by the Ministry of the information's completeness or accuracy.

2.4 Rights of Action

The issuance of, and compliance with this Permit shall not be construed as precluding or limiting any legal claims or rights of action that any person, including the Crown in right of Ontario or any agency thereof, has or may have against the Permit Holder, its officers, employees, agents, and contractors.

2.5 Severability

The requirements of this Permit are severable. If any requirements of this Permit, or the application of any requirements of this Permit to any circumstance, is held invalid or unenforceable, the application of such requirements to other circumstances and the remainder of this Permit shall not be affected thereby.

2.6 Conflicts

Where there is a conflict between a provision of any submitted document referred to in this Permit, including its Schedules, and the conditions of this Permit, the conditions in this Permit shall take precedence.

3. Water Takings Authorized by This Permit

3.1 Expiry

This Permit expires on **January 31, 2024**. No water shall be taken under authority of this Permit after the expiry date.

3.2 Amounts of Taking Permitted

The Permit Holder shall only take water from the source, during the periods and at the rates and amounts of taking specified in Table A. Water takings are authorized only for the purposes specified in Table A.

Table A

	Source Name / Description:	Source: Type:	Taking Specific Purpose:	Taking Major Category:	Max. Taken per Minute (litres):	Max. Num. of Hrs Taken per Day:	Max. Taken per Day (litres):	Max. Num. of Days Taken per Year:	Zone/ Easting/ Northing:
1	Rate 139: Wells PW-1 and OW-1	Well Drilled	Other - Industrial	Industrial	139	24	200,000	365	17 457515 4901195
2	Rate 208: Wells PW-1 and OW-1	Well Drilled	Other - Industrial	Industrial	208	24	300,000	30	17 457515 4901195
3	Rate 347: Wells PW-1 and OW-1	Well Drilled	Other - Industrial	Industrial	347	24	500,000	15	17 457515 4901195
Total Taking:							1,000,000		

3.3 This permit authorizes a combined maximum taking of up to 500,000 litres/day from one or both sources (Wells PW-1 (A061744) and OW-1 (14-02397)) on a maximum of 15 days in a calendar year, and up to 300,000 litres/day for an additional 30 days per year. On the remaining 320 days of the year, the maximum allowable taking is 200,000 litres/day. The rate of taking shall be recorded.

4. Monitoring

4.1 The Permit Holder shall maintain a record of all water takings. This record shall include the dates and times of water takings, and the total measured amounts of water pumped per day for each day that water is taken under the authorization of this Permit. A separate record shall be maintained for each source. The Permit Holder shall keep all required records up to date and available at or near the site of the taking and shall produce the records immediately for inspection by a Provincial Officer upon his or her request. The total amounts of water pumped shall be measured using a flow meter at each source.

4.2 The Permit Holder shall monitor water levels in wells PW-1 and OW-1 on any day water is pumped from the wells. The Permit Holder shall keep all required records up to date and available at or near the site of the taking and shall produce the records immediately for inspection by a Provincial Officer upon his or her request.

4.3 Any application submitted to the Ministry for renewal or amendment of this Permit shall be accompanied by all records required by the conditions of this Permit.

5. Impacts of the Water Taking

5.1 Notification

The Permit Holder shall immediately notify the local District Office of any complaint arising from the taking of water authorized under this Permit and shall report any action which has been taken or is proposed with regard to such complaint. The Permit Holder shall immediately notify the local District Office if the taking of water is observed to have any significant impact on the surrounding waters. After hours, calls shall be directed to the Ministry's Spills Action Centre at 1-800-268-6060.

5.2 For Groundwater Takings

If the taking of water is observed to cause any negative impact to other water supplies obtained from any adequate sources that were in use prior to initial issuance of a Permit for this water taking, the Permit Holder shall take such action necessary to make available to those affected, a supply of water equivalent in quantity and quality to their normal takings, or shall compensate such persons for their reasonable costs of so doing, or shall reduce the rate and amount of taking to prevent or alleviate the observed negative impact. Pending permanent restoration of the affected supplies, the Permit Holder shall provide, to those affected, temporary water supplies adequate to meet their normal requirements, or shall compensate such persons for their reasonable costs of doing so.

If permanent interference is caused by the water taking, the Permit Holder shall restore the water supplies of those permanently affected.

6. Director May Amend Permit

The Director may amend this Permit by letter requiring the Permit Holder to suspend or reduce the taking to an amount or threshold specified by the Director in the letter. The suspension or reduction in taking shall be effective immediately and may be revoked at any time upon notification by the Director. This condition does not affect your right to appeal the suspension or reduction in taking to the Environmental Review Tribunal under the *Ontario Water Resources Act*, Section 100 (4).

The reasons for the imposition of these terms and conditions are as follows:

1. Condition 1 is included to ensure that the conditions in this Permit are complied with and can be enforced.
2. Condition 2 is included to clarify the legal interpretation of aspects of this Permit.
3. Conditions 3 through 6 are included to protect the quality of the natural environment so as to safeguard the ecosystem and human health and foster efficient use and conservation of waters. These conditions allow for the beneficial use of waters while ensuring the fair sharing, conservation and sustainable use of the waters of Ontario. The conditions also specify the water takings that are authorized by this Permit and the scope of this Permit.

In accordance with Section 100 of the Ontario Water Resources Act, R.S.O. 1990, you may by written notice served upon me, the Environmental Review Tribunal and the Environmental Commissioner,

Environmental Bill of Rights, R.S.O. 1993, Chapter 28, within 15 days after receipt of this Notice, require a hearing by the Tribunal. The Environmental Commissioner will place notice of your appeal on the Environmental Registry. Section 101 of the Ontario Water Resources Act, as amended provides that the Notice requiring a hearing shall state:

1. The portions of the Permit or each term or condition in the Permit in respect of which the hearing is required, and;
2. The grounds on which you intend to rely at the hearing in relation to each portion appealed.

In addition to these legal requirements, the Notice should also include:

- a. The name of the appellant;
- b. The address of the appellant;
- c. The Permit to Take Water number;
- d. The date of the Permit to Take Water;
- e. The name of the Director;
- f. The municipality within which the works are located;

This notice must be served upon:

*The Secretary
Environmental Review Tribunal
655 Bay Street, 15th Floor
Toronto ON
M5G 1E5
Fax: (416) 326-5370
ERTTribunalsecretary@ontario.ca*

AND

*The Environmental
Commissioner
1075 Bay Street
6th Floor, Suite 605
Toronto, Ontario M5S 2W5*

AND

*The Director, Section 34.1,
Ministry of the Environment and
Climate Change
733 Exeter Rd
London ON N6E 1L3
Fax: (519) 873-5020*

Further information on the Environmental Review Tribunal's requirements for an appeal can be obtained directly from the Tribunal:

by Telephone at
(416) 212-6349
Toll Free 1(866) 448-2248

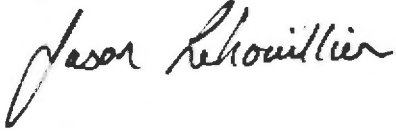
by Fax at
(416) 326-5370
Toll Free 1(844) 213-3474

by e-mail at
www.ert.gov.on.ca

*This instrument is subject to Section 38 of the **Environmental Bill of Rights** that allows residents of Ontario to seek leave to appeal the decision on this instrument. Residents of Ontario may seek to appeal for 15 days from the date this decision is placed on the Environmental Registry. By accessing the Environmental Registry, you can determine when the leave to appeal period ends.*

This Permit cancels and replaces Permit Number 1881-975HWR, issued on 2013/05/13.

Dated at London this 27th day of June, 2018.



Jason Lehouillier
Director, Section 34.1
Ontario Water Resources Act, R.S.O. 1990

Schedule A

This Schedule "A" forms part of Permit To Take Water 1154-AZELR6, dated June 27, 2018.

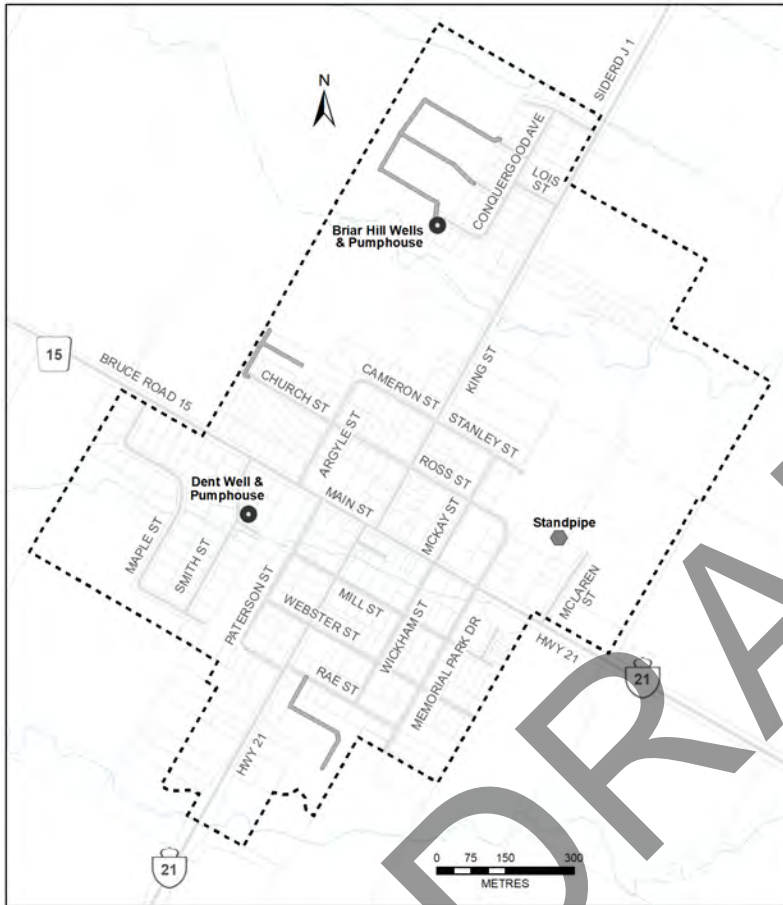
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Appendix C
Consultation Materials

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MUNICIPALITY OF KINCARDINE MUNICIPAL CLASS ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT FOR EXPANSION OF THE TIVERTON WATER SUPPLY SYSTEM

NOTICE OF COMMENCEMENT



THE PROJECT:

The Municipality of Kincardine is initiating a Municipal Class Environmental Assessment (MCEA) process to investigate increasing the supply capacity of the drinking water system within the community of Tiverton. The current system services 372 connections from groundwater wells. The 2022 Water and Wastewater Servicing Master Plan Update identified the need for additional water supply capacity to accommodate future development within the community. The MCEA will investigate options to increase water supply, such as additional groundwater wells and connecting to the Kincardine Drinking Water System.

THE ENVIRONMENTAL SCREENING PROCESS:

The planning for this project follows the environmental screening process set out for Schedule B activities under the MCEA process. The purpose of the MCEA process is to inform the public of the scope and commencement of the project. The process includes consultation

with the public, stakeholders, Aboriginal communities, and review agencies.

PUBLIC INVOLVEMENT:

Public input and comments are invited for incorporation into the planning and design of this project. Initial comments are welcomed and will be received by **May 24, 2024**. Comments may be provided to the study team at B. M. Ross and Associates (contact information below). Any comments collected in conjunction with the study will be maintained on file for use during the project and may be included in the project documentation. With the exception of personal information, all comments will become part of the public record. A public meeting will be held at a future date.

For further information on this project, or to review the Municipal Class EA process, please contact the consulting engineers: B.M. Ross and Associates: 62 North Street, Goderich, Ontario, N7A 2T4. Telephone (519) 524-2641. Lisa Courtney, Environmental Planner (e-mail: lcourtney@bmross.net). Information will be collected in accordance with the Municipal Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act. With the exception of personal information, all comments will become part of the public record. If you have accessibility requirements in order to participate in this project, please contact one of the project team member listed above.

Adam Weishar, Director of Infrastructure and Development
Municipality of Kincardine

This Notice issued May 3, 2024



B. M. ROSS AND ASSOCIATES LIMITED
Engineers and Planners
62 North Street, Goderich, ON N7A 2T4
p. (519) 524-2641 www.bmross.net

File No. 24014

VIA EMAIL ONLY

May 2, 2024

Review Agency
(See attached list)

**RE: Municipality of Kincardine
Municipal Class Environmental Assessment for Expansion
of the Tiverton Water Supply System.**

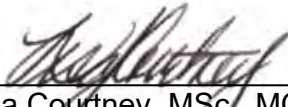
The Municipality of Kincardine is initiating a Municipal Class Environmental Assessment (MCEA) process to investigate increasing the supply capacity of the drinking water system within the community of Tiverton. The current system services 372 connections from groundwater wells. The 2022 Water and Wastewater Servicing Master Plan Update identified the need for additional water supply capacity to accommodate future development within the community. The MCEA will investigate options to increase water supply, such as additional groundwater wells and connecting to the Kincardine Drinking Water System.

The planning for this project follows the environmental screening process established for Schedule 'B' activities under the MCEA document. Schedule 'B' projects are approved but subject to a screening process that incorporates phases 1 and 2 of the class EA process. The purpose of the Environmental Assessment process is to inform the public of the scope and commencement of the project. The process includes consultation with the public, stakeholders, Aboriginal communities, and review agencies.

Your organization has been identified as possibly having an interest in the project and we are soliciting your input. Please forward your response to our office by May 30, 2024. If you have any questions or require further information, please contact the undersigned at lcourtney@bmross.net or by phone at 1-888-524-2641.

Yours very truly

B. M. ROSS AND ASSOCIATES LIMITED

Per 

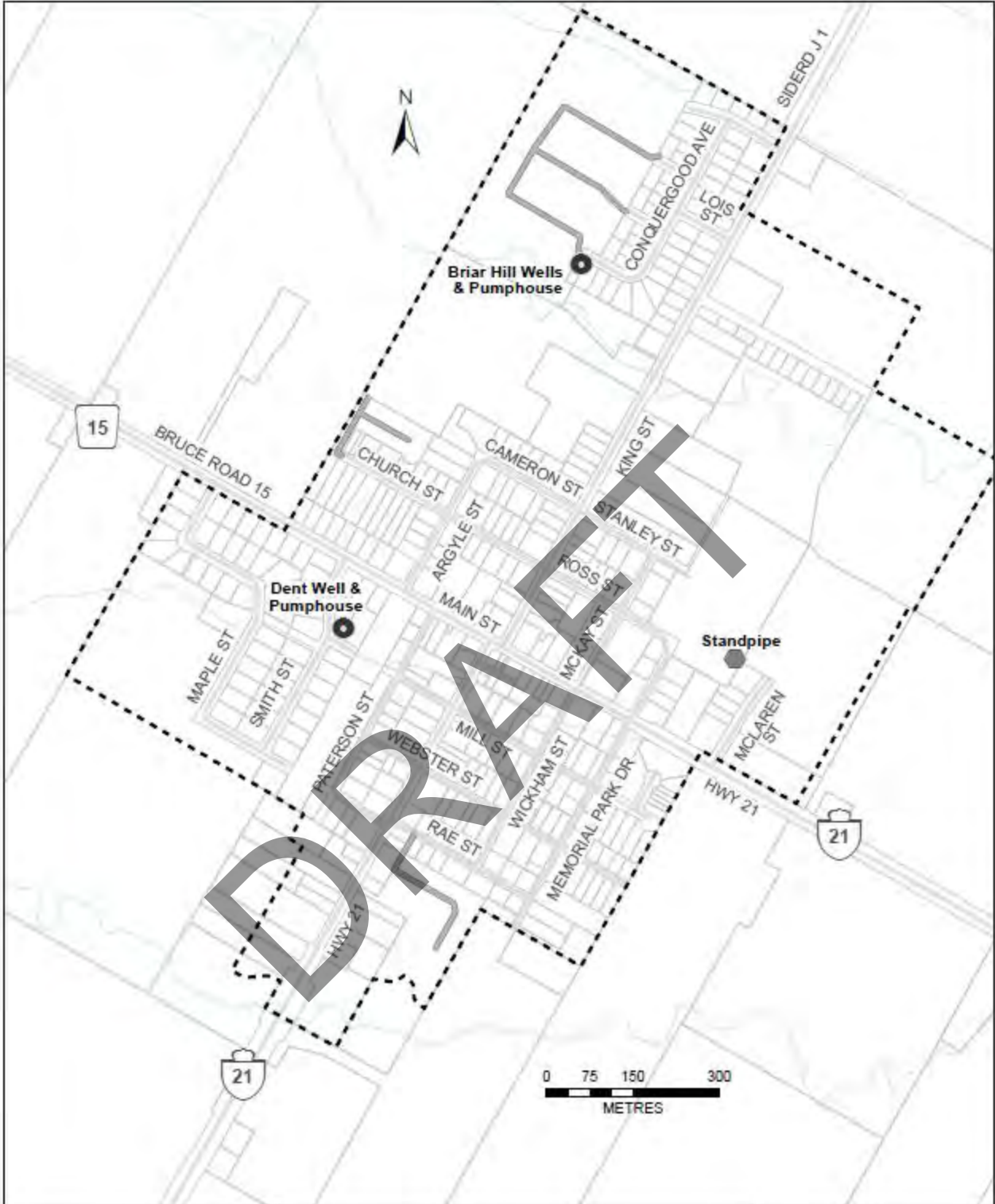
Lisa Courtney, MSc, MCIP, RPP
Environmental Planner


LJC:hv

cc. Adam Weishar, Municipality of Kincardine

Z:\24014-Kinc-Tiverton_Water_Supply\WP\Agency\24014-2024-05-02-Agency Let.docx

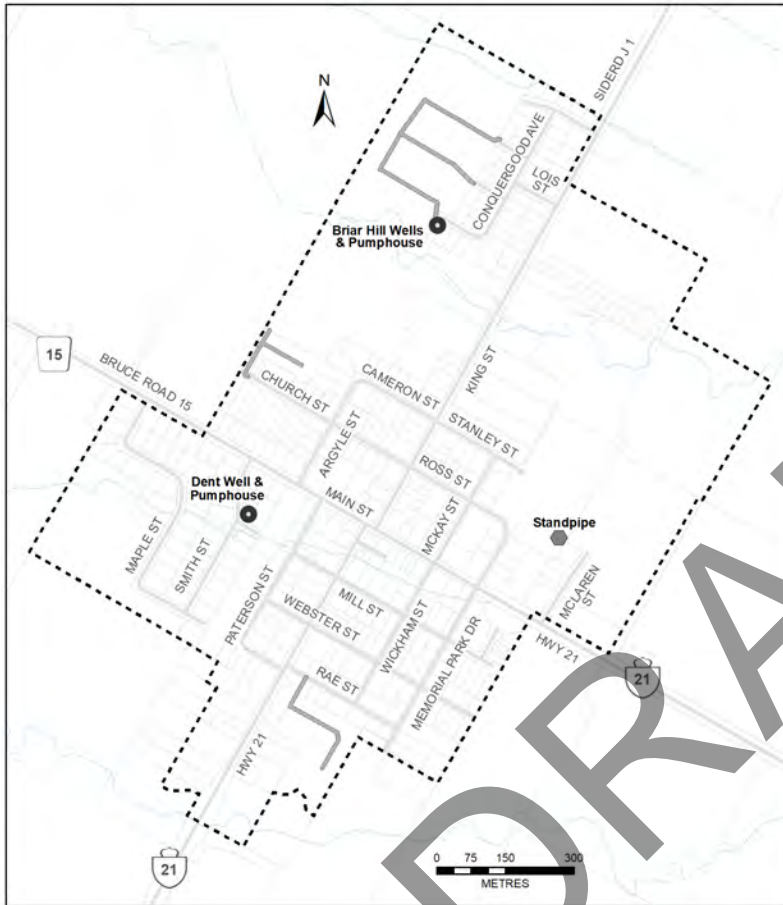
Figure 1: Key Plan Showing Current Extent of The Community Of Tiverton And Existing Water Supply System



	<p>MUNICIPALITY OF KINCARDINE TIVERTON WATER SUPPLY WATER DISTRIBUTION & WELLS</p>	<p>DATE MARCH 2024</p>	<p>PROJECT No. 24014</p>
		<p>SCALE AS SHOWN</p>	<p>FIGURE No. XX</p>

MUNICIPALITY OF KINCARDINE MUNICIPAL CLASS ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT FOR EXPANSION OF THE TIVERTON WATER SUPPLY SYSTEM

NOTICE OF COMMENCEMENT



THE PROJECT:

The Municipality of Kincardine is initiating a Municipal Class Environmental Assessment (MCEA) process to investigate increasing the supply capacity of the drinking water system within the community of Tiverton. The current system services 372 connections from groundwater wells. The 2022 Water and Wastewater Servicing Master Plan Update identified the need for additional water supply capacity to accommodate future development within the community. The MCEA will investigate options to increase water supply, such as additional groundwater wells and connecting to the Kincardine Drinking Water System.

THE ENVIRONMENTAL SCREENING PROCESS:

The planning for this project follows the environmental screening process set out for Schedule B activities under the MCEA process. The purpose of the MCEA process is to inform the public of the scope and commencement of the project. The process includes consultation

with the public, stakeholders, Aboriginal communities, and review agencies.

PUBLIC INVOLVEMENT:

Public input and comments are invited for incorporation into the planning and design of this project. Initial comments are welcomed and will be received by **May 24, 2024**. Comments may be provided to the study team at B. M. Ross and Associates (contact information below). Any comments collected in conjunction with the study will be maintained on file for use during the project and may be included in the project documentation. With the exception of personal information, all comments will become part of the public record. A public meeting will be held at a future date.

For further information on this project, or to review the Municipal Class EA process, please contact the consulting engineers: B.M. Ross and Associates: 62 North Street, Goderich, Ontario, N7A 2T4. Telephone (519) 524-2641. Lisa Courtney, Environmental Planner (e-mail: lcourtney@bmross.net). Information will be collected in accordance with the Municipal Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act. With the exception of personal information, all comments will become part of the public record. If you have accessibility requirements in order to participate in this project, please contact one of the project team member listed above.

Adam Weishar, Director of Infrastructure and Development
Municipality of Kincardine

This Notice issued May 3, 2024

MUNICIPALITY OF KINCARDINE

**MUNICIPAL CLASS ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT FOR
EXPANSION OF THE TIVERTON WATER SUPPLY SYSTEM - February 2024**

<u>Agency</u>	<u>Contact Method</u>	<u>Address</u>	<u>Involvement</u>
Ministry of Environment, Conservation and Parks (London)	Email Notice, Letter and Project Information Form	<p align="center">Monika Macki Regional Environmental Planner (REP) – Southwest Region Email: monika.macki@ontario.ca</p> <p align="center">Southwest Region Ministry Regional Office</p> <p>Email: eanotification.swregion@ontario.ca</p>	Mandatory Contact
Ministry of Citizenship and Multiculturalism	Email Notice and letter	<p align="center">Karla Barboza, Team Lead (A), Heritage</p> <p align="center">Heritage Program Unit Programs and Services Branch Ministry of Tourism, Culture and Sport 401 Bay Street, Suite 1700 Toronto ON M7A 0A7</p> <p>Email: karla.barboza@ontario.ca</p>	Potential impacts on cultural and archaeological resources
County of Bruce Planning & Development Department	Email Notice and letter	<p align="center">Planning Department Email: bcplwa@brucecounty.on.ca</p> <p align="center">Christine MacDonald – Chief Administrative Officer Cmacdonald@brucecounty.on.ca</p>	General Information and Implications for Long-Term Development
Saugeen Valley Conservation Authority	Email Notice and letter	<p align="center">Jason Dodds – Environmental Planning Technician Email: jdodds@svca.on.ca</p>	Potential Impact on Natural Features
Saugeen Valley Source Protection	Email Notice and letter	<p align="center">Carl Seider – Project Manager Email: c.seider@waterprotection.ca</p>	Impacts related to Source Water Protection.
Municipality of Kincardine	Email Notice and letter	<p align="center">Adam Weishar, C.E.T- Director of Infrastructure and Development Email: aweishar@kincardine.ca</p>	Proponent (copy)

MUNICIPALITY OF KINCARDINE

**MUNICIPAL CLASS ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT FOR
EXPANSION OF THE TIVERTON WATER SUPPLY SYSTEM - February 2024**

<u>Agency</u>	<u>Contact Method</u>	<u>Address</u>	<u>Involvement</u>
Ministry of Environment, Conservation and Parks (London)	Email Notice, Letter and Project Information Form	<p align="center">Monika Macki Regional Environmental Planner (REP) – Southwest Region Email: monika.macki@ontario.ca</p> <p align="center">Southwest Region Ministry Regional Office</p> <p>Email: eanotification.swregion@ontario.ca</p>	Mandatory Contact
Ministry of Citizenship and Multiculturalism	Email Notice and letter	<p align="center">Karla Barboza, Team Lead (A), Heritage</p> <p align="center">Heritage Program Unit Programs and Services Branch Ministry of Tourism, Culture and Sport 401 Bay Street, Suite 1700 Toronto ON M7A 0A7</p> <p>Email: karla.barboza@ontario.ca</p>	Potential impacts on cultural and archaeological resources
County of Bruce Planning & Development Department	Email Notice and letter	<p align="center">Planning Department Email: bcplwa@brucecounty.on.ca</p> <p align="center">Christine MacDonald – Chief Administrative Officer Cmacdonald@brucecounty.on.ca</p>	General Information and Implications for Long-Term Development
Saugeen Valley Conservation Authority	Email Notice and letter	<p align="center">Jason Dodds – Environmental Planning Technician Email: jdodds@svca.on.ca</p>	Potential Impact on Natural Features
Saugeen Valley Source Protection	Email Notice and letter	<p align="center">Carl Seider – Project Manager Email: c.seider@waterprotection.ca</p>	Impacts related to Source Water Protection.
Municipality of Kincardine	Email Notice and letter	<p align="center">Adam Weishar, C.E.T- Director of Infrastructure and Development Email: aweishar@kincardine.ca</p>	Proponent (copy)



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VIA EMAIL ONLY

May 2, 2024

Indigenous Community
(See Attached List)

**RE: Municipality of Kincardine
Municipal Class Environmental Assessment for Expansion
of the Tiverton Water Supply.**

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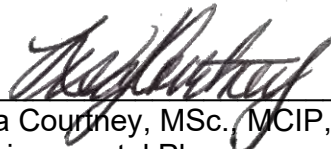
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Your community has been identified as possibly having an interest in this project and we are seeking your input. Please forward your response to our office by June 17, 2024. If you have any questions or require further information, please contact the undersigned at lucourtney@bmross.net or by phone at 1-888-524-2641.

Yours very truly

B. M. ROSS AND ASSOCIATES LIMITED

Per

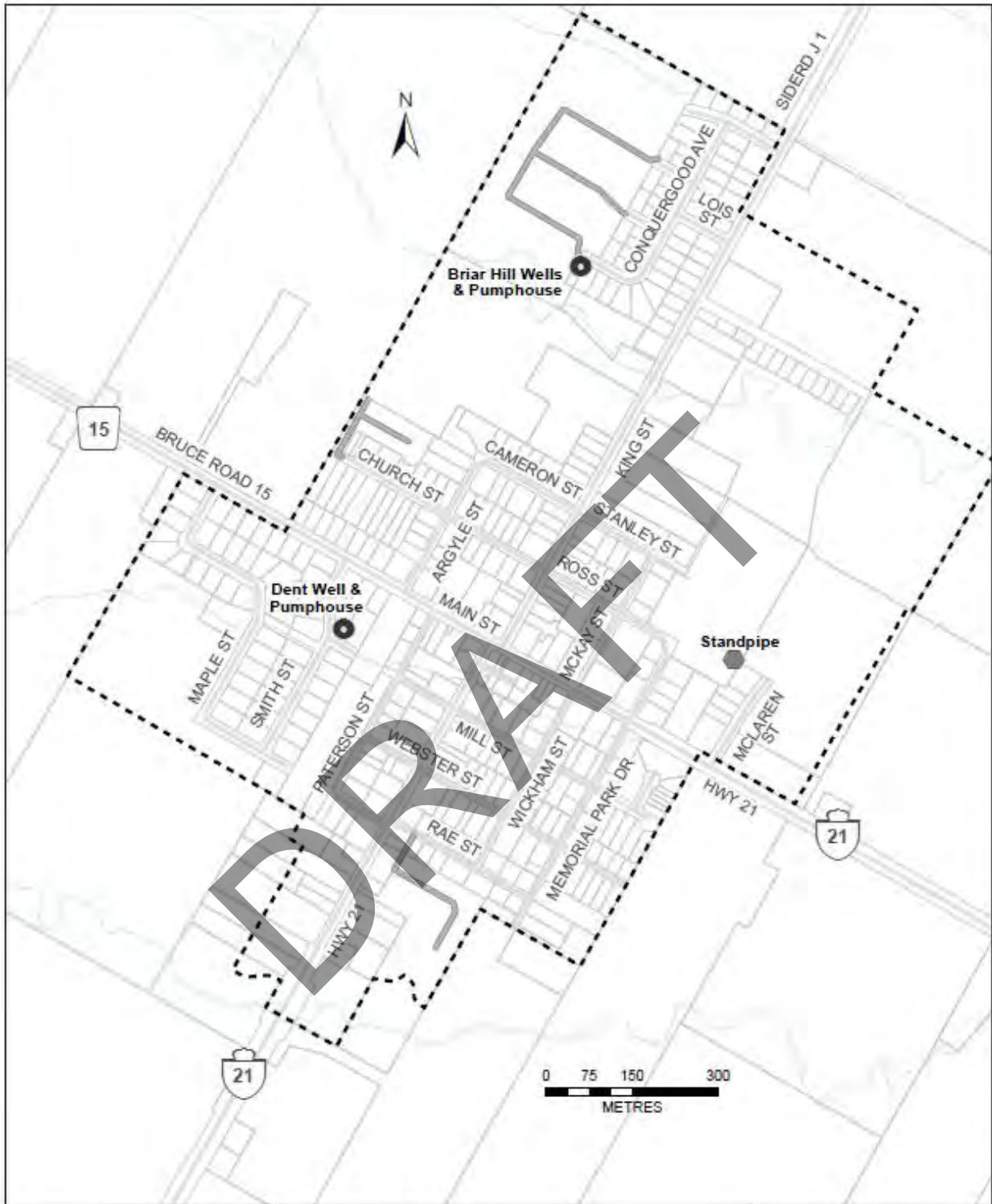



Lisa Courtney, MSc. MCIP, RPP
Environmental Planner

LJC:hv

cc. Adam Weishar, Municipality of Kincardine

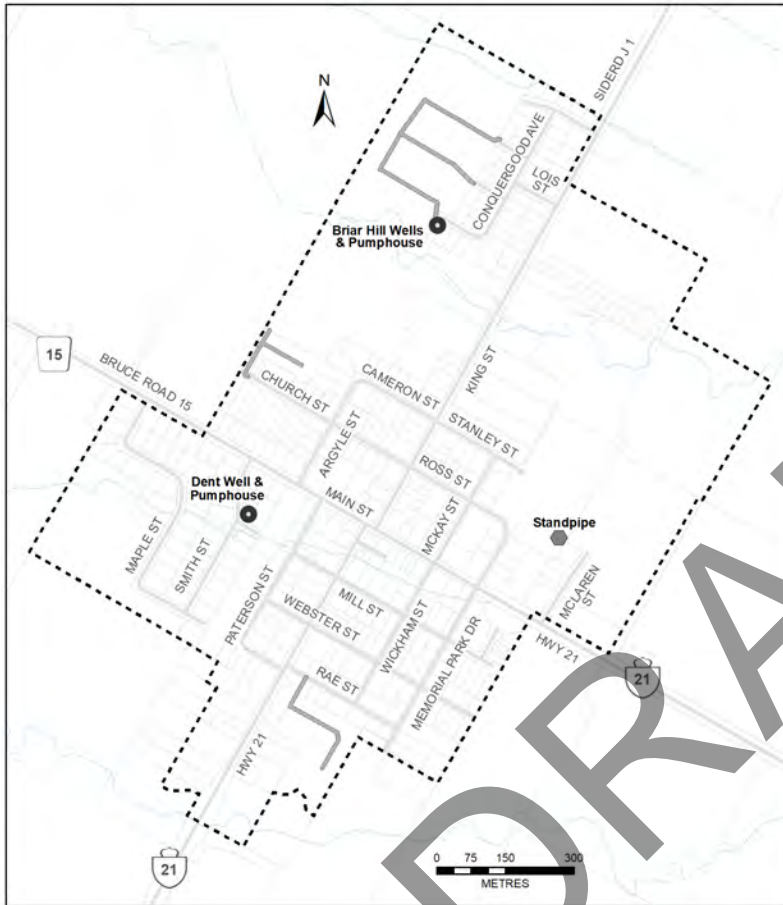
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			SCALE AS SHOWN	FIGURE No. XX

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For further information on this project, or to review the Municipal Class EA process, please contact the consulting engineers: B.M. Ross and Associates: 62 North Street, Goderich, Ontario, N7A 2T4. Telephone (519) 524-2641. Lisa Courtney, Environmental Planner (e-mail: lcourtney@bmross.net). Information will be collected in accordance with the Municipal Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act. With the exception of personal information, all comments will become part of the public record. If you have accessibility requirements in order to participate in this project, please contact one of the project team member listed above.

Adam Weishar, Director of Infrastructure and Development
Municipality of Kincardine

This Notice issued May 3, 2024

MUNICIPALITY OF KINCARDINE

MUNICIPAL CLASS ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT FOR EXPANSION OF THE TIVERTON WATER SUPPLY SYSTEM (Job No. 24014)

<u>COMMUNITY</u>	<u>CONTACT METHOD</u>	<u>ADDRESS & EMAIL</u>
Chippewas of Nawash Unceded First Nation	Email Notice and Letter	Chief Gregory Nadjiwon Email: Chief@nawash.ca Cc: chiefsdesk@nawash.ca Address: 135 Lakeshore Blvd. Neyaashiinigmiing, ON N0H 2T0
Chippewas of Saugeen First Nation	Email Notice and Letter	Chief Lester Anoquot Email: lanoquot@saugeenfirstnation.ca cc: sfn@saugeen.org Address: 6493 Highway 21, R.R. #1 Southampton, ON N0H 2L0
Saugeen Ojibway Nation (SON) – Chippewas of Saugeen & Chippewas of Nawash	Email Notice and Letter	Charlene Leonard- Resources & Infrastructure Manager Email: manager.ri@saugeenojibwaynation.ca , cc: execassist.ri@saugeenojibwaynation.ca Address: 25 Maadookii Subdivision Neyaashiinigmiing, ON N0H 2T0
Historic Saugeen Métis	Email Notice and Letter	Georgia McLay, Coordinator, Lands, Waters & Consultation hsmlrcc@bmts.com
Métis Nation of Ontario	Email Notice and Letter	consultations@metisnation.org
Great Lakes Métis Council	Email Notice and Letter	GLMC@metisnation.org

MUNICIPALITY OF KINCARDINE

MUNICIPAL CLASS ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT FOR EXPANSION OF THE TIVERTON WATER SUPPLY SYSTEM (Job No. 24014)

<u>COMMUNITY</u>	<u>CONTACT METHOD</u>	<u>ADDRESS & EMAIL</u>
Chippewas of Nawash Unceded First Nation	Email Notice and Letter	Chief Gregory Nadjiwon Email: Chief@nawash.ca Cc: chiefsdesk@nawash.ca Address: 135 Lakeshore Blvd. Neyaashiinigmiing, ON N0H 2T0
Chippewas of Saugeen First Nation	Email Notice and Letter	Chief Lester Anoquot Email: lanoquot@saugeenfirstnation.ca cc: sfn@saugeen.org Address: 6493 Highway 21, R.R. #1 Southampton, ON N0H 2L0
Saugeen Ojibway Nation (SON) – Chippewas of Saugeen & Chippewas of Nawash	Email Notice and Letter	Charlene Leonard- Resources & Infrastructure Manager Email: manager.ri@saugeenojibwaynation.ca , cc: execassist.ri@saugeenojibwaynation.ca Address: 25 Maadookii Subdivision Neyaashiinigmiing, ON N0H 2T0
Historic Saugeen Métis	Email Notice and Letter	Georgia McLay, Coordinator, Lands, Waters & Consultation hsmlrcc@bmts.com
Métis Nation of Ontario	Email Notice and Letter	consultations@metisnation.org
Great Lakes Métis Council	Email Notice and Letter	GLMC@metisnation.org

From: [Michael Oberle](#)
To: lcourtney@bmross.net
Subject: SVCA comments - Municipality of Kincardine Municipal Class EA for Expansion of the Tiverton Water Supply System
Date: May 6, 2024 10:17:58 AM
Attachments: [image001.png](#)
[24014-2024-05-02-SVCA Let.pdf](#)

Good morning Lisa Courtney,

This email is further to the email of below regarding the above referenced proposal. Thank you for including the Saugeen Valley Conservation Authority (SVCA) in your circulation. The SVCA does not have any specific comment to provide at this time, and the SVCA looks forward to working together with our municipal partners, where required, as this proposal progresses.

I trust that the above is helpful at this time. Any questions, please do not hesitate to ask.

Kind regards,

Mike

Michael Oberle

Environmental Planning Coordinator

Cell: 519-373-4175

1078 Bruce Road 12, PO Box 150, Formosa, ON N0G 1W0

m.oberle@svca.on.ca

https://link.edgepilot.com/s/d737569d/B7A4_UmRwUWmwHAABGpt5A?

[u=http://www.saugeenconservation.ca/](http://www.saugeenconservation.ca/)

From: Jason Dodds <j.dodds@svca.on.ca>

Sent: Friday, May 3, 2024 11:13 AM

To: Michael Oberle <m.oberle@SVCA.ON.CA>

Subject: FW: Municipality of Kincardine Municipal Class Environmental Assessment for Expansion of the Tiverton Water Supply System

Sincerely,

Jason Dodds

Environmental Planning Technician

Saugeen Valley Conservation Authority

1078 Bruce Road 12, PO Box 150, Formosa, ON N0G 1W0

Office:519-364-1255 ext: 275

Cell: 519-377-3406

Email: j.dodds@svca.on.ca

[https://link.edgepilot.com/s/d737569d/B7A4_UmRwUWmwHAABGpt5A?
u=http://www.saugeenconservation.ca/](https://link.edgepilot.com/s/d737569d/B7A4_UmRwUWmwHAABGpt5A?u=http://www.saugeenconservation.ca/)



From: Alex Jackman <ajackman@bmross.net>

Sent: Friday, May 3, 2024 11:11 AM

To: Jason Dodds <j.dodds@svca.on.ca>

Subject: Municipality of Kincardine Municipal Class Environmental Assessment for Expansion of the Tiverton Water Supply System

****[CAUTION]: This email originated from outside of the organization. Do not click on links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.**

Good morning/afternoon.

Please find attached, a letter and Notice of Commencement for the Municipality of Kincardine, Municipal Class Environmental Assessment for expansion of the Tiverton water supply system.

Please submit any initial questions and comments prior to **May 30th, 2024**, to Lisa Courtney (lcourtney@bmross.net) at B.M. Ross and Associates Limited, 62 North Street, Goderich ON N7A 2T4, (519)-524-2641.

Thanks, and cheers,

Alex Jackman, H.BEDP
B. M. Ross and Associates Limited
Engineers and Planners

62 North Street
Goderich, ON N7A 2T4

Phone: (519) 524-2641
ajackman@bmross.net
<https://link.edgepilot.com/s/81f5675e/N1wwCiMZEKgjAFq6hiBPAQ?u=http://www.bmross.net/>

PRIVACY DISCLAIMER: This e-mail (including any attachments) may contain confidential, proprietary, and privileged information and unauthorized disclosure or use is prohibited. If you received this e-mail in error, please notify the sender and delete this e-mail from your system. SAUGEEN VALLEY CONSERVATION AUTHORITY. Thank You!

DRAFT

Ministry of the Environment,
Conservation and Parks

Ministère de l'Environnement, de la
Protection de la nature et des Parcs



Environmental Assessment
Branch

Direction des évaluations
environnementales

7th Floor
135 St. Clair Avenue W
Toronto ON M4V 1P5
Tel.: 416 314-8001
Fax.: 416 314-8452

7ème étage
135, avenue St. Clair Ouest
Toronto ON M4V 1P5
Tél. : 416 314-8001
Télééc. : 416 314-8452

May 13, 2024

Lisa Courtney
BM Ross
lcourtney@bmross.net

BY EMAIL ONLY

Re: **Municipal Class Environmental Assessment for Expansion of the Tiverton Water Supply System
Municipality of Kincardine
Municipal Class Environmental Assessment, Schedule B
Acknowledgement of Notice of Commencement**

Dear Lisa,

This letter is in response to the Notice of Commencement for the above noted project. The Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP) acknowledges that the Municipality of Kincardine (proponent) has indicated that the study is following the approved environmental planning process for a Schedule B project under the Municipal Class Environmental Assessment (Class EA).

The **updated (August 2022)** attached "**Areas of Interest**" document provides guidance regarding the ministry's interests with respect to the Class EA process. Please address all areas of interest in the EA documentation at an appropriate level for the EA study. Proponents who address all the applicable areas of interest can minimize potential delays to the project schedule. Information is provided at the end of the Areas of Interest document relating to the Notice of Completion.

The Crown has a legal duty to consult Aboriginal communities when it has knowledge, real or constructive, of the existence or potential existence of an Aboriginal or treaty right and

contemplates conduct that may adversely impact that right. Before authorizing this project, the Crown must ensure that its duty to consult has been fulfilled, where such a duty is triggered. Although the duty to consult with Aboriginal peoples is a duty of the Crown, the Crown may delegate procedural aspects of this duty to project proponents while retaining oversight of the consultation process.

The proposed project may have the potential to affect Aboriginal or treaty rights protected under Section 35 of Canada's *Constitution Act* 1982. Where the Crown's duty to consult is triggered in relation to the proposed project, **the MECP is delegating the procedural aspects of rights-based consultation to the proponent through this letter.** The Crown intends to rely on the delegated consultation process in discharging its duty to consult and maintains the right to participate in the consultation process as it sees fit.

Based on information provided to date and the Crown's preliminary assessment the proponent is required to consult with the following communities who have been identified as potentially affected by the proposed project:

- Saugeen First Nation and the Chippewas of Nawash Unceded First Nation - these communities work together on consultation issues and are known collectively as the Saugeen Ojibway Nation. They have requested notices be sent to the Saugeen Ojibway Nation Environment Office with a copy to the Chief and Council of Saugeen First Nation and Chippewas of Nawash Unceded First Nation.
- Métis Nation of Ontario- Lands and Resources Dept, Region 7
 - MNO Georgian Bay Métis Council (please cc Métis Nation of Ontario (MNO) Lands, Resources and Consultations Branch)

Steps that the proponent may need to take in relation to Aboriginal consultation for the proposed project are outlined in the "[Code of Practice for Consultation in Ontario's Environmental Assessment Process](#)". Additional information related to Ontario's Environmental Assessment Act is available online at: www.ontario.ca/environmentalassessments.

Please also refer to the attached document "A Proponent's Introduction to the Delegation of Procedural Aspects of consultation with Aboriginal Communities" for further information, including the MECP's expectations for EA report documentation related to consultation with communities.

The proponent must contact the Director of Environmental Assessment Branch (EABDirector@ontario.ca) under the following circumstances after initial discussions with the communities identified by the MECP:

- Aboriginal or treaty rights impacts are identified to you by the communities;
- You have reason to believe that your proposed project may adversely affect an

- Aboriginal or treaty right;
- Consultation with Indigenous communities or other stakeholders has reached an impasse; or
 - A Section 16 Order request is expected based on impacts to Aboriginal or treaty rights

The MECP will then assess the extent of any Crown duty to consult for the circumstances and will consider whether additional steps should be taken, including what role you will be asked to play should additional steps and activities be required.

Please also ensure a copy of the Notice of Completion is sent to the ministry's Southwest Region EA notification email account (eanotification.swregion@ontario.ca) after the report and Notice of Completion is reviewed and finalized.

Should you or any members of your project team have any questions regarding the material above, please contact me at monika.macki@ontario.ca.

Sincerely,

Monika Macki

Monika Macki
Regional Environmental Planner –Southwest Region
Project Review Unit, Environmental Assessment Branch

Enclosed: Areas of Interest

Attached: Client's Guide to Preliminary Screening for Species at Risk

A Proponent's Introduction to the Delegation of Procedural Aspects of Consultation with Aboriginal Communities

AREAS OF INTEREST (v. August 2022)

It is suggested that you check off each section after you have considered / addressed it.

Planning and Policy

- Applicable plans and policies should be identified in the report, and the proponent should describe how the proposed project adheres to the relevant policies in these plans.
 - Projects located in MECP Central, Eastern or West Central Region may be subject to [A Place to Grow: Growth Plan for the Greater Golden Horseshoe \(2020\)](#).
 - Projects located in MECP Central or Eastern Region may be subject to the [Oak Ridges Moraine Conservation Plan \(2017\)](#) or the [Lake Simcoe Protection Plan \(2014\)](#).
 - Projects located in MECP Central, Southwest or West Central Region may be subject to the [Niagara Escarpment Plan \(2017\)](#).
 - Projects located in MECP Central, Eastern, Southwest or West Central Region may be subject to the [Greenbelt Plan \(2017\)](#).
 - Projects located in MECP Northern Region may be subject to the [Growth Plan for Northern Ontario \(2011\)](#).
- The [Provincial Policy Statement \(2020\)](#) contains policies that protect Ontario's natural heritage and water resources. Applicable policies should be referenced in the report, and the proponent should describe how the proposed project is consistent with these policies.
- In addition to the provincial planning and policy level, the report should also discuss the planning context at the municipal and federal levels, as appropriate.

Source Water Protection

The *Clean Water Act, 2006* (CWA) aims to protect existing and future sources of drinking water. To achieve this, several types of vulnerable areas have been delineated around surface water intakes and wellheads for every municipal residential drinking water system that is located in a source protection area. These vulnerable areas are known as a Wellhead Protection Areas (WHPAs) and surface water Intake Protection Zones (IPZs). Other vulnerable areas that have been delineated under the CWA include Highly Vulnerable Aquifers (HVAs), Significant Groundwater Recharge Areas (SGRAs), Event-based modelling areas (EBAs), and Issues Contributing Areas (ICAs). Source protection plans have been developed that include policies to address existing and future risks to sources of municipal drinking water within these vulnerable areas.

Projects that are subject to the Environmental Assessment Act that fall under a Class EA, or one of the Regulations, have the potential to impact sources of drinking water if they occur in designated vulnerable areas or in the vicinity of other at-risk drinking water systems (i.e. systems that are not municipal residential systems). MEA Class EA projects may include

activities that, if located in a vulnerable area, could be a threat to sources of drinking water (i.e. have the potential to adversely affect the quality or quantity of drinking water sources) and the activity could therefore be subject to policies in a source protection plan. Where an activity poses a risk to drinking water, policies in the local source protection plan may impact how or where that activity is undertaken. Policies may prohibit certain activities, or they may require risk management measures for these activities. Municipal Official Plans, planning decisions, Class EA projects (where the project includes an activity that is a threat to drinking water) and prescribed instruments must conform with policies that address significant risks to drinking water and must have regard for policies that address moderate or low risks.

- In October 2015, the MEA Parent Class EA document was amended to include reference to the Clean Water Act (Section A.2.10.6) and indicates that proponents undertaking a Municipal Class EA project must identify early in their process whether a project is or could potentially be occurring with a vulnerable area. **Given this requirement, please include a section in the report on source water protection.**
 - The proponent should identify the source protection area and should clearly document how the proximity of the project to sources of drinking water (municipal or other) and any delineated vulnerable areas was considered and assessed. Specifically, the report should discuss whether or not the project is located in a vulnerable area and provide applicable details about the area.
 - If located in a vulnerable area, proponents should document whether any project activities are prescribed drinking water threats and thus pose a risk to drinking water (this should be consulted on with the appropriate Source Protection Authority). Where an activity poses a risk to drinking water, the proponent must document and discuss in the report how the project adheres to or has regard to applicable policies in the local source protection plan. This section should then be used to inform and be reflected in other sections of the report, such as the identification of net positive/negative effects of alternatives, mitigation measures, evaluation of alternatives etc.
- While most source protection plans focused on including policies for significant drinking water threats in the WHPAs and IPZs it should be noted that even though source protection plan policies may not apply in HVAs, these are areas where aquifers are sensitive and at risk to impacts and within these areas, activities may impact the quality of sources of drinking water for systems other than municipal residential systems.
- In order to determine if this project is occurring within a vulnerable area, proponents can use [Source Protection Information Atlas](#), which is an online mapping tool available to the public. Note that various layers (including WHPAs, WHPA-Q1 and WHPA-Q2, IPZs, HVAs, SGRAs, EBAs, ICAs) can be turned on through the “Map Legend” bar on the left. The mapping tool will also provide a link to the appropriate source protection plan in order to identify what policies may be applicable in the vulnerable area.

- For further information on the maps or source protection plan policies which may relate to their project, proponents must contact the appropriate source protection authority. **Please consult with the local source protection authority to discuss potential impacts on drinking water. Please document the results of that consultation within the report and include all communication documents/correspondence.**

More Information

For more information on the *Clean Water Act*, source protection areas and plans, including specific information on the vulnerable areas and drinking water threats, please refer to [Conservation Ontario's website](#) where you will also find links to the local source protection plan/assessment report.

A list of the prescribed drinking water threats can be found in [section 1.1 of Ontario Regulation 287/07](#) made under the *Clean Water Act*. In addition to prescribed drinking water threats, some source protection plans may include policies to address additional "local" threat activities, as approved by the MECP.

Climate Change

The document "[Considering Climate Change in the Environmental Assessment Process](#)" (Guide) is part of the Environmental Assessment program's Guides and Codes of Practice. The Guide sets out the MECP's expectation for considering climate change in the preparation, execution and documentation of environmental assessment studies and processes. The guide provides examples, approaches, resources, and references to assist proponents with consideration of climate change in EA. Proponents should review this Guide in detail.

- **The MECP expects proponents of Class EA projects to:**
 1. Consider during the assessment of alternative solutions and alternative designs, the following:
 - a. the project's expected production of greenhouse gas emissions and impacts on carbon sinks (climate change mitigation); and
 - b. resilience or vulnerability of the undertaking to changing climatic conditions (climate change adaptation).
 2. Include a discrete section in the report detailing how climate change was considered in the EA.

How climate change is considered can be qualitative or quantitative in nature and should be scaled to the project's level of environmental effect. In all instances, both a project's impacts on climate change (mitigation) and impacts of climate change on a project (adaptation) should be considered.

- The MECP has also prepared another guide to support provincial land use planning direction related to the completion of energy and emission plans. The "[Community Emissions Reduction Planning: A Guide for Municipalities](#)" document is designed to educate stakeholders on the municipal opportunities to reduce energy and greenhouse gas emissions, and to provide guidance on methods and techniques to incorporate consideration of energy and greenhouse gas emissions into municipal activities of all types. We encourage you to review the Guide for information.

Air Quality, Dust and Noise

- If there are sensitive receptors in the surrounding area of this project, a quantitative air quality/odour impact assessment will be useful to evaluate alternatives, determine impacts and identify appropriate mitigation measures. The scope of the assessment can be determined based on the potential effects of the proposed alternatives, and typically includes source and receptor characterization and a quantification of local air quality impacts on the sensitive receptors and the environment in the study area. The assessment will compare to all applicable standards or guidelines for all contaminants of concern. **Please contact this office for further consultation on the level of Air Quality Impact Assessment required for this project if not already advised.**
- If a quantitative Air Quality Impact Assessment is not required for the project, the MECP expects that the report contain a qualitative assessment which includes:
 - A discussion of local air quality including existing activities/sources that significantly impact local air quality and how the project may impact existing conditions;
 - A discussion of the nearby sensitive receptors and the project's potential air quality impacts on present and future sensitive receptors;
 - A discussion of local air quality impacts that could arise from this project during both construction and operation; and
 - A discussion of potential mitigation measures.
- As a common practice, "air quality" should be used an evaluation criterion for all road projects.
- Dust and noise control measures should be addressed and included in the construction plans to ensure that nearby residential and other sensitive land uses within the study area are not adversely affected during construction activities.
- The MECP recommends that non-chloride dust-suppressants be applied. For a comprehensive list of fugitive dust prevention and control measures that could be applied, refer to [Cheminfo Services Inc. Best Practices for the Reduction of Air Emissions from Construction and Demolition Activities](#) report prepared for Environment Canada. March 2005.

- The report should consider the potential impacts of increased noise levels during the operation of the completed project. The proponent should explore all potential measures to mitigate significant noise impacts during the assessment of alternatives.

Ecosystem Protection and Restoration

- Any impacts to ecosystem form and function must be avoided where possible. The report should describe any proposed mitigation measures and how project planning will protect and enhance the local ecosystem.
- Natural heritage and hydrologic features should be identified and described in detail to assess potential impacts and to develop appropriate mitigation measures. The following sensitive environmental features may be located within or adjacent to the study area:
 - Key Natural Heritage Features: Habitat of endangered species and threatened species, fish habitat, wetlands, areas of natural and scientific interest (ANSIs), significant valleylands, significant woodlands; significant wildlife habitat (including habitat of special concern species); sand barrens, savannahs, and tallgrass prairies; and alvars.
 - Key Hydrologic Features: Permanent streams, intermittent streams, inland lakes and their littoral zones, seepage areas and springs, and wetlands.
 - Other natural heritage features and areas such as: vegetation communities, rare species of flora or fauna, Environmentally Sensitive Areas, Environmentally Sensitive Policy Areas, federal and provincial parks and conservation reserves, Greenland systems etc.

We recommend consulting with the Ministry of Natural Resources and Forestry (MNRF), Fisheries and Oceans Canada (DFO) and your local conservation authority to determine if special measures or additional studies will be necessary to preserve and protect these sensitive features. In addition, for projects located in Central Region you may consider the provisions of the Rouge Park Management Plan if applicable.

Species at Risk

- The Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks has now assumed responsibility of Ontario's Species at Risk program. Information, standards, guidelines, reference materials and technical resources to assist you are found at <https://www.ontario.ca/page/species-risk>.
- The Client's Guide to Preliminary Screening for Species at Risk (Draft May 2019) has been attached to the covering email for your reference and use. Please review this document for next steps.

- For any questions related to subsequent permit requirements, please contact SAROntario@ontario.ca.

Surface Water

- The report must include enough information to demonstrate that there will be no negative impacts on the natural features or ecological functions of any watercourses within the study area. Measures should be included in the planning and design process to ensure that any impacts to watercourses from construction or operational activities (e.g. spills, erosion, pollution) are mitigated as part of the proposed undertaking.
- Additional stormwater runoff from new pavement can impact receiving watercourses and flood conditions. Quality and quantity control measures to treat stormwater runoff should be considered for all new impervious areas and, where possible, existing surfaces. The ministry's [Stormwater Management Planning and Design Manual \(2003\)](#) should be referenced in the report and utilized when designing stormwater control methods. **A Stormwater Management Plan should be prepared as part of the Class EA process** that includes:
 - Strategies to address potential water quantity and erosion impacts related to stormwater draining into streams or other sensitive environmental features, and to ensure that adequate (enhanced) water quality is maintained
 - Watershed information, drainage conditions, and other relevant background information
 - Future drainage conditions, stormwater management options, information on erosion and sediment control during construction, and other details of the proposed works
 - Information on maintenance and monitoring commitments.
- Ontario Regulation 60/08 under the *Ontario Water Resources Act* (OWRA) applies to the Lake Simcoe Basin, which encompasses Lake Simcoe and the lands from which surface water drains into Lake Simcoe. If a proposed sewage treatment plant is listed in Table 1 of the regulation, the report should describe how the proposed project and its mitigation measures are consistent with the requirements of this regulation and the OWRA.
- Any potential approval requirements for surface water taking or discharge should be identified in the report. A Permit to Take Water (PTTW) under the OWRA will be required for any water takings that exceed 50,000 L/day, except for certain water taking activities that have been prescribed by the Water Taking EASR Regulation – *O. Reg. 63/16*. These prescribed water-taking activities require registration in the EASR instead of a PTTW. Please review the [Water Taking User Guide for EASR](#) for more information. Additionally, an

Environmental Compliance Approval under the OWRA is required for municipal stormwater management works.

Groundwater

- The status of, and potential impacts to any well water supplies should be addressed. If the project involves groundwater takings or changes to drainage patterns, the quantity and quality of groundwater may be affected due to drawdown effects or the redirection of existing contamination flows. In addition, project activities may infringe on existing wells such that they must be reconstructed or sealed and abandoned. Appropriate information to define existing groundwater conditions should be included in the report.
- If the potential construction or decommissioning of water wells is identified as an issue, the report should refer to Ontario Regulation 903, Wells, under the OWRA.
- Potential impacts to groundwater-dependent natural features should be addressed. Any changes to groundwater flow or quality from groundwater taking may interfere with the ecological processes of streams, wetlands or other surficial features. In addition, discharging contaminated or high volumes of groundwater to these features may have direct impacts on their function. Any potential effects should be identified, and appropriate mitigation measures should be recommended. The level of detail required will be dependent on the significance of the potential impacts.
- Any potential approval requirements for groundwater taking or discharge should be identified in the report. A Permit to Take Water (PTTW) under the OWRA will be required for any water takings that exceed 50,000 L/day, with the exception of certain water taking activities that have been prescribed by the Water Taking EASR Regulation – *O. Reg. 63/16*. These prescribed water-taking activities require registration in the EASR instead of a PTTW. Please review the [Water Taking User Guide for EASR](#) for more information.
- Consultation with the railroad authorities is necessary wherever there is a plan to use construction dewatering in the vicinity of railroad lines or where the zone of influence of the construction dewatering potentially intercepts railroad lines.

Excess Materials Management

- In December 2019, MECP released a new regulation under the Environmental Protection Act, titled “On-Site and Excess Soil Management” (O. Reg. 406/19) to support improved management of excess construction soil. This regulation is a key step to support proper management of excess soils, ensuring valuable resources don’t go to waste and to provide clear rules on managing and reusing excess soil. New risk-based standards referenced by

this regulation help to facilitate local beneficial reuse which in turn will reduce greenhouse gas emissions from soil transportation, while ensuring strong protection of human health and the environment. The new regulation is being phased in over time, with the first phase in effect on January 1, 2021. For more information, please visit <https://www.ontario.ca/page/handling-excess-soil>.

- The report should reference that activities involving the management of excess soil should be completed in accordance with O. Reg. 406/19 and the MECP's current guidance document titled "[Management of Excess Soil – A Guide for Best Management Practices](#)" (2014).
- All waste generated during construction must be disposed of in accordance with ministry requirements.

Contaminated Sites

- Any current or historical waste disposal sites should be identified in the report. The status of these sites should be determined to confirm whether approval pursuant to Section 46 of the EPA may be required for land uses on former disposal sites. We recommend referring to the [MECP's D-4 guideline](#) for land use considerations near landfills and dumps.
 - Resources available may include regional/local municipal official plans and data; provincial data on [large landfill sites](#) and [small landfill sites](#); Environmental Compliance Approval information for waste disposal sites on [Access Environment](#).
- Other known contaminated sites (local, provincial, federal) in the study area should also be identified in the report (Note – information on federal contaminated sites is found on the Government of Canada's [website](#)).
- The location of any underground storage tanks should be investigated in the report. Measures should be identified to ensure the integrity of these tanks and to ensure an appropriate response in the event of a spill. The ministry's Spills Action Centre must be contacted in such an event.
- Since the removal or movement of soils may be required, appropriate tests to determine contaminant levels from previous land uses or dumping should be undertaken. If the soils are contaminated, you must determine how and where they are to be disposed of, consistent with *Part XV.1 of the Environmental Protection Act* (EPA) and Ontario Regulation 153/04, Records of Site Condition, which details the new requirements related to site assessment and clean up. Please contact the appropriate MECP District Office for further consultation if contaminated sites are present.

Servicing, Utilities and Facilities

- The report should identify any above or underground utilities in the study area such as transmission lines, telephone/internet, oil/gas etc. The owners should be consulted to discuss impacts to this infrastructure, including potential spills.
- The report should identify any servicing infrastructure in the study area such as wastewater, water, stormwater that may potentially be impacted by the project.
- Any facility that releases emissions to the atmosphere, discharges contaminants to ground or surface water, provides potable water supplies, or stores, transports or disposes of waste must have an Environmental Compliance Approval (ECA) before it can operate lawfully. Please consult with MECP's Environmental Permissions Branch to determine whether a new or amended ECA will be required for any proposed infrastructure.
- We recommend referring to the ministry's [environmental land use planning guides](#) to ensure that any potential land use conflicts are considered when planning for any infrastructure or facilities related to wastewater, pipelines, landfills or industrial uses.

Mitigation and Monitoring

- Contractors must be made aware of all environmental considerations so that all environmental standards and commitments for both construction and operation are met. Mitigation measures should be clearly referenced in the report and regularly monitored during the construction stage of the project. In addition, we encourage proponents to conduct post-construction monitoring to ensure all mitigation measures have been effective and are functioning properly.
- Design and construction reports and plans should be based on a best management approach that centres on the prevention of impacts, protection of the existing environment, and opportunities for rehabilitation and enhancement of any impacted areas.
- The proponent's construction and post-construction monitoring plans must be documented in the report, as outlined in Section A.2.5 and A.4.1 of the MEA Class EA parent document.

Consultation

- The report must demonstrate how the consultation provisions of the Class EA have been fulfilled, including documentation of all stakeholder consultation efforts undertaken during the planning process. This includes a discussion in the report that identifies concerns that were raised and **describes how they have been addressed by the proponent** throughout

the planning process. The report should also include copies of comments submitted on the project by interested stakeholders, and the proponent's responses to these comments (as directed by the Class EA to include full documentation).

- Please include the full stakeholder distribution/consultation list in the documentation.

Class EA Process

- If this project is a Master Plan: there are several different approaches that can be used to conduct a Master Plan, examples of which are outlined in Appendix 4 of the Class EA. **The Master Plan should clearly indicate the selected approach for conducting the plan**, by identifying whether the levels of assessment, consultation and documentation are sufficient to fulfill the requirements for Schedule B or C projects. Please note that any Schedule B or C projects identified in the plan would be subject to Section 16 Order Requests under the Environmental Assessment Act, although the plan itself would not be. **Please include a description of the approach being undertaken (use Appendix 4 as a reference).**
- If this project is a Master Plan: Any identified projects should also include information on the MCEA schedule associated with the project.
- The report should provide clear and complete documentation of the planning process in order to allow for transparency in decision-making.
- The Class EA requires the consideration of the effects of each alternative on all aspects of the environment (including planning, natural, social, cultural, economic, technical). The report should include a level of detail (e.g. hydrogeological investigations, terrestrial and aquatic assessments, cultural heritage assessments) such that all potential impacts can be identified, and appropriate mitigation measures can be developed. Any supporting studies conducted during the Class EA process should be referenced and included as part of the report.
- Please include in the report a list of all subsequent permits or approvals that may be required for the implementation of the preferred alternative, including but not limited to, MECP's PTTW, EASR Registrations and ECAs, conservation authority permits, species at risk permits, MTO permits and approvals under the *Impact Assessment Act*, 2019.
- Ministry guidelines and other information related to the issues above are available at <http://www.ontario.ca/environment-and-energy/environment-and-energy>. We encourage you to review all the available guides and to reference any relevant information in the report.

Notice of Completion

Once the EA Report is finalized, the proponent must issue a Notice of Completion providing a minimum 30-day period during which documentation may be reviewed and comment and input can be submitted to the proponent. The Notice of Completion must be sent to the appropriate MECP Regional Office email address.

The public can request a higher level of assessment on a project if they are concerned about potential adverse impacts to constitutionally protected Aboriginal and treaty rights. In addition, the Minister may issue an order on his or her own initiative within a specified time period. The Director (of the Environmental Assessment Branch) will issue a Notice of Proposed Order to the proponent if the Minister is considering an order for the project within 30 days after the conclusion of the comment period on the Notice of Completion. At this time, the Director may request additional information from the proponent. Once the requested information has been received, the Minister will have 30 days within which to make a decision or impose conditions on your project.

Therefore, the proponent cannot proceed with the project until at least 30 days after the end of the comment period provided for in the Notice of Completion. Further, the proponent may not proceed after this time if:

- a Section 16 Order request has been submitted to the ministry regarding potential adverse impacts to constitutionally protected Aboriginal and treaty rights, or
- the Director has issued a Notice of Proposed order regarding the project.

Please ensure that the Notice of Completion advises that outstanding concerns are to be directed to the proponent for a response, and that in the event there are outstanding concerns regarding potential adverse impacts to constitutionally protected Aboriginal and treaty rights, Section 16 Order requests on those matters should be addressed in writing to:

Minister of the Environment, Conservation and Parks

777 Bay Street, 5th Floor
Toronto ON M7A 2J3
minister.mecp@ontario.ca

and

Director, Environmental Assessment Branch
Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks
135 St. Clair Ave. W, 1st Floor
Toronto ON, M4V 1P5
EABDirector@ontario.ca

**Ministry of Citizenship
and Multiculturalism**

Heritage Planning Unit
Heritage Branch
Citizenship, Inclusion and
Heritage Division
5th Flr, 400 University Ave
Tel.: 613.242.3743

**Ministère des Affaires civiques
et du Multiculturalisme**

Unité de la planification relative au
patrimoine
Direction du patrimoine
Division des affaires civiques, de
l'inclusion et du patrimoine
Tél.: 613.242.3743



May 27, 2024

EMAIL ONLY

Lisa Courtney
B.M. Ross and Associates Limited
62 North Street,
Goderich ON N7A 2T4
lcourtney@bmross.net

MCM File : 0021630
Proponent : Municipality of Kincardine
Subject : Municipal Class Environmental Assessment – Schedule B – Notice
of Commencement
Project : Environmental Assessment for Expansion of the
Tiverton Water Supply System
Location : Municipality of Kincardine

Dear Lisa Courtney:

Thank you for providing the Ministry of Citizenship and Multiculturalism (MCM) with the Notice of Commencement for the above-referenced project.

MCM's interest in this project relates to its mandate of conserving Ontario's cultural heritage, which includes:

- archaeological resources, including land and marine;
- built heritage resources, including bridges and monuments; and
- cultural heritage landscapes.

Under the EA process, the proponent is required to determine a project's potential impact on known (previously recognized) and potential cultural heritage resources.

Project Summary

The Municipality of Kincardine is initiating a Municipal Class Environmental Assessment (MCEA) process to investigate increasing the supply capacity of the drinking water system within the community of Tiverton. The planning for this project follows the environmental screening process set out for Schedule B activities under the MCEA process.

Identifying Cultural Heritage Resources

While some cultural heritage resources may have already been formally identified, others may be identified through screening and evaluation.

Archaeological Resources

This EA project may impact archaeological resources and should be screened using the Ministry's [Criteria for Evaluating Archaeological Potential](#) to determine if an archaeological assessment is needed. MCM archaeological sites data are available at archaeology@ontario.ca.

If the EA project area exhibits archaeological potential, then an archaeological assessment (AA) shall be undertaken by an archaeologist licenced under the *Ontario Heritage Act (OHA)*, who is responsible for submitting the report directly to MCM for review.

Built Heritage Resources and Cultural Heritage Landscapes

The Ministry's [Criteria for Evaluating Potential for Built Heritage Resources and Cultural Heritage Landscapes](#) should be completed to help determine whether this EA project may impact known or potential built heritage resources and/or cultural heritage landscapes.

If there is potential for built heritage resources and/or cultural heritage landscapes within the project area, then a Cultural Heritage Report: Existing Conditions and Preliminary Impact Assessment should be undertaken for the entire study area during the planning phase and will be summarized in the EA Report. This study will:

1. Describe the existing baseline cultural heritage conditions within the study area by identifying all known or potential built heritage resources and cultural heritage landscapes, including a historical summary of the study area. The Ministry has developed a screening checklist that may assist with this exercise: [Criteria for Evaluating for Potential Built Heritage Resources and Cultural Heritage Landscapes](#).
2. Identify preliminary potential project-specific impacts on the known and potential built heritage resources and cultural heritage landscapes that have been identified. The report should include a description of the anticipated impact to each known or potential built heritage resource or cultural heritage landscape that has been identified.
3. Recommend measures to avoid or mitigate potential negative impacts to known or potential built heritage resources and cultural heritage landscapes. The proposed mitigation measures are to inform the next steps of project planning and design.

Given that this project covers a large study area, MCM recommends that the Cultural Heritage Report is carried out so that step 1 described above is undertaken early in the planning process. Then, steps 2 and 3 can be undertaken once the preferred alternatives have been selected.

Cultural Heritage Reports will be undertaken by a qualified person who has expertise, recent experience, and knowledge relevant to the type of cultural heritage resources being considered and the nature of the activity being proposed.

Community input should be sought to identify locally recognized and potential cultural heritage resources. Sources include, but are not limited to, municipal heritage committees, historical societies and other local heritage organizations.

Cultural heritage resources are often of critical importance to Indigenous communities. Indigenous communities may have knowledge that can contribute to the identification of cultural heritage resources, and we suggest that any engagement with Indigenous communities includes a discussion about known or potential cultural heritage resources that are of value to them.

Environmental Assessment Reporting

All technical cultural heritage studies and their recommendations are to be addressed and incorporated into EA projects. Please advise MCM whether any technical cultural heritage studies will be completed for this EA project, and provide them to MCM before issuing a Notice of Completion or commencing any work on the site. If screening has identified no known or potential cultural heritage resources, or no impacts to these resources, please include the completed checklists and supporting documentation in the EA report or file.

Thank you for consulting MCM on this project and please continue to do so throughout the EA process. If you have any questions or require clarification, please do not hesitate to contact me.

Sincerely,

Joseph Harvey
Heritage Planner
joseph.harvey@Ontario.ca

Copied to: Alex Jackman, B. M. Ross and Associates Limited

DRAFT

It is the sole responsibility of proponents to ensure that any information and documentation submitted as part of their EA report or file is accurate. The Ministry of Citizenship and Multiculturalism (MCM) makes no representation or warranty as to the completeness, accuracy or quality of the any checklists, reports or supporting documentation submitted as part of the EA process, and in no way shall MCM be liable for any harm, damages, costs, expenses, losses, claims or actions that may result if any checklists, reports or supporting documents are discovered to be inaccurate, incomplete, misleading or fraudulent.

Should previously undocumented archaeological resources be discovered, they may be a new archaeological site and therefore subject to Section 48(1) of the *Ontario Heritage Act*. The proponent or person discovering the archaeological resources must cease alteration of the site immediately and engage a licensed consultant archaeologist to carry out an archaeological assessment, in compliance with Section 48(1) of the *Ontario Heritage Act*.

The *Funeral, Burial and Cremation Services Act, 2002, S.O. 2002, c.33* requires that any person discovering human remains must cease all activities immediately and notify the police or coroner. If the coroner does not suspect foul play in the disposition of the remains, in accordance with *Ontario Regulation 30/11* the coroner shall notify the Registrar, Ontario Ministry of Public and Business Service Delivery, which administers provisions of that Act related to burial sites. In situations where human remains are associated with archaeological resources, the Ministry of Citizenship and Multiculturalism should also be notified (at archaeology@ontario.ca) to ensure that the archaeological site is not subject to unlicensed alterations which would be a contravention of the *Ontario Heritage Act*.

From: [Amber Debassige](#)
To: [Lisa Courtney](#)
Cc: manager.ri@saugeenobjibwaynation.ca; [Natalie Kuipers](#); [Kove Sartor](#)
Subject: Re: 24014 Tiverton Water Supply - Archaeology
Date: May 29, 2024 2:02:07 PM
Attachments: [Category 3+4+5+Aggregate SON Consultation Application Form \(1\) \(1\).pdf](#)

Good afternoon Lisa,

Please see attached Consultation Application Form for 24014 Tiverton Water Supply - Archaeology.

If you have any questions please feel free to contact me.

Thank you,

On Wed, May 29, 2024 at 1:36 PM Lisa Courtney <lcourtney@bmross.net> wrote:

Hello Charlene and Amber,

We are working on a Municipal Class Environmental Assessment for the Municipality of Kincardine looking at options for expanding the capacity of the drinking water system for Tiverton. One of the options is connecting Tiverton to the lakeshore system, via a watermain connection from Inverhuron to Tiverton. This would involve the construction of a water booster pumping station at Inverhuron. From our preliminary work, a likely site for this water pumping station is the municipally-owned land at the corner of Bruce Road 15 and Albert Road (please see the attached map).

The Municipality has hired Timmins-Martelle Heritage Consultants to undertake the advanced Stage 1-2 Archaeological Assessment. The area of the property by the road is clear of trees and that's where we would be looking to put the station and avoid disturbing the densely wooded area to the north. Timmins-Martelle is looking to do the on-site field work hopefully on June 17 and 18th (weather permitting). If SON would like to participate in the on-site field work, I can coordinate getting that arranged between the Timmins-Martelle and the Municipality, and similarly, if SON wishes to establish an agreement for peer reviews, similar to what we had for the Scott Point Well project, I can coordinate getting that to the Municipality as well.

If there are any questions or if you need anything from us, please let me know.

Thanks and cheers,

Lisa J. Courtney, M.Sc. RPP, MCIP

B. M. Ross and Associates Limited

Engineers and Planners

62 North Street

Goderich, ON N7A 2T4

Office: (519) 524-2641

lcourtney@bmross.net

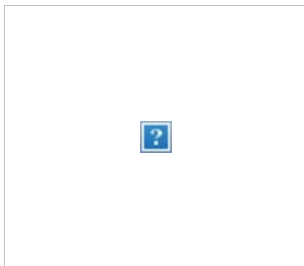
<https://link.edgепilot.com/s/1b759c9b/RCR7hOnDEkGajsXzFpwQEQ?u=http://www.bmross.net/>

--

Amber Debassige

Executive Assistant to Resources and Infrastructure

519-534-5507 (Office)



10129 Hwy 6 Georgian Bluffs

Ontario, N0H 2T0

saugeenojibwaynation.ca

DRAFT

From: [Amanda Parks](#)
To: [SON Archaeology](#)
Cc: [Lisa Courtney](#)
Subject: RE: 24014 Tiverton Water Supply - Archaeology 24014
Date: September 4, 2024 2:56:40 PM
Attachments: [image002.png](#)
[image004.png](#)
[image005.jpg](#)
[image006.jpg](#)
[image007.png](#)
[image008.png](#)
[image009.jpg](#)

Hi Kove,

Thank you so much for taking the time to review and provide comment on the report!

Amanda



Amanda Parks, MA, P450
(she/her)
Manager - Environmental
Assessments
aparks@tmhc.ca
(519) 671-8698

TMHC Inc.
1108 Dundas Street, Unit 105
London, ON | N5W 3A7
[https://link.edgepilot.com/s/efa27a31/PsdZ4Cdc_UynpB65j69MYA?
u=http://www.tmhc.ca/](https://link.edgepilot.com/s/efa27a31/PsdZ4Cdc_UynpB65j69MYA?u=http://www.tmhc.ca/)
519-641-7222

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From: SON Archaeology <archaeology@saugeenojibwaynation.ca>
Sent: September 4, 2024 2:55 PM
To: Amanda Parks <aparks@tmhc.ca>
Subject: Re: 24014 Tiverton Water Supply - Archaeology 24014

Good afternoon Amanda,

SON Archaeology has reviewed the report and has found no concerns.

Miigwech,

Kove Sartor
SON Archaeology Department
Resource & Infrastructure Department



10129 Hwy 6
Georgian Bluffs, ON
N0H 2T0
saugeenojibwaynation.ca

On Wed, Sep 4, 2024 at 9:17 AM Amanda Parks <aparks@tmhc.ca> wrote:

Hi Kove and Rob,

I was just wondering if you have had an opportunity to review the Stage 1-2 archaeological report for this project? If you have any questions about the content please let me know.

Thanks,
Amanda



Amanda Parks, MA, P450
(she/her)
Manager - Environmental
Assessments
aparks@tmhc.ca
(519) 671-8698

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1108 Dundas Street, Unit 105
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[https://link.edgepilot.com/s/efa27a31/PsdZ4Cdc_UynpB65j69MYA?
u=http://www.tmhc.ca/](https://link.edgepilot.com/s/efa27a31/PsdZ4Cdc_UynpB65j69MYA?u=http://www.tmhc.ca/)
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From: Amanda Parks
Sent: July 24, 2024 12:02 PM
To: SON Archaeology <archaeology@saugeenonijibwaynation.ca>
Cc: Lisa Courtney <lcourtney@bmross.net>
Subject: RE: 24014 Tiverton Water Supply - Archaeology 24014

Hello Kove and Rob,

We have finished drafting the Stage 1-2 report for this project and have attached a copy of it here for your review. If you have any questions, comments, or concerns, please let me know. We ask that you please provide comment by August 23, 2024.

Thank you!
Amanda



Amanda Parks, MA, P450
(she/her)
Manager - Environmental
Assessments
aparks@tmhc.ca
(519) 671-8698

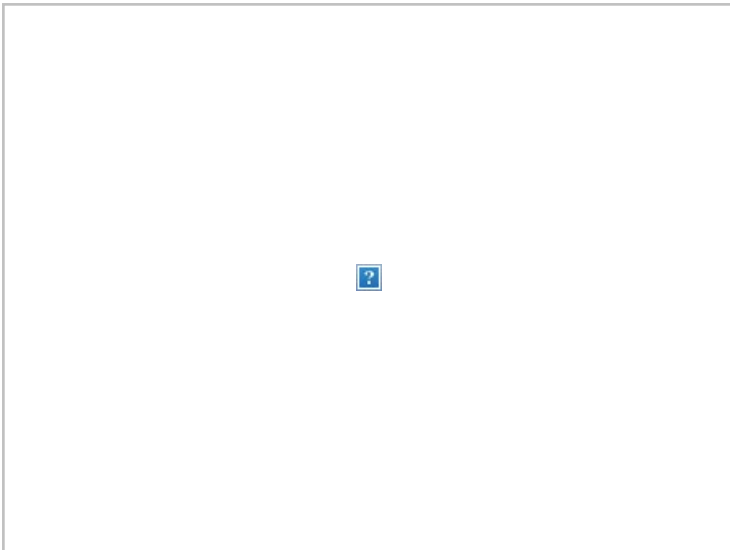
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u=http://www.tmhc.ca/](https://link.edgepilot.com/s/efa27a31/PsdZ4Cdc_UynpB65j69MYA?u=http://www.tmhc.ca/)
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From: Lisa Courtney <lcourtney@bmross.net>
Sent: June 19, 2024 10:31 AM
To: Amanda Parks <aparks@tmhc.ca>; SON Archaeology <archaeology@saugeenonijibwaynation.ca>
Cc: Natalie Kuipers <gis@saugeenonijibwaynation.ca>
Subject: RE: 24014 Tiverton Water Supply - Archaeology 24014

Hi all,

At this time, I don't have anything more formal as we are just getting started with the EA for this project. The EA is going to evaluate the option to put a water booster pumping station at the study area site in order to extend water supply to Tiverton from the Kincardine Drinking Water System (which also services Inverhuron). The booster pumping station, if identified as the preferred solution, would be sited close to the road and existing watermain and probably will end up looking something like this:



Please let me know if there are any follow-up questions.

Thanks and cheers,

Lisa J. Courtney, M.Sc. RPP, MCIP
B. M. Ross and Associates Limited
Engineers and Planners
62 North Street
Goderich, ON N7A 2T4

Office: (519) 524-2641
lcourtney@bmross.net
<https://link.edgepilot.com/s/937c2bb1/A38QKK2fgEacMOyWfy-y3g?u=http://www.bmross.net/>

From: Amanda Parks <aparks@tmhc.ca>
Sent: Wednesday, June 19, 2024 9:59 AM
To: SON Archaeology <archaeology@saugeenojibwaynation.ca>; Lisa Courtney <lcourtney@bmross.net>
Cc: Natalie Kuipers <gis@saugeenojibwaynation.ca>
Subject: RE: 24014 Tiverton Water Supply - Archaeology 24014

Hi Kove,

Do you mean a development plan? Currently we just have a study area outline (attached).

[@Lisa Courtney](#), do you have anything more formal you could pass along to SON at this point in time?

Thanks,
Amanda

TMHC logo



Amanda Parks, MA, P450
(she/her)
Manager - Environmental
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aparks@tmhc.ca
(519) 671-8698

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From: SON Archaeology <archaeology@saugeenajibwaynation.ca>
Sent: June 19, 2024 9:48 AM
To: Amanda Parks <aparks@tmhc.ca>
Cc: Lisa Courtney <lcourtney@bmross.net>; Natalie Kuipers <gis@saugeenajibwaynation.ca>
Subject: Re: 24014 Tiverton Water Supply - Archaeology 24014

Good morning Amanda,

Could you provide me with the work plan TMHC has for this project?

Miigwech,

Kove Sartor
SON Archaeology Department
Resource & Infrastructure Department



10129 Hwy 6
Georgian Bluffs, ON
N0H 2T0
saugeenajibwaynation.ca

On Mon, Jun 17, 2024 at 12:35 PM Amanda Parks <aparks@tmhc.ca> wrote:

Great news, thanks Natalie!

Just one small adjustment – **the crew is now planning on arriving at 9am on Wednesday**. Looks like it is still going to be hot out so we'd like to try and get there earlier in the day than initially planned.

Thanks!
Amanda



Amanda Parks, MA, P450
(she/her)
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aparks@tmhc.ca
(519) 671-8698

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From: SON Archaeology <archaeology@saugeenajibwaynation.ca>
Sent: June 17, 2024 10:49 AM
To: Amanda Parks <aparks@tmhc.ca>
Cc: Lisa Courtney <lcourtney@bmross.net>; Natalie Kuipers <gis@saugeenajibwaynation.ca>
Subject: Re: 24014 Tiverton Water Supply - Archaeology 24014

Amazing, thanks so much!

Rob will be there and I will forward the details to him now.

Miigwetch,

Natalie

SON Archaeology Department
Resource & Infrastructure Department



10129 Hwy 6
Georgian Bluffs, ON
N0H 2T0
saugeenobjibwaynation.ca

On Mon, Jun 17, 2024 at 10:39 AM Amanda Parks <aparks@tmhc.ca> wrote:

Hi Natalie,

Yes, so sorry for any confusion! I just confirmed that we can move forward with the assessment this Wednesday June 19 and Thursday June 20th. I've updated the project details below.

Start Date: [Wednesday June 19](#)

of days anticipated for fieldwork: [2 days](#)

Start time: [10:00am on Wednesday, 8:00am on Thursday](#)

Consultant Company: [TMHC](#)

Field Director(s) and Cell Phone(s): [Sean Graziano \(519-282-0541 \(w\)\)](#)

Fieldwork Coordinator: [Jonathan Freeman \(519-282-9025\)](#)

Stage of Fieldwork: [Stage 1-2](#)

Required PPE: [Work boots, gloves, and high vis gear](#). Please also bring eye protection; Also note there are reports of [poison ivy on the property](#), I can see if we have extra gear for protection if that is of interest. We will also have a [washing kit available](#)

Meeting Location Address: [3194 Bruce Road 15, Kincardine](#); Parking PIN:

https://link.edgepilot.com/s/632ef817/f94cjVfjmE_6OUTZhux3YA?u=https://maps.app.goo.gl/Lyrc6DdK6nEHykXp6

(see attached map)

Size of Field Crew: [8](#)

Thanks again!

Amanda



Amanda Parks, MA, P450
(she/her)
Manager - Environmental
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aparks@tmhc.ca
(519) 671-8698

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London, ON | N5W 3A7

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From: SON Archaeology <archaeology@saugeenojibwaynation.ca>
Sent: June 17, 2024 10:32 AM
To: Amanda Parks <aparks@tmhc.ca>
Cc: Lisa Courtney <lucourtney@bmross.net>; Natalie Kuipers <gis@saugeenojibwaynation.ca>
Subject: Re: 24014 Tiverton Water Supply - Archaeology 24014

Good morning Amanda,

Our apologies for missing the response to you last week - very unfortunate.

From my conversation with Rob, it sounds like fieldwork will be moved to next week, is that correct? We do have availability Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday of this week (18th, 19th, and 20th). or later next week (26th and 27th).

Please let me know if any of those dates would work for your schedule.

Miigwetch,

Natalie Kuipers

SON Archaeology Department
Resource & Infrastructure Department



10129 Hwy 6
Georgian Bluffs, ON
N0H 2T0
saugeenojibwaynation.ca

On Fri, Jun 14, 2024 at 9:46 AM Amanda Parks <aparks@tmhc.ca> wrote:

Hi Kove,

I was just hoping to follow up on this email - do you have a monitor available to participate in this assessment on Monday and Tuesday next week or shall we postpone the fieldwork to a later date?

Thank you and please let me know if you have any questions.
Amanda



Amanda Parks, MA, P450
(she/her)
Manager - Environmental
Assessments
aparks@tmhc.ca
(519) 671-8698

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<https://link.edgepilot.com/s/50560068/NLKcMa5mrUCiUO1de-VmFQ?u=http://www.tmhc.ca/>
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From: Amanda Parks
Sent: June 13, 2024 10:15 AM
To: Lisa Courtney <lcourtney@bmross.net>; SON Archaeology <archaeology@saugeenobjwaynation.ca>
Subject: RE: 24014 Tiverton Water Supply - Archaeology 24014

Hi again Kove,

Apologies, I hit send prematurely! I had intended to include some additional information. Currently the work is scheduled for June 17th and 18th, however we can certainly push back the start date to later in the week if that is of interest to you.

Project details are as follows:

Start Date: [Monday June 17](#)
of days anticipated for fieldwork: [2 days](#)
Start time: [10:00am on Monday, 8:00am on Tuesday](#)
Consultant Company: [TMHC](#)
Field Director(s) and Cell Phone(s): [Sean Graziano \(519-282-0541 \(w\)\)](#)
Fieldwork Coordinator: [Jonathan Freeman \(519-282-9025\)](#)
Stage of Fieldwork: [Stage 1-2](#)
Required PPE: [Work boots, gloves, and high vis gear. Please also bring eye protection; Also note there are reports of poison ivy on the property, I can see if we have extra gear for protection if that is of interest. We will also have a washing kit available](#)
Meeting Location Address: [3194 Bruce Road 15, Kincardine; Parking PIN: \[https://link.edgepilot.com/s/632ef817/f94cjVfjmE_6OUTZhux3YA?u=https://maps.app.goo.gl/Lyrc6Ddk6nEHykXp6\]\(https://link.edgepilot.com/s/632ef817/f94cjVfjmE_6OUTZhux3YA?u=https://maps.app.goo.gl/Lyrc6Ddk6nEHykXp6\) \(see attached map\)](#)
Size of Field Crew: [8](#)

As always, if you have any questions just let me know. Just let me know if you prefer we push back the start date.

Thanks!
Amanda



Amanda Parks, MA, P450
(she/her)
Manager - Environmental Assessments
aparks@tmhc.ca
(519) 671-8698

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From: Amanda Parks
Sent: June 13, 2024 9:53 AM
To: Lisa Courtney <lcourtney@bmross.net>; SON Archaeology <archaeology@saugeenobjwaynation.ca>
Subject: RE: 24014 Tiverton Water Supply - Archaeology 24014

Hi Kove,

I hope you are doing well!

The work is planned for two field days. It is currently in the schedule for June 17th and June 18th



Amanda Parks, MA, P450
(she/her)
Manager - Environmental
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aparks@tmhc.ca
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From: Lisa Courtney <lcourtney@bmross.net>

Sent: June 13, 2024 9:50 AM

To: SON Archaeology <archaeology@saugeenonijibwaynation.ca>; Amanda Parks <aparks@tmhc.ca>

Subject: RE: 24014 Tiverton Water Supply - Archaeology 24014

Morning Kove,

I've added Amanda at Timmins-Martelle to this email. Amanda, could you let Kove know how many days of fieldwork is expected?

Thanks all,

*Lisa J. Courtney, M.Sc. RPP, MCIP
B. M. Ross and Associates Limited
Engineers and Planners
62 North Street
Goderich, ON N7A 2T4*

Office: (519) 524-2641

lcourtney@bmross.net

<https://link.edgepilot.com/s/4910cdd5/iNkvNHTc00GEkN7jdvGXyA?u=http://www.bmross.net/>

From: SON Archaeology <archaeology@saugeenonijibwaynation.ca>

Sent: Thursday, June 13, 2024 9:47 AM

To: Lisa Courtney <lcourtney@bmross.net>

Subject: Re: 24014 Tiverton Water Supply - Archaeology 24014

Good morning Lisa,

Do you know how many days this fieldwork will take?

Miigwech,

Kove Sartor
SON Archaeology Department
Resource & Infrastructure Department



10129 Hwy 6
Georgian Bluffs, ON
NOH 2T0
saugeenojibwaynation.ca

On Thu, Jun 13, 2024 at 9:43 AM Lisa Courtney <lcourtney@bmross.net> wrote:

Good morning Amber,
Hope all is well. Our archaeological consultants (Timmins-Martelle) were hoping to do the field work for this project the week of June 17th. We can push this back if more time to coordinate is needed. Please let me know and I'll pass that along to Timmins-Martelle and Kincardine staff.

Thanks and cheers,

Lisa J. Courtney, M.Sc. RPP, MCIP
B. M. Ross and Associates Limited
Engineers and Planners
62 North Street
Goderich, ON N7A 2T4

Office: (519) 524-2641
lcourtney@bmross.net
<https://link.edgepilot.com/s/ffc3a6b2/OqGp51WtGFaeHSdTSyOvbg?u=http://www.bmross.net/>

From: Amber Debassige <execassist.ri@saugeenojibwaynation.ca>
Sent: Wednesday, May 29, 2024 2:01 PM
To: Lisa Courtney <lcourtney@bmross.net>
Cc: manager.ri@saugeenojibwaynation.ca; Natalie Kuipers <gis@saugeenojibwaynation.ca>; Kove Sartor <archaeology@saugeenojibwaynation.ca>
Subject: Re: 24014 Tiverton Water Supply - Archaeology

Good afternoon Lisa,

Please see attached Consultation Application Form for 24014 Tiverton Water Supply - Archaeology.
If you have any questions please feel free to contact me.

Thank you,

On Wed, May 29, 2024 at 1:36 PM Lisa Courtney <lcourtney@bmross.net> wrote:

Hello Charlene and Amber,
We are working on a Municipal Class Environmental Assessment for the Municipality of Kincardine looking at options for expanding the capacity of the drinking water system for Tiverton. One of the options is connecting Tiverton to the lakeshore system, via a watermain connection from Inverhuron to Tiverton. This would involve the construction of a water booster pumping station at Inverhuron. From our preliminary work, a likely site for this water pumping station is the municipally-owned land at the corner of Bruce Road 15 and Albert Road (please see the attached map).

The Municipality has hired Timmins-Martelle Heritage Consultants to undertake the advanced Stage 1-2 Archaeological Assessment. The area of the property by the road is clear of trees and that's where we would be looking to put the station and avoid disturbing the densely wooded area to the north. Timmins-Martelle is looking to do the on-site field work hopefully on June 17 and 18th (weather permitting). If SON would like to participate in the on-site field work, I can coordinate getting that arranged between the Timmins-Martelle and the Municipality, and similarly, if SON wishes to establish an agreement for peer reviews, similar to what we had for the Scott Point Well project, I can coordinate getting that to the Municipality as well.

If there are any questions or if you need anything from us, please let me know.
Thanks and cheers,

Lisa J. Courtney, M.Sc. RPP, MCIP
B. M. Ross and Associates Limited
Engineers and Planners
62 North Street
Goderich, ON N7A 2T4

Office: (519) 524-2641
lcourtney@bmross.net
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--
Amber Debassige
Executive Assistant to Resources and Infrastructure
519-534-5507 (Office)



10129 Hwy 6 Georgian Bluffs
Ontario, N0H 2T0
saugeenojibwaynation.ca

From: [Coordinator LRC HSM](#)
To: lcourtney@bmross.net
Subject: Notice of Commencement - Municipal Class EA for Tiverton Water Supply
Date: July 25, 2024 1:07:06 PM
Attachments: [PastedGraphic-5.png](#)

Good Afternoon Lisa,

My apologies for the incredibly late reply to the Notice of EA circulated on May 5th, 2024 for the Tiverton Water Supply. I just wanted to follow up and confirm that HSM has no comments or concerns regarding this project. HSM wishes to be kept informed of any future updates on the project.

Thank you for the opportunity to engage and consult on this project.

Regards,

Georgia Lumley

Coordinator, Lands, Waters & Consultation
Historic Saugeen Métis
204 High Street
Southampton, ON
saugeenmetis.com
519.483.4000



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DRAFT

From: [Coordinator LRC HSM](#)
To: [Lisa Courtney](#)
Subject: Re: Notice of Commencement - Municipal Class EA for Tiverton Water Supply
Date: August 12, 2024 11:34:56 AM
Attachments: [PastedGraphic-5.png](#)

Thanks for sending that along, Lisa!

Regards,

Georgia Lumley

Coordinator, Lands, Waters & Consultation
Historic Saugeen Métis
204 High Street
Southampton, ON
saugeenmetis.com
519.483.4000



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On Aug 6, 2024, at 1:07 PM, Lisa Courtney <lcourtney@bmross.net> wrote:

Hi Georgina,

Hope you had a nice long weekend. Please find attached the draft Stage 1-2 Archaeological Assessment completed by Timmins-Martelle for our potential site for a water booster pumping station in Inverhuron. If you have any questions or comments, please let me know.

Thanks and cheers,

Lisa J. Courtney, M.Sc. RPP, MCIP
B. M. Ross and Associates Limited
Engineers and Planners
62 North Street
Goderich, ON N7A 2T4

Office: (519) 524-2641
lcourtney@bmross.net
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[u=http://www.bmross.net/](http://www.bmross.net/)

From: Coordinator LRC HSM <hsmlrcc@bmts.com>
Sent: Thursday, July 25, 2024 1:07 PM
To: lcourtney@bmross.net

Subject: Notice of Commencement - Municipal Class EA for Tiverton Water Supply

Good Afternoon Lisa,

My apologies for the incredibly late reply to the Notice of EA circulated on May 5th, 2024 for the Tiverton Water Supply. I just wanted to follow up and confirm that HSM has no comments or concerns regarding this project. HSM wishes to be kept informed of any future updates on the project.

Thank you for the opportunity to engage and consult on this project.

Regards,

Georgia Lumley

Coordinator, Lands, Waters & Consultation
Historic Saugeen Métis
204 High Street
Southampton, ON
saugeenmetis.com
519.483.4000

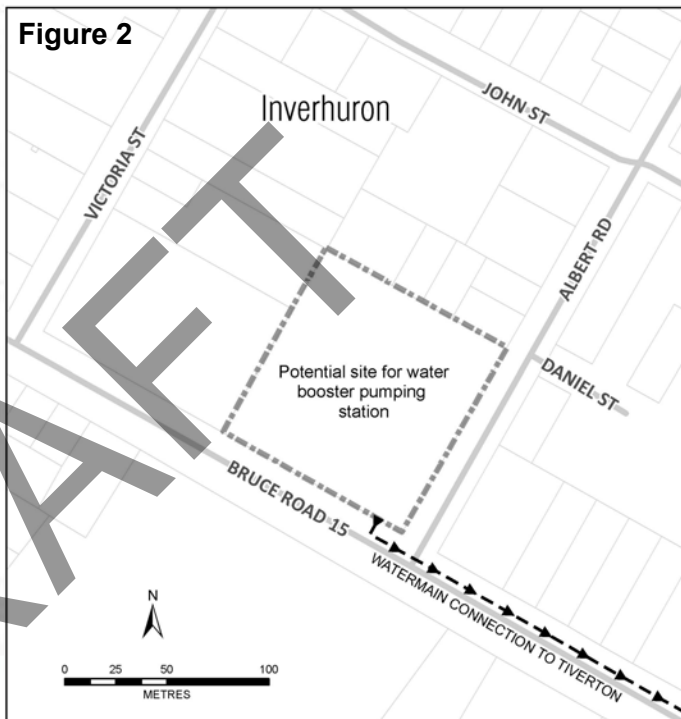
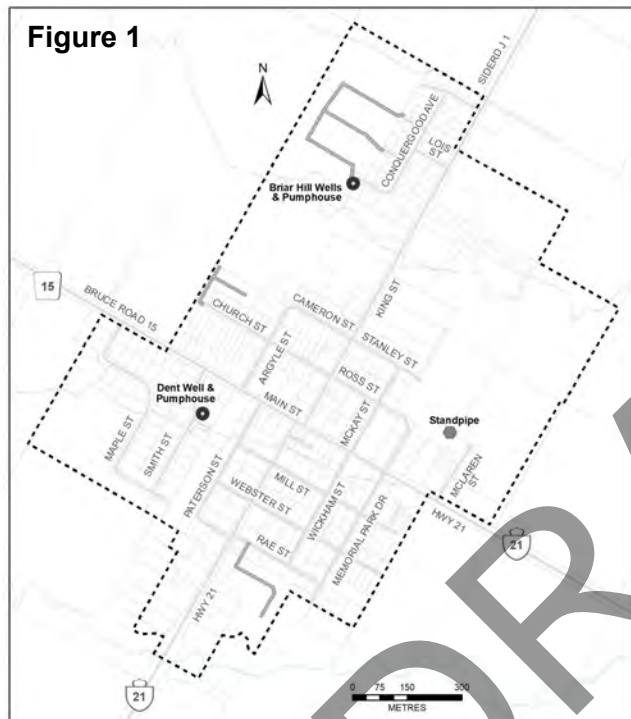
<image001.png>

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<2024-195 Tiverton Water Supply Stage 1-2 Report_Draft.pdf>

NOTICE OF PUBLIC INFORMATION CENTRE

THE PROJECT: The Municipality of Kincardine has initiated a Municipal Class Environmental Assessment (MCEA) process to investigate increasing the supply capacity of the drinking water system within the community of Tiverton. The options being evaluated include additional groundwater wells in Tiverton (Figure 1) or connecting to the Kincardine Drinking Water System via a booster pumping station located at 3194 Bruce Road 15 in Inverhuron and watermain connection along Bruce Road 15 (see Figure 2).



THE ENVIRONMENTAL SCREENING PROCESS: This project is being investigated following the MCEA process set out for Schedule 'B' activities. The purpose of the MCEA is to evaluate solutions related to infrastructure needs and follow a logical and defined decision-making process. The process incorporates the evaluation of alternative solutions, potential environmental impacts, consultation and identifies how impacts may be mitigated.

PUBLIC INVOLVEMENT: Public consultation is a key component of this study, and an in-person Public Information Centre is scheduled. This meeting will provide details on the alternative solutions investigated and preliminary evaluations regarding additional water supply for Tiverton. This meeting will also provide an opportunity for members of the public to ask questions and provide comments on the project. Details of the meeting are as follows:

Date & Time: Wednesday, Oct. 30, 2024. 3 PM - 5 PM and 6 - 8 PM with presentations at 4 PM & 7 PM.

Place: Underwood Community Centre (1240 Concession 6, Underwood)

For further information regarding the MCEA process or this project, please contact Lisa Courtney, Environmental Planner at B. M. Ross and Associates (email: lcourtney@bmross.net or 1-888-524-2541). Under the Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act and the Environmental Assessment Act, unless otherwise stated in the submission, any personal information such as name, address, telephone number and property location included in a submission will become part of the public record files for this matter and may be released, if requested, to any person.



Municipal Class Environmental Assessment for Expansion of the Tiverton Water Supply System

PUBLIC INFORMATION CENTRE

OCTOBER 30TH, 2024



1

Agenda

1. Review of Tiverton Drinking Water System
2. Identified Issues
3. Municipal Class Environmental Assessment (MCEA) Process
4. Phase 1 – Identification of the Problem/Opportunity
5. Phase 2 – Identify Alternative Solutions
6. Phase 2 – Evaluate Alternative Solutions
7. Preliminary Preferred Solution
8. Evaluate Impacts
9. Questions and Comments



2

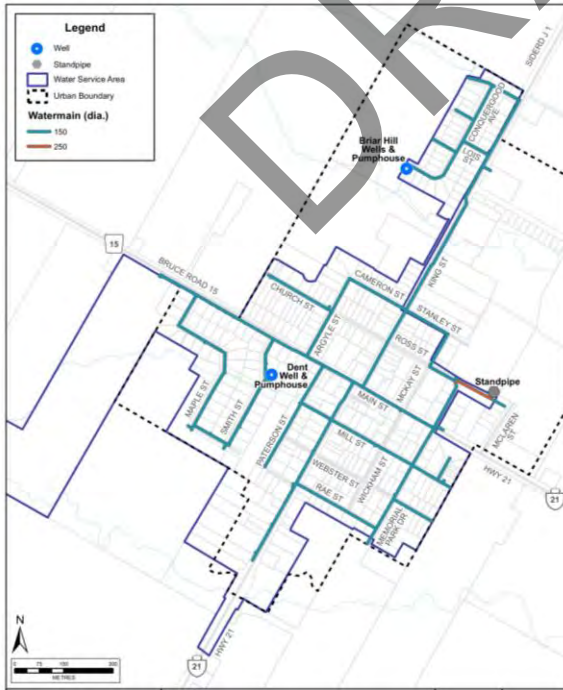


Tiverton Drinking Water System

3

- ▶ System operates under Drinking Water Works Permit (DWWP) No. 088-204, Municipal Drinking Water License (MDWL) No. 088-104, and Permit to Take Water (PTTW) No. 4486-D4KJLT.
- ▶ System supplied by three (3) groundwater wells, drilled in 1971, 2003 and 2006. The Briar Hill well site (36 Conquergood Ave.) has two wells and the Dent well site (6 Smith St.) has one well.
 - ▶ At each well site there is a pumphouse containing flow metering, iron and manganese sequestering system, sodium hypochlorite system for primary and secondary disinfection, and a standby generator.
- ▶ Approximately 7.9 km of watermain and approximately 372 connections servicing approximately 717 persons as of 2021.
- ▶ PTTW limits takings to 775 m³/day.

3



Tiverton Drinking Water System

4

4

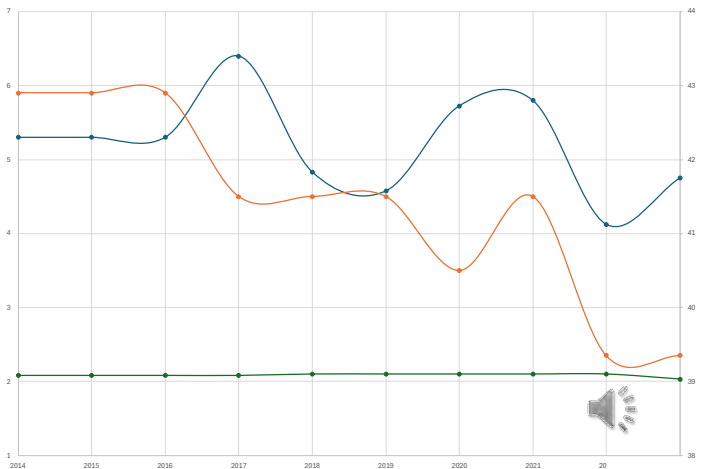
2023 Water & Wastewater Master Plan Findings (Tiverton Water System)

- ▶ Current maximum demand = 616 m³/day or 1.66 m³/day per customer.
 - ▶ Commitments for future development = 424 m³/day for 256 Equivalent Residential Units (ERU).
 - ▶ Uncommitted Reserve Capacity = Total Capacity – Current Demands – Commitments.
 - ▶ Uncommitted Reserve Capacity = 775 m³/day – 616 m³/day – 424 m³/day
= - 265 m³/day or -160 ERU
- The system is therefore, overcommitted in terms of water supply.
- ▶ Master Plan recommended an EA to look at options to increase water supply capacity.



Other Issues

- ▶ Condition of the Briar Hill well
 - ▶ Casing of the well is deteriorating and could fail.
 - ▶ Mechanical and electrical equipment at the site is reaching end of useful life.
- ▶ Concerns regarding water quality
 - ▶ Ontario Drinking Water Standards
 - ▶ Arsenic – 10 ug/L (values above half this require increased sampling frequency)
 - ▶ Fluoride – 1.5 mg/L
 - ▶ Safe Drinking Water Act requires notice to Medical Officer of Health for sodium above 20 mg/L



Current Issues

7



The system lacks adequate reserve capacity in terms of supply of raw water.



Population growth will increase water needs.



Condition of well casing, electrical and mechanical equipment at end of life, potential to improve water quality & mitigate risks.



To address these issues, the Municipality of Kincardine has initiated a Municipal Class Environmental Assessment.



7

Municipal Class Environmental Assessments (MCEA)

8

- ▶ The MCEA is the planning and approval process for municipal road, **water**, wastewater and stormwater projects.
- ▶ Municipalities must follow the MCEA process to meet the requirements of the Environmental Assessment Act.
- ▶ The MCEA process includes:
 - ▶ Consultation
 - ▶ Consideration of alternative solutions
 - ▶ Identifying impacts of the alternative solutions
 - ▶ Documenting the decision-making process.



8

MCEA Process

Schedule B EAs must complete Phase 1 and 2



Schedule C EAs must complete all the phases

MCEA Phase 1 – Define the Problem or Opportunity

The 2023 Water and Wastewater Master Plan identified the Tiverton Drinking Water System (DWS) is overcommitted and additional supply capacity is required to support future growth.



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Phase 2 – Identify Alternative Solutions

1. Expand existing or construct new groundwater supply.
2. Construct a connection to the Kincardine DWS at Inverhuron.
3. Reduce demands/limit community growth.
4. Do nothing.



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Alternative 1: Expand Existing or Construct New Groundwater Supply

- ▶ Ability to use/expand existing wells limited
 - ▶ Review of existing wells found little potential to re-rate existing wells.
 - ▶ Concerns with condition of Briar Hill well casing, condition of wellhouse equipment.
- ▶ New Well(s)
 - ▶ Expect similar water quality – mineralized with potential for elevated total dissolved solids, sulphate, iron and sodium. Arsenic and fluoride may be present.
 - ▶ Information from other wells indicates a 54% chance of a meaningful yield for municipal use (i.e. rate above 200 L/min). Multiple test sites can be expected.
 - ▶ Previous testing data indicates it is probable that two additional, properly-spaced well fields (i.e. spaced >700 m apart) could be required, and should be more than 350 m away from the existing wells.
 - ▶ Need to set back from existing domestic and commercial wells within the area.
- ▶ Need to maintain/rehabilitate existing well sites in conjunction with new sites.



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Siting new wells

- ▶ Recommended at least 350 m distance between existing wells to avoid well inference



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Alternative 1 - Costs

- ▶ Maintaining a groundwater based supply will require reconstruction of the Briar Hill treatment/electrical building and replacement of the 1971 well - \$3,600,000
- ▶ Construction of new additional well site – assume equal to Briar Hill reconstruction at \$3,600,000 but:
 - ▶ Likely need two additional well sites
 - ▶ Costs will vary if additional treatment equipment needed, additional watermain to connect to system, land acquisition.

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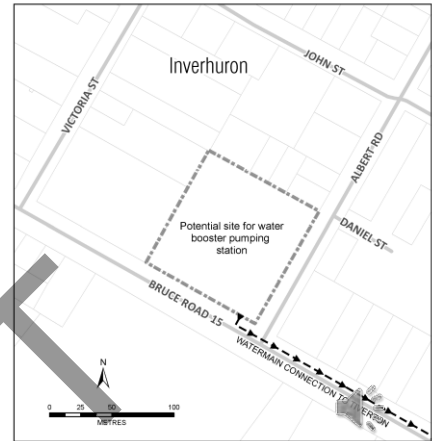
Alternative 2: Construct a connection to the Kincardine DWS at Inverhuron

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This alternative involves:

- Constructing a Water Booster Pumping Station (BPS)
- Constructing a watermain extension on Bruce Road 15

Site identified for new BPS at 3194 Bruce Rd 15



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Alternative 2: Pressure Requirements

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- ▶ MECP Design Guidelines for Drinking-Water Systems – 2008
 - ▶ Minimum 140 kPa under maximum day demand + fire flow
 - ▶ Normal pressure target of 350 to 480 kPa, and not less than 275 kPa
 - ▶ Maximum pressure should not exceed 700 kPa; where it does, provide pressure reducing devices on services
- ▶ Approximately 2 km of main with pressures above 700 kPa

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Alternatives 3 and 4

- ▶ 3. Reduce demands/ limit community growth
 - ▶ Does not address need due to development commitments.
 - ▶ Not considered practical or feasible.
- ▶ 4. Do Nothing
 - ▶ Does not address the need for additional supply capacity. However, this alternative is always considered through the EA process for comparison and in case the other alternatives cannot be implemented.

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Evaluation of Alternatives

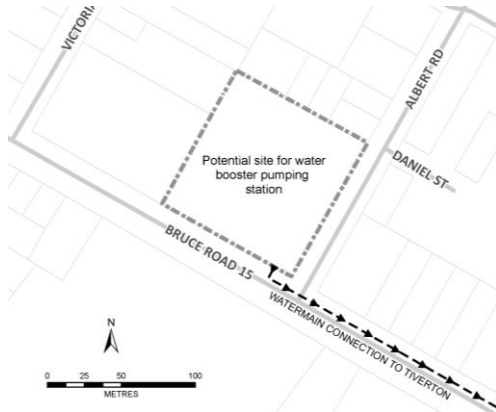
18

Alternative	Advantages	Disadvantages	Preferred?
Alternative 1 – Expand Wells or New Wells	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Make use of some existing infrastructure. • Opportunity to defer some costs associated with expansion (i.e. initially construct 1 additional well site, wait to construct another). 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Little potential to re-rate existing wells. • Probable need acquire 2 new well sites. • Potential for mineralized water & ongoing treatment needs. • May require arsenic treatment process for existing & future wells. • Will need to upgrade/replace infrastructure at existing well sites. • Expanded/new source water protection areas. • Overall cost (initial + long term). 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • No
Alternative 2 – Connect to Kincardine DWS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sufficient supply to support growth. • Connection available at Inverhuron. • Eliminates need for arsenic treatment, upgrading/replacing existing well equipment. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Loss of portion of park site. • Utilizes some capacity from Kincardine DWS, making it unavailable for other potential future customers. • Initial cost. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Yes
Alternative 4 – Do Nothing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Low cost 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Does not address problem. • Will still need to address equipment needs (well casing, electrical, mechanical). 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • No

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Potential Site for Booster Pump Station

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Site Layout Option 1

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Site Layout Option 2



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Preliminary Evaluation of Potential Impacts

Criteria	Potential Impact	Potential Mitigation Measures
Natural	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Vegetation and tree removal for construct BPS at some locations within Park. Limited wildlife habitat present. No adjacent water features at the site. Allows for decommissioning of groundwater wells (eliminates transport pathways). 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Locate the BPS in the cleared area of Park.
Social	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Adjacent properties may experience noise and traffic impacts during the construction period. Access to site may be limited during construction. Will support future growth in Tiverton. Change in water taste and chemistry compared to groundwater. Loss of a portion of the Park land. Eliminate Source Water Protection areas around existing wells & avoid areas for new wells. Generator will have noise impacts when operating during emergency situations. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Localized construction-related impacts will be limited to the construction period. Limited noise or traffic impacts when in operation.
Cultural	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Archeological Screening Stage 1 and 2 completed. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No archeological resources were discovered.
Economic	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Capital costs associated with construction. Probable that long-term operating & maintenance costs are lower than multiple well sites. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Grant funding could reduce costs. Future growth could contribute through Development Charges.
Technical	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Will provide reserve capacity in the Tiverton DWS. Sufficient capacity for long-term growth. Will increase system resiliency for increased water use associated with climate change related drought conditions. Addresses issues with well casing, other equipment, and eliminates potential need for arsenic treatment process. Less mineralized water is less corrosive to distribution equipment, household plumbing. 	



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Probable Project Costs

- ▶ Probable costs:
 - ▶ Booster Pumping Station: \$2,200,000
 - ▶ Trunk Watermain: \$2,600,000
 - ▶ Design and Approvals: \$275,000
 - ▶ Contract Administration: \$335,000
- ▶ Estimated total cost: \$5,410,000
- ▶ Portion of project costs attributable to future growth could be recovered through Development Charges.



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Next Steps

- ▶ Review feedback and incorporate feedback received at PIC.
- ▶ Prepare Screening Report.
- ▶ Present draft Screening Report with preferred solution to Council.
- ▶ Finalize Screening Report and issue Notice of Completion.
- ▶ Design Phase:
 - ▶ Finalize location at site.
- ▶ Apply for Approvals.
- ▶ Construction (estimated start mid to late 2025).



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Questions and Comments

Further questions or comments can be submitted to:
Lisa Courtney, B. M. Ross and Associates
lcourtney@bmross.net or 519-524-2641



DRAFT

From: [REDACTED]
To: lcourtney@bmross.net
Subject: INVERHURON PUMP STATION SITE PLANNING
Date: October 30, 2024 10:42:26 PM

Good evening or AM Lisa

Once again I want to thank you and your colleagues for the evident hard work you did in preparing such a comprehensive presentation of the issues and options.

As I indicated, our interest is in ensuring we have input into the placement of the pump station as our park site map will need to incorporate this item.

We've previously held very positive discussions with Adam Weishar and look forward to working with your team and Adam.

I need to mention and do so in order to avoid any confusion, that our nonprofit corporation received on Aug 14th 2024 consent to enter into discussions re structuring a partnership agreement with the municipality in order to develop and manage the Inverhuron Upper Park. We expect to have a signed copy of the arrangement by year end and a letter to that effect to your office.

We will of course claim domain over any and all developments in the park which includes negotiations with your team as to the best placement of the pump house for all concerned. As I stated, we've previously had this discussion with Mr. Weishar.

We understand other parties may have opinions re the placement of the pump house and prefer to have those opinions expressed to our committee for obvious reasons. I hope this keeps your team out of our politics.

Should you require further information Lisa, I am sure Jayne Jagelewski, Director of Community Services would be happy to assist you.

Thank you again Lisa and look forward to working with you and your team.

As promised, my contact info is below.

Sincerely

[REDACTED]
Director
Inverhuron Non-Profit Park Development Corporation
cc. Directors

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

Calgary T2S 1Z3

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DRAFT